

Hike Database



December 1, 2012 (Rev. 1)

Table of Contents

| | |
|---|-----|
| GENERAL INFORMATION | 1 |
| HIKE RATINGS, PACE AND ELEVATION CHANGE | 3 |
| SPECIAL CONDITIONS..... | 5 |
| GLOSSARY | 7 |
| HIKE DESCRIPTIONS | 9 |
| A..... | 9 |
| B..... | 29 |
| C..... | 36 |
| D..... | 41 |
| E..... | 42 |
| F..... | 43 |
| G..... | 46 |
| H..... | 50 |
| I..... | 52 |
| J..... | 52 |
| K..... | 53 |
| L..... | 54 |
| M..... | 55 |
| N..... | 63 |
| O..... | 64 |
| P..... | 65 |
| Q..... | 72 |
| R..... | 72 |
| S..... | 75 |
| T..... | 87 |
| V..... | 93 |
| W..... | 93 |
| HIKES BY AREA, NUMBER, AND RATING | 97 |
| Hikes by Area | 97 |
| Hikes Sorted by Number | 103 |

| | |
|------------------------------|-----|
| Hikes Sorted by Rating | 112 |
| DRIVING DIRECTIONS..... | 121 |
| REFERENCES..... | 125 |

GENERAL INFORMATION

All hikes leave from the first, left (when entering from MountainView Blvd.) parking lot in front of the MountainView Clubhouse (just east of the tennis courts), unless otherwise noted. Voluntary driver donations will be shown in the “Hikes Offered” table in the Club Newsletter. These costs will change from time to time with significant fluctuations in gasoline prices. There may be other fees for tram shuttles, entry to areas such as national parks, monuments, wilderness areas, special tours and exhibits, permits, state parks, overnight stays, etc. To ensure fee amounts are current, they will also be listed in the newsletter or provided by the Hike Guide when one signs up for a hike. Hike Guides are encouraged to split costs between drivers for drop-offs and/or unequal passenger loads. The hike descriptions which follow alert hike guides and hikers to the possibility of additional fees where expected but not known.

Hike names are arranged alphabetically to make finding hikes easier. However, a table is included in Section 6 showing the hikes sorted by hike number. Note that names involving numbers have been converted to their alphabetical counterparts. An example of this is where the “50-Year” Trail has been listed as the “Fifty-Year” Trail.

Hikes are usually listed alphabetically according to the destination or the major canyon/mountain/feature visited. Examples of this would be Pusch Peak and Pontatoc Ridge. In some cases, the listing refers solely to the trail name, but that normally occurs where there is no distinct, geographically significant feature visited during the hike. Examples of this would be the Linda Vista Loop or Esperero Trail. Exceptions to this approach are the hikes that take place in the Superstition Mountains near Phoenix, Arizona, and hikes solely or mainly along segments of the Arizona Trail. Superstition Mountain hikes are all grouped under “Superstitions” since Saddlebrooke residents are assumed to be less familiar with specific trailhead names in that mountain range. Many of the hikes in the Tortolitas are similarly grouped. Although many of the hikes on Mt. Lemmon are listed under that name, there are several others listed under their destination or trail name, such as Guthrie Mountain, Incinerator Ridge, Marshall Gulch/Aspen Loop, or Red Ridge/Oracle Ridge. It would be confusing to force all these hikes to be listed under the banner of “Mt. Lemmon”. Also, guides (the primary users of the Database) are used to looking for these names when deciding which hikes to lead.

In this edition of the database, descriptions of each of the 43 passages of the Arizona Trail have been included as day hikes. The narrative assumes the hikes proceed from south to north, following the convention used by the Arizona Trail Association (ATA) web site, but all of them could be completed north to south. The reality is that many passages are too long or arduous to do as day hikes, and some involve complex logistics due the remoteness and inaccessibility of access points. This is the result of efforts by planners to provide a high quality wilderness experience for people hiking the trail. Several hikes that cover a portion of the Arizona Trail, either in combination with other nearby trails or as stand-alone hikes, may be found in other areas of the database. When this occurs, the author has attempted to provide a reference to these other hikes to assist in planning hike logistics. An example of this is the Wilderness of Rocks Trail, which is now (at least temporarily) included as part of Arizona Trail Passage 12, Oracle Ridge (from Romero Pass to the American Flag Trailhead). Parts or all of the WOR Trail are included in several long standing and popular hikes known by other names (see hikes 411, 412, 413, 414, and 497).

The reader will also find other hikes under the Arizona Trail “banner” that cover a portion of a particular passage. An example of this is where a new hike description for the Black Hills Passage (#14) is included, but the north and south legs of this same passage are described as hikes numbered 21 and 22 immediately following. This is done mainly to leave hike descriptions where guides are used to seeing them, and to avoid changing the numbers and names of hikes which are linked to statistics kept by the club.

Persons and guides planning to hike one or more sections of the Arizona Trail should consult the ATA web site for details about current trail conditions and routes since changes periodically occur due to fires, attempts to improve the wilderness experience, changes in land ownership (which may affect access) or other status. In fact,

changes are being considered for the route leading to the top of Mt. Lemmon from Prison Camp, so check periodically with the ATA web site for the latest information.

Most Arizona Trail hikes are completed as key-exchange hikes and sometimes involve complicated logistics. Guides should work with drivers to derive a fair driver donation from each person that results in adequate compensation to drivers who risk their vehicles on frequently very rough roads to reach remote trailheads.

The hike descriptions for Arizona Trail hike descriptions include statistics from the following:

- Hike Distance numbers are from the ATA web site descriptions,
- Trailhead Elevations and Accumulated Gains for each passage are from elevation profiles prepared using National Geographic TOPO! software with GPS data downloaded from the ATA web site (It should be noted that TOPO! generated distances and elevations underestimate the actual values, because of the segmented way calculations are performed. Variances of -5 % are not uncommon, although the exact error depends on the number of waypoints used and the scale for the image displayed on the screen.),
- Round Trip Distances (driving) are the sum of the distances to the nearest and farthest trailheads (from Saddlebrooke), and
- Net Elevation Changes are also from TOPO! profiles, defined as the difference between the lowest and highest elevation reached during the passage.

The “Guide” book issued in 2005 (*Arizona Trail: The Official Guide*, Tom Lorang Jones, et. al., 2005) has a great amount of information about the Arizona Trail and was a herculean effort at that early stage of the trail’s development to capture its description. However, it is badly in need of an update. Mileages of 24 of the 43 passages have changed between 2005 and the July 2011 version of the ATA web site. The names of at least three passages in the Guide have changed: 6, 7, and 8. Only one passage is listed as incomplete (Passage 16, White Mountain), while several were under construction when the Guide was published, and changes to trailheads have occurred to Passages 5, 6, 7, 8, 11, 12, 15, 16 and 17. Hikers planning to hike a portion of the Arizona Trail are strongly encouraged to consult the web site and heed the “Current Trail Information” posts by trail stewards which provide alerts and status.

The club recommends that the latest waypoints and/or tracks be downloaded from ATA web site (a link can be found on the SBHC Hiking Club web site) and plotted on a good topographic map (preferably 1:24,000 USGS). Tracks can also be loaded on many handheld GPSs. Elevation profiles should be generated to determine the level of difficulty that will be presented by a specific segment. Note that all data on the ATA web site is based on the WGS84 map datum, meaning that base maps and handheld GPSs should be similarly referenced.

HIKE RATINGS, PACE AND ELEVATION CHANGE

Ratings

Ratings are based on the following round trip distances and accumulated gains in elevation over the course of the hike. The hike rating is determined by one (or both) of the two values being exceeded. For example, if a hike exceeds the criterion for distance but not for corresponding elevation, the rating would be set for distance. In the hike descriptions that follow, both parameter values are exceeded for some hikes. However, that does not necessarily justify a higher combined rating.

| Hike Rating | Distance (miles) | Accumulated Elevation Gain (feet) |
|-------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| A | >14 | >3000 |
| B | 8 to 14 | 1500 to 3000 |
| C | 4 to 8 | 500 to 1500 |
| D | <4 | <500 |

Pace

Pace is described in terms of average speed in miles per hour (MPH) over the course of a hike from start to finish excluding lunch. The average speed, or pace, of a hike is affected by speed and length of stride, number of rest stops, incline, type of terrain, and trail conditions. The following four categories are used to describe pace in the newsletter:

| Pace | Average Speed (MPH) |
|-----------|---------------------|
| Leisurely | <1.5 |
| Slow | 1.5 to 2.0 |
| Moderate | 2.0 to 2.5 |
| Fast | >2.5 |

Elevation Change

Three indicators are used in the hike descriptions to convey hike difficulty as it relates to elevation change: Net Elevation Change is generally the change in elevation obtained by subtracting the starting elevation from the highest (or lowest) point reached during the course of the hike, in feet. This estimate may be obtained from USGS maps or a global positioning system (GPS). If no destination is listed, which may be the case for loop hikes or point-to-point hikes, net change is defined as the difference between the trailhead elevation and the highest elevation reached during the hike. If net elevation lost between the trailhead and the destination, a minus sign is used to show that elevation is lost. If an elevation profile is available, which applies in this database to mostly the Arizona Trail hikes for which GPS tracks have been generated, the net elevation change is the difference between the highest and lowest points along the trail.

Accumulated Gain is the sum of all upward stretches of a hike as recorded by a GPS device over the course of the entire hike. Accumulated elevation gain is always a more accurate indicator of hike difficulty than net change in elevation.

Accumulated Loss, another measure of hike difficulty, is the sum of all downward stretches of a hike.

Accumulated elevation loss is useful for some downhill hikes and is usually obtained with a GPS device.

A cursory critique of the definition for “net elevation change” reveals that it is vague and imprecise and provides limited insight into trail difficulty (which is more accurately described in terms of accumulated gain or loss (parameters that are measured by GPSs). However, accumulated gain/loss information is unavailable for many hikes in the database, so net change has, for the time being, been retained because it is the only statistic available.

Accumulated gains are always greater than net elevation changes, except for point-to-point hikes where the destination is at a lower elevation than trailhead elevation. In this case, the accumulated gain could be much

lower than the net elevation change. A good example of this is the hike from the top of Mt. Lemmon to Catalina State Park, which actually results in little gain but rather a significant accumulated loss. For loop and out-and-back hikes, accumulated elevation gains are usually greater, sometimes much greater, than net elevation changes.

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

Some hikes are further described in terms of trail conditions that result in those hikes being especially desirable or unsuitable for a particular hike rating. Club members will want to assess these special conditions in context with their level of fitness and personal preferences before signing up for those hikes. This is accomplished in the Database by adding a “***!***” to the letter rating to indicate the presence of a condition that may make the hike more daunting or difficult than suggested by the distance and elevation change alone,

Special trail conditions warranting a “***!***” include

- a very rough trail,
- sustained steep climbing,
- water crossings requiring wading,
- loose rock which makes footing uncertain,
- exposure to heights or steep drop-offs,
- rock scrambling,
- significant bushwhacking thru difficult terrain, and
- boulder hopping.

On the other hand, a “☺” may appear along with the letter rating to indicate an easier, smoother than normal trail or a more relaxed pace during the hike. These conditions would allow club members who may not be used to trail hiking to enjoy certain outings. Special trail conditions warranting a “☺” include

- little aerobic challenge (i.e., frequent pausing to view exhibits or plants along the way),
- little climbing (i.e., hilly terrain which provides multiple ups and downs as opposed to sustained climbs),
- hikes that are primarily educational in nature, and
- very stable footing (such as a paved trail).

Special condition flags will appear in the Hikes Offered table and with each hike description in the Newsletter to alert club members when considering hikes. Club members should ask the Hike Guide about any special conditions when signing up for a flagged hike. Note that the “***!***” and “☺” are **NEVER** used to indicate a distinction of distance or elevation within a rating category¹.

Please remember that, even with the increased attention to special conditions, there is always a degree of subjectivity in their use to describe hikes. For example, many people would consider wading in a slow-moving stream (such as with the Aravaipa hikes) to be an enhancement rather than a detracting factor. Conversely, some people would consider significant exposure to heights a negative. The goal of their flagging in the database is merely to identify the special condition to individual hikers who can then decide what is preferable and acceptable to them.

Finally, a caveat. As with any rating system, it is difficult to devise a rigorous basis for flagging special conditions when those conditions rely to a great degree on mother nature. The most serene, small wash in dry weather can become a raging torrent following our famous Tucson monsoons. As usual, there is no substitute for common sense, and it is counterproductive to label all hikes with wash/stream crossings with a “***!***” flag if they are normally dry. It is strongly recommended that club members read the hike descriptions that are flagged with a “***!***” before signing up, and, if relevant, the guides should be contacted about current conditions.

¹ – Flags used to indicate special conditions use a font different from the rest of this document (which is Times New Roman).

The exclamation mark (***!***) is created by typing the exclamation mark using *Arial Black* font with bold and italicized type selected. The smiley face (☺) character is created by typing an upper case ‘J’ using *Wingdings* font with bold type selected.

GLOSSARY

ATV - All terrain vehicle
AZT - Arizona Trail
CDO - Canada del Oro
Cyn – Canyon
DD – Driver Donation
El. - Elevation
Fifty-Year Trail – 50-Year Trail
FR - Farm Road
FS – U.S. Forest Service Road
GPS – Global Positioning System
Hwy - Highway MPH - Miles per hour
Mt. - Mount
Mtn. - Mountain
Nat. – National
NP – National Park
RTD – Round trip drive
Rd. – Road
RT – Round Trip
SR - State Road
TBD - To be determined
TH – Trailhead
USGS – U.S. Geological Survey
4WD - Four wheel drive

HIKE DESCRIPTIONS

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| 1 | Agua Caliente Hill. Rating A. The hike has great panoramic views of Tucson, and the Rincon and Santa Catalinas. The trail starts climbing immediately from the Camino Remuda Trailhead. The trail continues up and down for approximately two miles to a water hole. From here, the trail climbs and then drops into a wash. Next is a steep climb to a ridge and a junction with old jeep FS # 4445, about three miles from the trailhead. It is another 1.5 miles to the top of Aqua Caliente Hill. The return is via the same route. Hike 8.5 miles; trailhead elevation 2930 feet; net elevation change 2430 feet; accumulated gain 3045 feet; RTD 75 miles. | \$6 |
| 2 | Agua Caliente Hill / La Milagrosa Ridge / Molino Basin. Rating A. In this key exchange hike, one group will start at the Camino Remuda Trailhead, climb to the saddle, and summit Agua Caliente Hill. The group will then descend to the saddle, merge with a trail going north to Agua Caliente Canyon, connect with La Milagrosa Trail, hike northeast to the intersection with the AZT, then head northwest toward Molino Basin on Catalina Hwy. The other group will do the reverse. Hike 14 miles; trailhead elevations Camino Remuda/Molino Basin 2930/4480 feet; net elevation change 2430 feet, accumulated gain: hill to basin 4720 feet, basin to hill 3300 feet; RTD 97 miles. | \$7 |
| 3 | Agua Caliente Hill and La Milagrosa Trail. Rating A. The hike begins at the Camino Remuda Trailhead and follows the Agua Caliente Trail. Hikers climb to the saddle, then to the summit of Agua Caliente Hill. The climb from the saddle to the summit is more intense than earlier portions of the trail. The last 1.5 miles has loose rock, gravel, and small boulders. Hikers reach a false summit about halfway up this section. From the true summit, there are panoramic views in all directions, including the Catalinas, Rincons, Galiuros, and Pinalenos. We descend to a saddle, then head northeast on a merging trail toward Agua Caliente Canyon. From the Canyon we ascend to La Milagrosa Trail and finish by proceeding east 2.5 miles to the Horsehead Road Trailhead. This hike can be completed as a key exchange or by placing a shuttle vehicle. Hike 11 miles; trailhead elevation 2930 feet; net elevation change 2580 feet; accumulated gain 4444 feet; RTD 75 miles. | \$6 |
| 4 | Agua Caliente Hill from Redington Pass Road. Rating C. The trailhead is reached by driving 4.8 miles east on the Redington Pass Road from the end of Tanque Verde Road. High clearance vehicles are needed. Parking is available near some corrals on the left side of the road. The trail begins after passing through the gate onto FR # 4441 (if the gate is locked, go under the barbed wire fence). The trail proceeds up an old 4WD road, which involves lots of ups and downs, and rocky areas. In about 0.5 mile, the trail crosses a stream bed. A sign at that point indicates that in three miles, there is a locked gate and private land. It's about 3.5 miles to this point from the trailhead. Hike 7 miles; trailhead elevation __ feet; net elevation change 800 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 96 miles (dirt). | \$9 |
| 5 | Agua Caliente to the Water Hole. Rating C. The hike has great panoramic views of Tucson, and the Rincons and Santa Catalinas. The trail starts climbing immediately from the Camino Remuda Trailhead. The trail continues up and down for approximately two miles to a water hole. Hike 4 miles; trailhead elevation 2500 feet; net elevation change 1000 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 75 miles. | \$6 |
| 6 | Alamo Canyon. Rating D. The hike begins at the Romero Ruins Trailhead in Catalina State Park. Other than one short area by the wash, the elevation change is gradual. This is a lovely hike up to Alamo Canyon Falls and return. Water may be present in the canyon after rainy periods, but there are no water crossings. Hikers will stop by the Romero Ruins and take the informative loop trail from there. Hike 3.4 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation | \$2 + \$2 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | change __ feet; accumulated gain 423 feet; RTD 24 miles. | |
| 7 | Alamo Canyon to the Water Tank. Rating C. The hike begins at the Romero Ruins Trailhead in Catalina State Park. Elevation change is gradual. The trail proceeds from the ruins through Alamo Canyon. Water may be present in the canyon after rainy periods. Hikers then go around, down, and up and down again to an unused, large water tank. Trail is rocky in some areas. The return is one of three ways of equal distance. Hike 6.5 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 400 feet; accumulated gain 1050 feet; RTD 24 miles. | \$2 + \$2 |
| 8 | American Flag. Rating C. The hike begins at the American Flag Trailhead on the old Mt. Lemmon Road and covers a section of the Arizona Trail. Hikers take the American Flag/Cody Trail to its intersection with the Oracle Ridge Trail, where there are great views to the west of Biosphere II and the Tortolitas. On the return, we may swing by the grounds of La Casa del High Jinks, the site where Bill Cody staked his gold mine in 1912. Hike 7.4 miles; trailhead elevation 4400 feet; net elevation change 995 feet; accumulated gain 1490 feet; RTD 41 miles. | \$3 |
| 9 | American Flag to Saddle. Rating B. The hike begins at the American Flag Trailhead on the old Mt. Lemmon Road and follows a section of the Arizona Trail. Hikers take the American Flag/Cody Trail to its intersection with the Oracle Ridge Trail where there are great views to the west of Biosphere II and the Tortolitas. The group then follows the ridge south and lunches in a saddle at the top of Camp Bonita Canyon on the northwest side of Apache Peak. On the return, we may swing by the grounds of La Casa del High Jinks, the site where Bill Cody staked his gold mine in 1912. Hike 9 miles; trailhead elevation 4400 feet; net elevation change 950 feet; accumulated gain 1730 feet; RTD 41 miles. | \$3 |
| 10 | American Flag to Windmill. Rating C. From the American Flag Trailhead on the old Mt. Lemmon Road, the route proceeds in a northerly direction across National Forest and State Trust Land, crossing Webb Road and continuing to Oracle State Park. After traveling 1.7 miles through the park, the trail crosses Cottonwood Wash and continues to a windmill after another 0.3 mile. Hikers will stop and have a snack or lunch here and return via the same route. This route is fairly level and passes through desert grasslands that are part of the upper Sonoran Desert. There are expansive views of the Galiuro Mountains along the way. Hike 8 miles; trailhead elevation 4400 feet; net elevation change 350 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 41 miles. | \$3 |
| 11 | Antelope Peak. Rating C. The hike starts 1.5 miles off Freeman Road, which is 15 miles from Florence Hwy # 79. High clearance vehicles are required to reach the trailhead. The area offers great views of surrounding terrain and has numerous Hedgehog cacti. Native animals are often seen in this area. Be sure to bring sunscreen due to the exposure. Hike 4.5 miles; trailhead elevation 4100 feet; net elevation change 900 feet; accumulated gain 1008 feet; RTD 72 miles (dirt). | \$7 |
| 12 | Anza Trail / Marana Section. Rating C ☺. This section of the Anza Trail can be accessed from several points within Marana. The hike may be co-led by an Anza Society member who will describe the history of the Anza Trail and possible camp sites along the Marana section of the Santa Cruz River. More information about the Anza Trail is available at www.anzatrail.com and www.solideas.com/DeAnsa/ trailguide. The trail is fairly level. Sturdy walking shoes are fine (hiking boots not required). Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation __ feet; net elevation change is minimal; accumulated gain is minimal; RTD __ miles. | TBD |
| 13 | Anza Trail / Rio Rico Section. Rating C ☺. The trailhead for this hike is reached by taking I-19 south to exit 17 (Rio Rico Drive) and going east, following the road toward Rio Rico Country Club until it crosses the Santa Cruz River, immediately turning left onto a dirt road | \$12 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | and parking in a small turnout next to the main road. The trailhead is just north of the parking area. The hike takes place along the east side of the river. No river crossings are required. The Rio Rico section of the Anza Trail opened in December 2002. The sensory experience begins as soon as you exit your vehicle, with the rustling of leaves and the chirping of birds that promise to add an idyllic soundtrack for this walk. This part of the Anza trail has not been discovered by many hikers. More information about the Anza Trail is available at www.anzatrail.com and www.solideas.com/DeAnsa/trailguide . Sturdy walking shoes are fine (hiking boots not required). Hike 5 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change is minimal; accumulated gain is minimal; RTD 168 miles. | |
| 14 | Anza Trail / Tubac to Tumacacori. Rating C ☺. The hike begins at the Tubac Presidio State Historical Park and ends at Tumacacori National Monument. More information about the Anza Trail is available at www.anzatrail.com and www.solideas.com/DeAnsa/trailguide . Hikers will cross rivers, but there are wooden bridges (no hand rails) so we shouldn't get our feet wet. Sturdy walking shoes are fine (hiking shoes not required). We will lunch in Tumacacori at Wisdoms' Café. Bring \$ for lunch, shopping. Golden Age Pass is needed for entrance to Tumacacori Historic Park. Shopping will be after lunch, if your driver is willing. Hike 4.5 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change 100 - 200 feet; accumulated gain is minimal; RTD 144 miles. | \$11 |
| 15 | Apache Peak. Rating B!. The hike begins in Oracle off the Cody Loop Road at the Oracle Ridge Trailhead. The route follows the Oracle Ridge Trail south past the junction with the American Flag/Cody Trail (where it becomes part of the Arizona Trail), to a saddle on the southwest side of Apache Peak. From there, hikers bushwhack up a steep slope for about 0.25 miles (~500 feet elevation gain), roughly toward the northeast) through brush and over loose rocks to the top. The return is back down the same treacherous slope to intersect the Oracle Ridge Trail, which is followed back to the trailhead. The accumulated elevation gain to and from the saddle is 2000 feet. Suggest defensive clothing and gloves. Hike 9.2 miles; trailhead elevation 4700 feet; net elevation change 1800 feet; accumulated gain 2500 feet; RTD 39 miles. | \$3 |
| 16 | Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness: Booger Canyon. Rating B!. The hike will take us halfway through the beautiful Aravaipa Canyon, then north up through Booger Canyon. While exploring Booger Canyon, hikers will be in ankle to knee-deep water for the first five miles and then scramble for another mile or two over large boulders. The sights from the top of the canyon are gorgeous and colors are outstanding in the fall. Depending upon how quiet we are, hikers may see golden eagles, coati, Gila monsters, or big horn sheep. Two pairs of shoes are recommended - one for water; one for canyoneering. Limited to 8 people. Wilderness permits (fee required) must be reserved in advance and are non-refundable. Hikers must sign up 2 weeks prior to the hike. Call the hiking guide for more details. Hike 13 miles; trailhead elevation 2600 feet; net elevation change 600 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 110 miles (dirt). | \$10 + \$5 |
| 17 | Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness: East to West. Rating B!. This is a wilderness hike in a Primitive Preserve, by permit only, following the Aravaipa Creek through the Galiuro Mountains. We will be hiking through the entire Preserve in the creek, wading in ankle-to-knee deep water about half the time, while viewing the canyon's 400-600 foot walls. There will be abundant wildlife, often with views of golden eagles. Bring camera and binoculars to see one of Arizona's best kept secrets. Time permitting, hikers may explore one or two of the nine side canyons. Since the trailhead is a long distance from SaddleBrooke, we will either leave early (am) or stay (motel/camp) in or near Safford. 4WDs are required on the east end; pick-up cars on the west end. Logistics will be arranged after the guide knows who will be | \$10 + \$5 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | hiking. Wilderness permits (fee required) must be reserved in advance and are non-refundable. Hikers must sign up 2 weeks prior to hike. Call the hiking guide for more details. Hike 12 to 13 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change minus 2600 feet; accumulated loss __ feet; RTD 110 miles. | |
| 18 | Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness: West. Rating B! . Aravaipa Canyon is a beautiful, pristine canyon, a favorite for all who have been there. Expect stream wading and numerous stream crossings (up to knee deep) with dense riparian brush. Wear shorts, socks, and shoes (that can get wet) with good traction (for wet rocks). Bring dry shoes/shorts/shirt for drive home if desired (and a plastic bag for wet items). Aravaipa Canyon is a wilderness area with no trails, signs, or facilities. Hiking stick is recommended. Wilderness permits (fee required) must be reserved in advance and are non-refundable. Hikers must sign up two weeks prior to hike. Call the hiking guide for more details. Hike 8 miles; trailhead elevation 2600 feet; net elevation change 200 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 110 miles (dirt). | \$10 + \$5 |
| 19 | Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness: West (short version). Rating C! . Aravaipa Canyon is a beautiful and pristine canyon and a favorite for all who have been there. Hikers should expect stream wading and numerous stream crossings (up to knee deep) with dense riparian brush. Wear shorts, socks and shoes (that can get wet) with good traction (for wet rocks). Bring dry shoes/shorts/shirt for drive home, if desired (and a plastic bag for wet items). Aravaipa Canyon is a wilderness area with no trails, signs, or facilities. Hiking stick is recommended. Wilderness permits (fee required) must be reserved in advance and are non-refundable. Hikers must sign up two weeks prior to hike. Call the hiking guide for more details. Hike 5 miles; trailhead elevation 2600 feet; net elevation change 200 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 110 miles (dirt). | \$10 + \$5 |
| 20 | Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness: West to East (Overnight). Rating A! . This is a two-day wilderness hike, by permit only in a primitive preserve, following the perennial Aravaipa Creek through the Galiuro Mountains. We will be hiking (round trip from the nearby west trailhead) through the entire length of the canyon in ankle-to-knee deep water half the time and camping overnight (tents) on the east end at Turkey Creek Campground or in the canyon depending upon the weather conditions. Hikers will also explore several 400-600 foot side canyons (Painted Cave; Horse Camp and Booger Canyon) depending on time. Bring binoculars and camera. The scenery is beautiful, and we should see plenty of wildlife (hopefully golden eagle--big horn sheep--mountain lion). Appropriate over-night camping/hiking equipment is required; water can be purified or carried/cached. Wilderness permits (fee required) must be reserved in advance and are non-refundable. Hikers must sign up two weeks prior to hike. Call the hiking guide for more details. Two cars are needed – left at trailhead overnight. Hike 28 miles over two days; trailhead elevation __ feet; net elevation change __ feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 110 miles (dirt). | \$10 + \$5/day |
| 21 | Arizona Trail: Alamo Canyon (Passage 17). Rating B. This passage begins at a point west of the White Canyon Wilderness on the Tonto National Forest boundary about 0.6 miles due east of Ajax Peak. From here the trail heads west and north for about 1.5 miles, eventually dropping into a two-track road and drainage. Follow the drainage north for about 100 feet until it turns left (west) via the rocky drainage and follow this rocky two-track for approximately 150 feet. At this point there is new signage installed leading north (uphill) to a saddle. This is a newly constructed trail which passes through the saddle and leads downhill across a rugged and lush hillside, eventually arriving at FR4. After crossing FR4, the trail continues west and turns north as you work your way toward Picketpost Mountain. The trail will continue north and eventually wraps around to the west side of Picketpost and somewhat paralleling Alamo Canyon drainage until reaching the Picketpost Trailhead. Hike 12.2 miles; | TBD |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | trailhead elevations 3471 feet south and 2399 feet north; net elevation change 1371 feet; accumulated gains 1214 northward and 2313 feet southward; RTD __ miles (dirt). | |
| 22 | Arizona Trail: Babbitt Ranch (Passage 35). Rating A. This passage begins just east of the Cedar Ranch area where FR 417 and FR 9008A intersect. From here the route follows a pipeline road north to the Tub Ranch Camp. The route continues towards the corrals (east of the buildings). Once past the developments, the route goes west toward Chapel Mountain. After passing the high tension powerlines, the route travels north to Upper Lockwood Tank, then turns northeast to the Lower Lockwood Tank and then northwest before reaching the Kaibab National Forest boundary. At the boundary (a gate to the west of the cattle guard), there is a single-track trail immediately west of FR 301. The trail stays west of FR 301, then crosses it, and finally arrives at Moqui Stage Station. Hike 25.6 miles; trailhead elevations 6375 feet south and 6640 feet north; net elevation change 559 feet; accumulated gains 903 feet northward and 638 feet southward; RTD 520 miles (dirt). | TBD |
| 23 | Arizona Trail: Black Hills - Bloodsucker Wash to Freeman Road. Rating B. This is the northern leg of AZT Passage 14. From the Arizona Trail markers on Bloodsucker Wash, hikers proceed down sandy Bloodsucker Wash for 2.3 miles, climb out of the wash to a ridge, and reach a dirt road. After about 2 miles, we reach the charming Beehive Well, walking between a windmill and a tank. In another 2 miles, after ascending a ridge, we can see Antelope Tank below. In 4.5 more miles, we arrive at the base of the northern slopes of Antelope Peak. Hikers complete the last 2 miles on a rough jeep road, which intersects Freeman Road. The trail continues SW on the road another 0.3 miles to complete the northern leg. Hike 12 miles; trailhead elevation 3430 feet; net elevation change 990 feet; accumulated gain 1550 feet; RTD 135 miles (dirt). | \$14 |
| 24 | Arizona Trail: Black Hills - Tiger Mine Rd. to Bloodsucker Wash. Rating B. This is the southern leg of AZT Passage 14. This section of the Arizona Trail represents the gateway to the low-elevation ecosystem of the Sonoran Desert. Starting at the Tiger Mine Road Trailhead off Hwy # 77, the trail descends slowly, with some slight up and down elevation changes, and crosses several dry washes. After 6 miles, we reach Pipeline Road, an old utility road that heads northwest over washes and low hills before curving through small hills and switchbacks to a high point at mile 14.6. We then descend a steep hill and cross another wash to end at Bloodsucker Wash. Antelope Peak is visible in the distance. Hike 16 miles, trailhead elevation 4060 feet; net elevation change 950 feet; accumulated gain 1325 feet; RTD 100 miles (dirt). | \$9 |
| 25 | Arizona Trail: Black Hills (Passage 14). Rating A. (See hikes 21 and 22 for associated trail information.) From the Tiger Mine Trailhead, the trail proceeds generally northwest to a pipeline road intersection with a large white steel gate on the east side (the gate signifies private land owned by El Paso Gas). The trail continues in a northerly direction for the next 9 miles. It meanders up and over the ridges of the Black Hills with 360° views as it passes through three gates and crosses several ranch roads. At approximately the seven mile point, there is a one mile section with numerous drainages in all directions. Follow the numerous carsonites while navigating this terrain. Soon after, the trail turns in a northwesterly direction, climbs the last of the ridgelines, then rapidly drops down to the confluence of Camp Grant and Bloodsucker Washes. Once across both washes, head to the ranch road on the north side of Bloodsucker wash. The two-track road leads to Beehive well/tank at the edge of Putnam Wash. The trail heads northwest, passing just west of Antelope Tank and just east of Antelope Peak and arrives at Freeman Road. The Freeman Road Trailhead is a few hundred yards to the southwest on Freeman Road. Hike 28.2 miles; trailhead elevations 4066 feet south and 4012 feet north; net elevation change 1064 feet; accumulated gains 3111 feet northward and 3165 feet southward; RTD __ miles (dirt). | TBD |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| 26 | Arizona Trail: Blue Ridge (Passage 28). Rating B. From the General Springs Cabin near FR 300, the trail follows General Springs Canyon until it reaches a trail junction. It then climbs out of the canyon on the west side and follows a two-track road and then more trail. The trail crosses FR 123 and heads north until it reaches FR 123A. It stays on this forest road up to East Clear Creek. After steeply descending and then steeply ascending the creek (upstream of Blue Ridge Reservoir) the trail works its way up to FR 751. After crossing the road, the trail proceeds east and then north up to the drop into Blue Ridge Campground. From here the trail continues north and finally reaches Highway 87 at the junction with FR 138. Hike 16.1 miles; trailhead elevations 7279 feet south and 6838 feet north; net elevation change 657 feet; accumulated gains 1165 feet northward and 1608 feet southward; RTD __ miles (dirt). | TBD |
| 27 | Arizona Trail: Buckskin Mountain (Passage 43). Rating B. This passage begins on Winter Road (BLM Road #1025) about one mile north of the Kaibab National Forest boundary. The route proceeds in a northerly direction and then reaches Dead Man Canyon. After crossing that drainage it continues north and crosses Red Canyon. There is a road crossing and another one a half mile later. After reaching Basin Canyon, the trail switchbacks in and out of that canyon and crosses another road. The trail crosses an unnamed small canyon and on the top of this canyon the trail goes through a gate and then does another road crossing. There is a hard turn to the east and then a slight turn to the northeast. After crossing another road, the trail works its way through the upper end of North Larkum Canyon. It parallels this canyon for a while and then comes to the edge of a plateau. The trail includes some 22 switchbacks, working its way down off the plateau and then crosses sage-covered flats to the Utah border trailhead. High clearance vehicle needed to Winter Road. Hike 10.8 miles; trailhead elevations 6530 feet south and 5001 feet north; net elevation change 1537 feet; accumulated gains 526 feet northward and 2055 feet southward; RTD __ miles (dirt). | TBD |
| 28 | Arizona Trail: Canelo Hills East (Passage 2). Rating A. This passage begins at South Lake Drive (a short distance off Hwy 83) south of Sonoita on FR 194, near Parker Canyon Lake and ends just north of Canelo Pass at the junction with FR 799. The trail follows a westerly route trending downhill through grass and forest covered hills to Parker Canyon. It then heads north through the Canelo Hills, with quite a bit of up and down. Dropping into Pauline Canyon, it trends westerly again, then northwest as it climbs to the top of the Canelo ridge, which it follows for a couple miles. Finally, it drops down the Canelo Pass Trailhead. The east to west trek allows hiker to better enjoy the diverse vistas of grass hills (Canelo Hills), oak savannas, mesquite groves and riparian canyons. The ATA advises that hikers avoid illegal alien trails that cross or intersect the trail. Hike 14.5 miles; trailhead elevations 5677 feet south and 5338 feet north; net elevation change 868 feet; accumulated gains 2249 feet northward and 2586 feet southward; RTD 230 miles (some dirt). | TBD |
| 29 | Arizona Trail: Canelo Hills West (Passage 3). Rating A. From the Canelo Pass Trailhead, the trail runs generally westward as it climbs over a 5600-foot saddle and drops into the upper end of Meadow Valley. It continues west through Redrock Canyon, passing Down Under Tank and the Cott Tank Environmental Exclusion, before arriving at Red Bank Well. Turning north, the trail passes close to Gate Spring, passes Red Rock Road (4-WD), and then continues through hills and oak and manzanita growth before dropping down to the trailhead on Harshaw Road (FR 58). From here the route follows Harshaw Road for about 3 miles and ends at the Post Office in Patagonia. There is an alternate trailhead at the AZT's junction with FR 58 (near Harshaw Creek). Along the route, hikers pass grass hills, oak savannas, mesquite groves and riparian canyons as they make a general descent with some uphill grades. The ATA advises that hikers watch carefully for trails used by illegal aliens in the 3 miles beginning near Gate Spring. Hike 16.6 miles; trailhead elevations 5338 feet south and | TBD |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | 4061 feet north; net elevation change 1540 feet; accumulated gains 835 feet northward and 2114 feet southward; RTD __ miles. | |
| 30 | Arizona Trail: Coconino Rim (Passage 36). Rating A. This passage begins east of the Moqui Stage Station. There is a short connector trail between the station and Trail #101 which is the route of the Arizona Trail. From here the trail heads north, crosses FR 313, and follows Russell Wash. It passes through a gate and then Anderson Tank is on the right. There is another gate and then the trail crosses FR 320. The trail curves to the northwest, then north, then west and then back to the north. There is a gate and then the Russell Tank Trailhead, Russell Tank and then two more gates in close succession. Still following Russell Wash, the trail crosses FR 310 (Coconino Rim Road) and then another gate. It comes up on the edge of the rim and turns to the west, following the rim. There is a bike bypass to the left with the main route going right, down through a drainage. Continuing along the edge of the rim, the trail crosses a peninsula of the rim and then leaves the rim and parallels FR 310. It crosses FR 307 and then joins an interpretive loop trail that leads to the Grandview Lookout Tower. Hike 19 miles; trailhead elevations 6640 feet south and 7240 feet north; net elevation change 921 feet; accumulated gains 1803 feet northward and 917 feet southward; RTD __ miles. | TBD |
| 31 | Arizona Trail: Flagstaff Resupply Route (Passage 33). Rating A. The southern end of this passage begins at the bottom of Walnut Canyon near Fisher Point, which is reached via Trail #106 from Canyon Vista Campground off Lake Mary Road. The route starts up Skunk Canyon, and passes through several drainages, the city of Flagstaff (generally along Switzer Canyon), over Switzer Mesa, to the east of Elden Mountain and over Dry Lake Hills on the way to Schultz Pass and the Sunset Trailhead terminus. There are numerous businesses along the way to resupply gear and food, and lodging for an overnight stop. The ATA website has a very detailed description of the streets, routes and trails to follow through Flagstaff, and mentions the names of businesses passed along the way. Hike 17.3 miles; trailhead elevations 6621 feet south and 8020 feet north; net elevation change 1455 feet; accumulated gains 2227 feet northward and 829 feet southward; RTD __ miles. | TBD |
| 32 | Arizona Trail: Four Peaks (Passage 20). Rating A. This passage begins on the north side of the Roosevelt Lake Bridge at the Vineyard Trailhead on Highway 188. The trail climbs immediately along Inspiration Point, passes the radio towers and then passes north of Vineyard Mountain. It climbs up to the Mills Ridge Trailhead and from here a trail (#130) continues up and reaches the Four Peaks Wilderness boundary. The trail drops into Buckhorn Creek and then goes up again, passing Hackberry Creek and finally reaching Granite Spring. From here a new section of #130 heads north and then west, skirting around Buckhorn Peak. Heading north again the trail intersects with the Alder Creek Trail (#82) and then the Oak Flat Trail (#123) where it turns left and soon reaches Shake Spring. From here the trail works its way north and west to Pigeon Spring, climbs southwest on an old roadbed, and finally comes to the Pigeon Spring Trailhead on FR 648. High clearance vehicle needed to Pigeon Spring. Hike 19.5 miles; trailhead elevations 2203 feet south and 5643 feet north; net elevation change 3638 feet; accumulated gains 6923 feet northward and 3489 feet southward; RTD __ miles (dirt). | TBD |
| 33 | Arizona Trail: Going to the Lake. Rating C. The trailhead is reached by driving up Redington Pass Road 9.8 miles (dirt) past Bellota Ranch Road to the left, past milepost #12 to a sign for FR # 37, where a parking area is located. Hikers take the Arizona Trail (a portion of Passage 10) north to the Lake near Bellota Ranch. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 4350 feet; net elevation change 400 feet; accumulated gain 1210 feet; RTD 100 miles (dirt, high clearance vehicle). | \$9 |
| 34 | Arizona Trail: Grand Canyon – Inner Gorge (Passage 38). Rating A. This passage begins at the South Kaibab Trailhead on the South Rim of the Grand Canyon. The trail descends | TBD |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | through switchbacks, runs north below Yaki Point, along Cedar Ridge and then reaches the Cedar Ridge rest area. The trail continues down along Cedar Ridge, passes on the east side of O'Neill Butte and then switchbacks down the east side of a large butte and curves back around to the north. It comes to the Tonto Trail junction and continues across the Tonto Plateau to the edge at a place called The Tipoff. The trail now drops into the inner gorge and switchbacks all the way down to a tunnel and then a suspension bridge across the Colorado River. On the other side the trail heads downstream, passing the boat beach. It leaves the river, turns north at Bright Angel Creek and passes Bright Angel Campground. After passing through Phantom Ranch the trail becomes the North Kaibab Trail and continues following Bright Angel Creek through Box Canyon. The trail crosses the creek several times on footbridges, passes the junction with the trail to Ribbon Falls, and continues to Cottonwood Camp. Further upstream, the trail crosses the creek for the last time, passes a rest house and the turnoff to Roaring Springs, and then begins climbing up along Roaring Springs Canyon. There is a bridge over this creek and then a tunnel. A final set of switchbacks are passed through and then the trail reaches the North Kaibab Trailhead. Hike 21.4 miles; trailhead elevations 7199 feet south and 8237 feet north; net elevation change 5799 feet; accumulated gains 8733 feet northward and 7708 southward; RTD __ miles. | |
| 35 | Arizona Trail: Grand Canyon – North Rim (Passage 39). Rating B. This passage begins at the North Kaibab Trailhead on the North Rim of the Grand Canyon. The trail crosses Highway 67 and heads northwest, passing through Harvey Meadow and then the Widforss Trail junction. It joins a road and then leaves it to the right. The trail climbs steeply, crosses a road and then levels out and heads northwest. It turns to the north and runs through forests and meadows, and then reaches Highway 67. After crossing the highway the trail soon turns to the left and parallels the highway. The trail reaches a high point and then drops down near the highway again and follows it to the Grand Canyon National Park entrance station. From here the route is to the right along a service road for just over a mile. The trail then leaves the road to the left and runs down to the park boundary. Hike 12.6 miles; trailhead elevations 8237 feet south and 9117 feet north; net elevation change 1107 feet; accumulated gains 1510 feet northward and 630 feet southward; RTD __ miles. | TBD |
| 36 | Arizona Trail: Grand Canyon – South Rim (Passage 37). Rating A. This passage begins at the Grandview Lookout Tower and starts out on the Tusayan Bike Trail heading west. It works its way through the forest, drops into a drainage and reaches Watson Tank. Now on forest roads, the route turns to the north and joins FR 303. It becomes single-track again, works its way over to the junction with FR 825 and turns to the north on this road. When it comes to the end of FR 825, the route becomes single-track again, passes Upper Ten X Tank, goes through a gate and then joins FR 818. It follows this road to FR 815 and then turns on to FR 814. It follows this road, passes a junction with FR 2709, and comes to Coconino Wash. It turns northwest and follows Bike Route 3 and then 2, which leads to Bike Route 1. The route curves to the north behind the town of Tusayan. A short climb and descent leads to a road junction and a turn to the west. The trail goes under Highway 64 and turns north. After entering the park the route follows an old 2-track road until it reaches Vann Drive. It takes this road east to Highway 64, crosses it and follows another 2-track road up to Southgate Road. From here it turns northeast on a restricted access dirt road. This road runs east and then north and connects to another dirt road. This road connects over to Highway 64 and then a trail follows the powerline corridor up along Yaki Point to the South Kaibab Trailhead. Hike 23.5 miles; trailhead elevations 7204 feet south and 7199 feet north; net elevation change 604 feet; accumulated gains 923 feet northward and 1245 feet southward; RTD __ miles. | TBD |
| 37 | Arizona Trail: Grand Canyon – South Rim, Grandview Lookout Tower to Tusayan. | TBD |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | Rating A. This is the southern leg of AZT Passage 37. The trail is proceeds generally east to west and involves no steep climbing but lots of ups and downs. The trail meanders a bit. Hike 16.1 miles; trailhead elevation 7490; net elevation change 980 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD __ miles. | |
| 38 | Arizona Trail: Grand Canyon – South Rim, Yaki Point to Tusayan. Rating C. This is the northern leg of AZT Passage 37. The trail is in ponderosa pine forest, mostly in the GC National Park. There are no rim views, but few hikers are found on this trail compared with the national park trails near the rim. Hike 7.4 miles; trailhead elevation 7200; net elevation change 980 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD __ miles. | TBD |
| 39 | Arizona Trail: Happy Jack (Passage 29). Rating A. This passage begins at the intersection of Highway 87 and FR 138. From here the trail heads north passing Hay Meadow Tank, Hay Meadow Draw Tank and dropping into and following Jack's Canyon. It crosses FR 82, passes Waldroup Tank and then joins FR 93. After leaving this road the route passes Fire Line Tank, turns right in Willow Valley and re-joins FR 93. It leaves FR 93 and then joins FR 93A. It climbs, goes left at a fork and heads up over a ridge and then down towards Wild Horse Tank. It continues on to a junction with another forest road and then turns to the west and into Bargaman Park. After circling around the park, the trail heads west to FR 135D. It follows this road and turns right at Shuff's Tank. It heads north past Maxie Tank, crosses another forest road and finally works its way up to Allan Lake Landing and then Highway 3 just south of FR 695. Hike 31.2 miles; trailhead elevations 6836 feet south and 7457 feet north; net elevation change 1103 feet; accumulated gains 2422 feet northward and 1801 feet southward; RTD __ miles. | TBD |
| 40 | Arizona Trail: Hardscrabble Mesa (Passage 26). Rating B. This passage begins on FR 194 near Twin Buttes. The route follows FR 194 and then turns right onto a two-track that follows some powerlines. The route follows this rocky road in a southeast direction, then turns to the right onto FR 251 and veers away from the powerlines and then back near them. The route turns to the south and descends down to a gate, turns east and passes East Tank and another gate. There is a contour around the upper end of Pine Tank Gulch and then the road reaches the Walnut Trail (#251). This trail descends past Ridge Tank and around to Oak Spring and a trail junction (#16). From here the trail climbs out of Oak Spring Canyon, descends past Bradshaw Tank and then reaches Pine Creek. A short ways downstream the trail heads east again and loops around to Highway 87. After crossing the highway, it runs up to the Pine Trailhead. Hike 12 miles; trailhead elevations 5851 feet south and 5393 feet north; net elevation change 1080 feet; accumulated gains 1399 feet northward and 1854 feet southward; RTD __ miles (dirt). | TBD |
| 41 | Arizona Trail: Highline (Passage 27). Rating A. (See hike 26 for associated trail information.) From the Pine Trailhead, the trail works its way east along the Highline Trail (#31). It skirts the southern edge of Milk Ranch Point, passes by Red Rock Spring and reaches Geronimo Trailhead and Webber Creek. Continuing east, the trail passes Bray Creek and then comes to the Washington Park Trailhead. Here the trail turns north on the Colonel Devin Trail. It follows along the west bank of the East Verde River, crosses it and does a steep climb to the top of the Mogollon Rim. The passage terminates on the south side of FR 300 near the Battle of Big Dry Wash historical marker. Hike 19 miles; trailhead elevations 5393 feet south and 7279 feet north; net elevation change 1900 feet; accumulated gains 4793 feet northward and 2910 feet southward; RTD __ miles. | TBD |
| 42 | Arizona Trail: Highline and Blue Ridge Sections, Pine to Blue Ridge Campground. Rating A. This hike takes place on portions of AZT Passages 27 and 28. On this backpack adventure, hikers will scale the sheer 2000 foot ramparts of the Mogollon Rim, which involves steep climbing at several places along much of the way. The route offers fabulous | TBD |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | vistas of the Tonto Basin, the rugged, remote land of the Apaches and the inspiration for many of Zane Grey novels. The trail north of the rim highlights the 19th century conflict between the Apaches, the settlers, and the U.S. cavalry. Hike 34.5 miles over 2 days; trailhead elevation 5500 feet; net elevation change 995 (day 1), 1435 (day 2) feet; accumulated gain 3030 (day 1), 995 (day 2) feet; RTD __ miles. | |
| 43 | Arizona Trail: Huachuca Mountains (Passage 1). Rating A. (See hike 40 for associated trail information.) The Yaqui Ridge Trail provides hiker-only access as it descends steeply to the international border. From Montezuma Pass the route follows the Crest Trail (#103) up into the Miller Peak Wilderness. After a steep and strenuous ascent, it passes a junction with the Lutz Trail and soon reaches the turnoff to Miller Peak. From here the trail follows a ridgeline over to Tub Spring and then goes left at the signed Miller Canyon/Crest Trail junction and left again at the Carr Peak/Crest Trail junction. The trail continues on past the Oversite Canyon Trail junction, past Bear Saddle and Granite Peak, and then goes left at the signed junction with the Sunnyside Canyon Trail near Pat Scott Peak. It follows this trail down into Sunnyside Canyon, passes the Copper Glance Trail junction, and runs downstream to the wilderness boundary. Here it joins a dirt road (FR 204) for a short distance and then turns right at the AZT sign onto a trail again. It crosses FR 228 and then turns south into Scotia Canyon and works its way down to FR 48. After crossing this road the trail turns west and reaches the Parker Canyon Lake Trailhead on FR 194. The ATA advises that the AZT along the AZ/Mexico border continues to be heavily impacted by illegal border crossers and drug smugglers. Large accumulations of litter, trash, discarded clothing and new 'wildcat' trails are commonly encountered along the trail. Trail users may meet illegal border crossers and are advised to not hike alone in these areas. Also, overnight users are advised to camp away from the trail as far as possible. Hike 21.7 miles; trailhead elevations 5876 feet south and 5677 feet north; net elevation change 3616 feet; accumulated gains 5168 northward and 5366 southward; RTD __ miles. | TBD |
| 44 | Arizona Trail: Kaibab Plateau Central (Passage 41). Rating A. Throughout this passage the route follows Trail #101 and it begins at the Telephone Hill Trailhead on FR 241. From here it heads generally north and parallels Highway 67. The trail reaches a drainage and crosses it, and at the top of the drainage a road is crossed and then the trail continues in a north/northeast direction. The trail crosses FR 205 twice and then crosses FR 205B. It runs next to FR 225 for a while and then begins a long gradual descent. It follows a drainage all the way down to Big Ridge Tank, and after a short climb the trail continues descending until it reaches the Orderville Canyon Trailhead and Highway 89A. Hike 17.2 miles; trailhead elevations 8848 feet south and 7521 feet north; net elevation change 1326 feet; accumulated gains 580 feet northward and 1906 feet southward; RTD __ miles. | TBD |
| 45 | Arizona Trail: Kaibab Plateau North (Passage 42). Rating B. Throughout this passage the route follows Trail #101 and it begins at the Orderville Canyon Trailhead on Highway 89A. After crossing the highway the trail curves to the east and then heads north. It parallels FR 249 for a while and then crosses it. The trail heads in a northeast direction until it crosses FR 249 again. From here it heads north again and then begins a descent off of the plateau. It follows a drainage and passes Government Reservoir. It continues descending and heading north-northeast, passing Summit Valley and then leveling out and coming up next to BLM road #1025. This is Winter Road and the passage ends where the trail crosses it. Hike 17 miles; trailhead elevations 7521 feet south and 6530 feet north; net elevation change 1121 feet; accumulated gains 200 feet northward and 1191 feet southward; RTD __ miles. | TBD |
| 46 | Arizona Trail: Kaibab Plateau South (Passage 40). Rating A. This passage begins at the Grand Canyon National Park boundary. At the 0.3 mile mark it intersects with FR 610 and begins following Trail #101. The trail heads north past Sourdough Well following Upper | TBD |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | North Canyon, and then out of the canyon and along a ridge. At Crystal Spring it climbs a drainage and traverses the rim to East Rim View. From here the trail crosses FR 610 at Dog Canyon, then descends the east ridge of Tater Canyon. Climbing west the trail crosses FR 131 and then follows an aspen-covered ridge. Crossing the DeMotte burn area, the trail descends steeply, crossing a valley and then descending to the north overlooking Pleasant Valley. The trail then passes Little Pleasant Valley, Little Round Valley and Crane Lake. It parallels Highway 67 and then ascends Telephone Hill where it ends at the intersection of FR 241. Hike 21.4 miles; trailhead elevations 9117 feet south and 8848 feet north; net elevation change 630 feet; accumulated gains 1866 feet northward and 2135 feet southward; RTD __ miles. | |
| 47 | Arizona Trail: Las Cienegas (Passage 7). Rating B. From the Lakes Road, the trail heads northeast past the Twin Tanks, then mostly north crossing several small roads. It turns briefly to the west and then back north again, crosses several more roads and then reaching Sahuarita Road. Turning to the east, the route crosses Hwy. 83 and becomes a trail again. It crosses the Old Sonoita Highway and then joins a two-track road. After several road junctions, including a powerline access road, it leaves the road and heads north to I-10. After going under I-10, it climbs onto a ridgeline and follows that to Three Bridges rail tressle. Hike 13 miles; trailhead elevations 4065 feet south and 3329 feet north; net elevation change 580 feet; accumulated gains 849 feet northward and 1062 feet southward; RTD __ miles. | TBD |
| 48 | Arizona Trail: Las Cienegas AZ 83 to I-10. Rating A. From the Lakes Road, the trail heads northeast past the Twin Tanks, then mostly north crossing several small roads. It turns briefly to the west and then back north again, crosses several more roads and then reaching Sahuarita Road. Turning to the east, the route crosses Hwy. 83 and becomes a trail again. It crosses the Old Sonoita Highway and then joins a two-track road. After several road junctions, including a powerline access road, it leaves the road and heads north to I-10. After going under I-10, it climbs onto a ridgeline and follows that to Three Bridges rail tressle. The Arizona Trail Guidebook describes this hike as strenuous. Hike 18 miles; trailhead elevations __ feet south and __ feet north; net elevation change __ feet; accumulated gain __ feet south and __ feet north; RTD __ miles. | TBD |
| 49 | Arizona Trail: Las Colinas (Passage 6). Rating B. This passage begins in Oak Tree Canyon (0.75 mile west of Highway 83) on FR 4072. The trail climbs slightly up to a gate and then begins a long, gradual descent. It crosses FR 4064, passes through another gate, works its way around a small hill, and then descends into Barrel Canyon. After crossing FR 231 the trail climbs up to a gate on a pass and then drops down into Scholefield Canyon. There is another gate and a climb up past FR 4062 and on to Papago Canyon. There is a short stretch on an old two-track road and then it goes through Mulberry Canyon and heads due north, contouring up and down for several miles. After one last gate, the route is a gradual downhill for the last few miles until the end of the passage at Lakes Road. Hike 13.3 miles; trailhead elevations 5203 feet south and 4065 north; net elevation change 1178 feet; accumulated gains 1321 feet north and 2459 feet southward; RTD __ miles (dirt). | TBD |
| 50 | Arizona Trail: Mazatzal Divide (Passage 23). Rating A. This entire passage is on the Mazatzal Divide Trail (#23). From the junction with the Cornucopia Trail 0.5 miles from the Mt. Peely Trailhead the route works its way up and around Mt. Peely. It passes the wilderness boundary, gets around the head of a drainage and then turns to the north and follows a ridgeline. It circles counter-clockwise around an unnamed peak and then descends down to the Bear Spring turnoff and then the Fisher Spring turnoff. It climbs up and over the previous ridgeline and drops down to the Shake Tree Trail junction. From here the trail continues north and downhill, passing Mazatzal Peak. The trail climbs and then drops again down to the Barnhardt Trail junction. Turning west the trail continues downhill, passing | TBD |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | Chilson Spring, contouring for a short ways and then climbs above the North Fork of Deadman Creek. It passes Horse Camp Seep, continues climbing and reaches Hopi Spring. The trail crosses the upper end of Deadman Creek, heads west and then turns north and begins descending along the east side of Maverick Basin. The trail continues northbound and then turns to the west and comes to The Park. Hike 22 miles; trailhead elevations 5726 feet south and 3279 feet north; net elevation change 1472 feet; accumulated gains 4160 feet northward and 3991 southward; RTD __ miles. | |
| 51 | Arizona Trail: Molino Basin Campground to Sabino Canyon. Rating A. This hike takes place on a portion of AZT Passage 11. The hike starts at Molino Basin Campground on Catalina Hwy, continues through old Prison Camp, past Sycamore Reservoir, and continues on to Sabino Basin. The Arizona Trail is followed from Prison Camp (now the Gordon Hirabayashi Recreation Site) to Sabino Canyon Trail #23 at the intersection of the East and West Fork Trails. From the southern end of the Sabino Canyon Trail, hikers walk to the Visitor Center on the Phoneline Trail. Hike 14.7 miles; trailhead elevation 4370 feet; net elevation change 1200 feet; accumulated loss __ feet; RTD 94 miles. | \$7 |
| 52 | Arizona Trail: Molino Basin Campground to Sabino Canyon (with tram). Rating B. This hike takes place on a portion of AZT Passage 11. The hike starts at Molino Basin Campground on Catalina Hwy, goes through old Prison Camp, past Sycamore Reservoir, and continues on to the Sabino Basin. The Arizona Trail (parts of Passages 10 – Redington Pass, and 11 – Santa Catalina Mtns.) is followed from the Molino Basin Campground to Sabino Canyon Trail #23 at the intersection of the East and West Fork Trails. Hikers take the Sabino Canyon Trail #23 southwesterly to tram stop 9 and ride the tram (fee required) to the Visitor Center. Hike 9.9 miles; trailhead elevation 4370 feet; net elevation change 1700 feet; accumulated loss __ feet; RTD 94 miles. | \$7 + \$tram |
| 53 | Arizona Trail: Morman Lake (Passage 30). Rating A. This passage begins on Highway 3 (Lake Mary Road) near Allan Lake Tank. After passing through a gate in the fence that parallels the Highway the trail follows the route of an old railroad bed. It leaves the railroad and crosses FR 91 and then heads north-northeast until it reaches Railroad Spring. At this point the route follows a road for about a mile and then becomes a trail again. It crosses FR 219 and then FR 219A, and then passes near Navajo Spring. From here the trail heads north and west, passes Wallace Spring, crosses FR 90H and then contours over to Double Springs Campground. The trail climbs up to FR 240 and then turns east. It circles back around to the west and passes above Dairy Springs Campground, crosses several forest roads and then turns to the east and joins up again with the old railroad bed. It crosses FR 132 and then just south of Railroad Tank the trail turns to the east and works its way over to FR 651, which is the entry to Pinegrove Campground. It crosses Highway 3 and climbs up past the Horse Mesa Trailhead. It turns to the north and crosses Anderson Mesa, and then passes Horse Lake. It follows a two-track, turns to the west, becomes a trail again, and passes a trail junction with the Lakeview Campground Trail. After crossing FR 129 the trail passes Vail Lake and Prime Lake, and then skirts around the Lowell Observatory. It passes by a trailhead near the observatory, heads north and then west to Marshall Lake. Hike 33.4 miles; trailhead elevations 7457 feet south and 7136 feet north; net elevation change 730 feet; accumulated gains 1432 feet northward and 1753 feet southward; RTD __ miles. | TBD |
| 54 | Arizona Trail: Mount Elden (Passage 32). Rating B. The trail begins near the Cosino exit off I-40 (#207) and heads north, goes under some railroad tracks and heads west. It follows Wildcat Canyon and after several junctions and a gate, the trail reaches FR 510. From here it works its way north and west, and across a large open area. After reaching a road it follows it due west for a short distance and then continues northwest up to the Rio de Flag and a bridged crossing. Climbing out of this drainage the trail crosses numerous 2-track roads and | TBD |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | then goes under Highway 89. A turn to the northeast and it reaches the junction to the Sandy Seep Trailhead. The route now follows the Sandy Seep Trail, connects with the Little Elden Trail, climbs up and around Little Elden Mountain and then reaches Schultz Pass Road and the Schultz Pass Trailhead. Hike 14 miles; trailhead elevations 6499 feet south and 6621 feet north; net elevation change 1536 feet; accumulated gains 1999 feet northward and 479 feet southward; RTD __ miles. | |
| 55 | Arizona Trail: North Rim Grand Canyon to Utah Border. Rating A. This hike takes place on all of portion of AZT Passages 39 thru 43. The trip involves hiking the Arizona Trail from the north rim of the Grand Canyon to the Utah border. Five hikes take place over a five-day period. Hikers pass through the beautiful Kaibab National Forest, which teems with elk, wild turkey, and other wildlife, at elevations between 6500 to 9000 feet. The base location will be the Jacob Lake Inn, which is at 7540 feet elevation. Hike 80 miles (over the 5-day period); trailhead elevation 8235 feet; check with hike guide for elevations and distances for specific days; RTD 1155 miles. | TBD |
| 56 | Arizona Trail: Oracle (Passage 13). Rating C. From the American Flag Trailhead the route proceeds in a northerly direction across National Forest Land and State Trust Land, crossing Webb Road and continuing to Oracle State Park. The trail (which is currently closed to hikers within the park except for the Arizona Trail) is marked with 4x4 inch wooden posts with the Arizona Trail 'brand'. At Kannally Wash, the route briefly follows a powerline road and then continues as a trail passing through several trail junctions. The trail heads west and then turns north and reaches Highway 77. After going under the highway the route follows the Tiger Mine Road for the last 1.5 miles to the Tiger Mine Road Trailhead. Hike 8.3 miles; trailhead elevations 4416 feet south and 4066 feet north; net elevation change 435 feet; accumulated gains 427 feet northward and 774 feet southward; RTD 41 miles. | \$3 |
| 57 | Arizona Trail: Oracle Ridge (Passage 12). Rating A. This passage begins at Romero Pass on the Mt Lemmon Trail #5. (See hikes # 8, 222, 227, 230, 243, 411, 412, 413, 414, and 497 for associated trail information) From here the trail works its way northeast up to the junction with the Wilderness of Rocks Trail (#44), which is followed to the east and then northeast until it reaches the Marshall Gulch Trail (#3). From here the route goes east southeast to the Marshall Gulch Trailhead on FR 10. It turns north following this road into Summerhaven, crosses Catalina Highway then turns left onto FR 38 (Control Road), and then continues due north and downhill on the Oracle Ridge Trail (#1). It turns east on the Cody Trail (#9) and then reaches the end of the passage at the American Flag Trailhead. Unfortunately, there is no trailhead at Romero Pass, leaving the hiker to cover several miles from Catalina State Park, Radio Ridge or Marshall Gulch to begin at Romero Pass. The hiker should plan carefully before determining the best logistics for this and adjoining passages. Hike 22.1 miles; trailhead elevations 6039 feet south and 4416 feet north; net elevation change 3560 feet; accumulated gains 5472 feet northward and 7093 feet southward; RTD __ miles | TBD |
| 58 | Arizona Trail: Pine Mountain (Passage 21). Rating A. From the Pigeon Spring/Lone Pine Saddle Trailhead the route follows FR 648, intersects with FR 143, and turns right on this road to the junction with FR 422. This road heads northwest, then west and then north as it follows the ridgeline and keeps to roughly the same elevation. The route turns to the left (west) off of the road and onto singletrack trail at the 11.5 mile mark. After a short climb the trail begins a long descent towards the Sycamore Creek area. It crosses Boulder Creek several times, goes through a corral and a gate, and then parallels Boulder Creek. After crossing Sycamore Creek the trail works its way north and then west to Highway 87. Hike 20 miles; trailheads elevations 5643 feet south and 3438 feet north; net elevation change 2716 feet; accumulated gains 2191 northward and 4397 feet southward; RTD 240 miles (dirt). | \$22 |
| 59 | Arizona Trail: Reavis Canyon (Passage 18). Rating A. From the Picketpost Trailhead, the | TBD |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | trail proceeds to and then under Highway 60. It climbs and descends to Queen Creek, crosses it and follows a fenceline. It continues on to FR 357 and then crosses a railroad line. It crosses a dirt road, passes under high-tension power lines and then climbs up to a ridgeline and follows it. After passing just east of Barnett Camp the trail enters Whitford Canyon and then crosses FR 650. The trail parallels FR 650 and finally crosses it again and reaches Reavis Canyon Trailhead. It follows this trail (#509) along a streambed and then up towards Montana Mountain. The trail passes south of the peak and then again connects with FR 650. It continues west on FR 650 to FR 172A and then north to the Rogers Trough Trailhead. Hike 18.6 miles; trailhead elevations 2399 feet south and 4830 feet north; net elevation change 3152 feet; accumulated gains 3926 northward and 1482 feet southward; RTD __ miles (dirt). | |
| 60 | Arizona Trail: Red Hills (Passage 24). Rating B. This passage begins at The Park at the intersection of the North Peak Trail (#24) and the Mazatzal Divide Trail (#23). From here the trail heads northwest, crosses the upper ends of two City Creek side canyons, passes Knob Mountain, and drops down to the junction with the Brush Trail (#249). Following this trail it crosses a drainage, climbs up the other side and then curves around to the north and drops down to Houston Creek. After crossing several drainages the trail reaches a saddle on Bullfrog Ridge and then switchbacks down into Bullfrog Canyon. It climbs part way out, becomes an old two-track road and then begins descending along the side of the canyon. It turns to the right and becomes a trail again. The trail works its way past Copper Mountain and comes to a road. This is the entry to the LF Ranch. The trail loops around to the east of the ranch and then reaches the East Verde River. Hike 14.3 miles; trailhead elevations 3279 feet south and 3278 feet north; net elevation change 3004 feet; accumulated gains 2050 feet northward and 4665 feet southward; RTD __ miles. | TBD |
| 61 | Arizona Trail: Redington Pass - Italian Trap Trail. Rating C. This hike takes place on a portion of AZT Passage 10. From the trailhead (see Driving Directions), continue down the Italian Spring Trail for 2.8 miles. Near the end, you cross a metal ATV-proof gate. Continue another 200 yards to a junction to the right, which is Italian Ranch Trail (more of a dirt road than "trail"). Follow the road as it passes a corral, and gradually turns right, becoming Italian Trap Road (FR # 37), which is a rutted dirt road. Follow this back up to your car. The hike starts at 4000 feet elevation, drops 500 feet, and then climbs 500 feet back up to the trailhead. The hike takes 2.5 hours hiking at a slow to moderate pace. Hike 5.5 miles; trailhead elevation 4000 feet; net elevation change 500 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD __ miles. | TBD |
| 62 | Arizona Trail: Redington Pass - La Milagrosa Ridge Trail. Rating C. The hike begins at Molino Basin Campground on the Catalina Hwy and involves traversing a portion of AZT Passage 10. We hike south on the Arizona Trail, traversing 600 feet up the Molino Ridge (high point el. 4800 feet). It is mostly down hill as we reach the junction for the Milagrosa Ridge Trail, and continue along an up-and-down ridge to the vehicles at Horsehead Road (near Soldier Trail Road). There are great views along the way of the valley and sheer rock walls of Milagrosa and Agua Caliente Canyons. The trail is mostly good with a few rocky areas. Cars will need to be left at Horsehead Road (el. 2700 feet) and driven back to Molino Basin, 7 miles away. Hike 7.8 miles; trailhead elevation 4300 feet; net elevation change minus 1600 feet; accumulated gain 900 feet; elevation loss 2500 feet; RTD 88 miles. | \$7 |
| 63 | Arizona Trail: Redington Pass (Passage 10). Rating B. (See hikes 25, 28 and 36 for associated trail information.) From the Arizona Trail sign at Italian Trap the trail climbs steadily, turns to the west and then drops down to Redington Road. From here the trail heads northeast, then turns west and then reaches the Bellota Ranch Road. Just beyond the road crossing is The Lake Trailhead. From here the route follows the Bellota Trail (#15). It crosses Caliente Creek, goes through several gates and then climbs up to the pass above | TBD |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | Molino Basin. From an elevation of 4860 feet the trail descends rapidly down to the Catalina Highway. After passing around the Molino Basin Campground the trail climbs steadily westward until it reaches the Gordon Hirabayashi (Prison Camp) Trailhead. Hike 15.7 miles; trailhead elevations 3997 feet south and 4868 feet north; net elevation change 1060 feet; accumulated gains 2601 feet northward and 1710 feet southward; RTD __ miles. | |
| 64 | Arizona Trail: Redington Pass Road to Molino Basin Campground. Rating B. (This hike is the same as Passage 10 for Redington Pass, except for the southernmost 3 miles.) The trail is rolling with moderate up-and-down elevation changes. Starting east of the Catalinas at the trailhead on Redington Pass Road, hikers first complete the 4-mile segment of the recently repositioned Arizona Trail where it links with the Italian Trap segment out of the Rincon Mountains and connects with the lake southeast of Bellota Ranch. From here, we hike to West Spring, cross Molino Creek, and end at Molino Basin Campground on Catalina Hwy. Drivers will be needed to shuttle hikers to the trailhead. Hike 11 miles; trailhead elevation 4360 feet; net elevation change 900 feet; accumulated gain 1665 feet; RTD 100 miles (dirt). | \$9 |
| 65 | Arizona Trail: Rincon Mountain. Rating A. The top of the Rincons is a great place for solitude since there is no easy way to get there from a road. We will start this through hike in the Rincon Mountain Wilderness at Turkey Creek Trailhead. We soon cross the Saguaro National Park –East boundary, enjoying views of Rincon Peak to the south and the Catalina Mountains to the north. We begin a steep climb at the boundary, gaining over 3000 feet in 3 miles. We pass through a number of plant communities beginning with rolling grasslands, transitioning to oak/juniper forests, and topping out with ponderosa pine forests. About 6.5 miles from the trailhead, we reach Manning Camp which is occasionally used by the National Park Service and has a restroom, water and campsites. We begin a steady descent along the Manning Camp Trail, losing 5000 feet over 9.5 miles, passing through Grass Shack Campground and arriving at Madrona Ranger Station. From here we leave the park and walk 4 miles on a dirt road back to the trailhead. (The dirt road is on private property with no trespassing signs. A connector trail will be built in Saguaro National Park to the Madrona Ranger Station by the Arizona Trail Association in the future). We will need one 4WD vehicle and shuttle driver for every 3 hikers. Hike 20 miles; trailhead elevation 4630 feet; net elevation change 4010 feet; accumulated gain 4010 feet; accumulated loss 5450 feet; RTD 120 miles. | \$9 |
| 66 | Arizona Trail: Rincon Mountains (Passage 9). Rating A. From Hope Camp the trail heads north/northwest to the Quilter Trail junction. It follows this trail north and then east over several drainages, reaches a high saddle and then drops down to the junction with the Manning Camp Trail. From here the trail climbs steadily for several miles, passes a trail junction, and then drops down into the Grass Shack Campground. It then climbs continuously for several more miles to the northeast, passes another trail junction, crosses Chimenea Creek, and then comes to Manning Camp. From Manning Camp the trail goes through several trail junctions on the way to Mica Mountain and then it starts down the other side of the Rincon Mountains. It passes Italian Spring and begins dropping fairly steeply through an old burn area. After passing the wilderness boundary the trail works its way along a ridgeline and then descends to the Italian Trap Trailhead. Hike 21.6 miles; trailhead elevations 3131 feet south and 3977 feet north; net elevation change 5457 feet; accumulated gains 6159 feet northward and 5306 feet southward; RTD __ miles. | TBD |
| 67 | Arizona Trail: Rincon Valley (#1). Rating B. From Pistol Hill Road, the Arizona Trail traverses the east side of Colossal Cave to Marsh Station. This section is very scenic, passing through limestone outcroppings, lush vegetation, uplifted fossilized coral, and magnificent mountain views ending with railroad bridges over Cienega Creek. Trains are often seen here. This will be a key exchange hike unless a driver is available to drop off hikers at Pistol Hill | TBD |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | Road and meet them at Marsh Station. Hike 9 miles; trailhead elevation 3380 feet at Pistol Hill Road (3500 feet at Marsh Station); net elevation change 300 feet; accumulated gain 800 feet; RTD 120 (Pistol Hill) -130 miles (Marsh Station, dirt). | |
| 68 | Arizona Trail: Rincon Valley (#2). Rating A. From a trailhead at the northern end of Camino Loma Alta Road, the Hope Camp Trail takes hikers 2.8 miles to Hope Camp. Remnants of Hope Camp include an old windmill frame and old shack. From Hope Camp there is a short bushwhack to the Arizona Trail at the Saguaro National Park - East boundary. The Arizona Trail continues across Rincon Creek past a very large crested barrel cactus. The AZT crosses X9 Ranch Road and Pistol Hill Road through desert terrain. From here the Arizona Trail traverses the east side of Colossal Cave to Cienega Creek/3 bridges. This is a very scenic section with mountain views through limestone outcroppings, lush vegetation, and uplifted fossilized coral, ending with railroad bridges over Cienega Creek. Often trains are seen here. This will be a key exchange or shuttle hike. Hike 17.3 miles (including 2.8 miles to reach Hope Camp TH); trailhead elevation is 3500 feet at Marsh Station; ___ feet at Hope Camp TH; net elevation change ___ feet; accumulated gain 2390 feet; RTD 130 miles (Cienega Creek/3 bridges, dirt). | \$12 |
| 69 | Arizona Trail: Rincon Valley (Passage 8). Rating C. (See hikes 38 and 433 for associated trail information.) From the Davidson Canyon-Gabe Zimmerman trailhead the trail drops down into Davidson Canyon, joins Cienega Creek, goes under the train trestle, and then climbs out of the canyon on the north side. After joining a two-track, the route turns sharply back to the southwest and then crosses Marsh Station Road. From here the trail heads west and then north across several drainages. It crosses a pipeline road and then goes under some powerlines. From here it climbs up to a saddle and a view of the La Posta Quemada ranch and the south end of Colossal Cave Mountain Park. The trail switchbacks down and then around the ranch to the east. It enters the park and parallels Posta Quemada Canyon past the campground and up to a park road. After crossing the road, it parallels it and then comes to the La Selvilla picnic area. From here it runs north-northwest up to Pistol Hill Road, crosses this road and then the X-9 Ranch Road, and continues up through the Rincon Valley. After passing through a gate the trail crosses Rincon Creek and then reaches a kiosk at the boundary of Saguaro National Park. From here the trail works its way over to a gate and then north up to Hope Camp. The hike is easy to moderate. Hike 14.8 miles; trailhead elevations 3329 feet south and 3131 feet north; net elevation change 580 feet; accumulated gains 849 feet northward and 1062 feet southward; RTD 130 miles (Marsh Station, dirt). | TBD |
| 70 | Arizona Trail: Saddle Mountain (Passage 22). Rating A. From the underpass under Highway 87 the trail follows a drainage west a short distance and then turns right. It passes one gate and then another one and then swings to the north and goes through another gate. It heads northwest and reaches yet another gate, goes up a drainage, crosses it and gets to another gate. From here it passes under some powerlines and comes to a trail junction. A turn to the left here, another gate and then the trail begins working its way up a drainage. It crosses a small saddle and follows another drainage, curving around to the northeast and then reaching FR 25. It turns to the left onto FR 25 and follows it north. The trail descends down into McFarland Canyon and then heads upstream and follows a side canyon up to a trail junction. It takes the left fork and continues heading uphill. The trail descends down to Thicket Spring and the wilderness boundary, and then climbs steadily up to the junction with the Cornucopia Trail. Hike 16 miles; trailhead elevations 3438 feet south and 5726 feet north; net elevation change 2295 feet; accumulated gains 3820 feet northward and 1525 feet southward; RTD ___ miles. | TBD |
| 71 | Arizona Trail: San Francisco Peaks (Passage 34). Rating A. From the Schultz Tank parking lot (Sunset Trailhead) the route proceeds north on the Weatherford/Kachina trail for | TBD |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | <p>a short distance and then turns left (west) on new single-track trail. It works its way west-northwest across the Fort Valley Experimental Forest for about 7.4 miles to the Snowbowl Road. After crossing Snowbowl Road, it climbs steeply for the next 4 miles, gaining about 1,400 ft to the bottom end of the Aspen Loop connector trail. From here the trail passes Lew Tank, and the junction with the Bismarck Lake TH access trail, and Bismarck Lake. The trail then trends northward down the slope, across several two-track roads and through an aspen grove to FR-418. It heads north-northwest around the base of the White Horse Hills, joins a two-track for a short distance, and then leaves the road and works its way northeast up to FR 514 and Kelly Tank. The trail parallels FR 514 and then continues to the north when FR 514 turns to the east. The route crosses FR 523 and begins following FR 416. It passes Badger Tank and Bonita Tank, and then the route turns to the northwest and travels to Missouri Bill Hill. It skirts around the west side of this hill, heads northwest to FR 417 and then west over to Cedar Ranch. Hike 36 miles; trailhead elevations 8020 feet south and 6375 feet north; net elevation change 3013 feet; accumulated gains 2165 feet northward and 3810 feet southward; RTD __ miles.</p> | |
| 73 | <p>Arizona Trail: Santa Catalina Mountains (Passage 11). Rating C. (See hikes 31 and 32 for associated trail information.) From the Gordon Hirabayashi (Prison Camp) Trailhead the trail heads west on a dirt road, becomes a trail then reaches the wilderness boundary. Now on the Sycamore Reservoir Trail (#39), the route passes the reservoir and continues along Sycamore Canyon. It crosses the canyon and then drops down to and follows the East Fork of Sabino Canyon. The trail crosses Box Camp Canyon and then begins the long uphill along the West Fork of Sabino Canyon. It passes Hutch's Pool and the Cathedral Rock Trail (#26). The passage end is reached at Romero Pass. Unfortunately, there is no trailhead at Romero Pass, leaving the hiker to continue several miles to Catalina State Park or up the mountain to either Radio Ridge or Marshall Gulch. The low rating for this hike is therefore quite misleading. You should plan carefully before attempting this passage as a day hike. Hike 11.7 miles; net elevation change __ feet; trailhead elevations 4820 feet south and 6080 feet north; net elevation change 2320 feet; accumulated gains __ northward and __ feet southward; RTD __ feet.</p> | TBD |
| 74 | <p>Arizona Trail: Santa Rita Mountains (Passage 5). Rating B. This passage begins on Gardner Canyon Road, just west of Gardner Canyon Trailhead. The route passes the trailhead, heads over to Cave Creek, descends into Fish Canyon and then heads northwest to Kentucky Camp. It goes through the camp area, follows the Kentucky Camp Road and then works its way up Sucker Gulch. It goes past Granite Mountain, through Ophir Gulch and then turns on to FR 165. It descends to Enzenberg Canyon, climbs up to a road, crosses California Gulch and then crosses FR 62. After a couple of small ridges the trail reaches the upper end of Oak Tree Canyon. It follows this canyon down to a point about 3/4 mile from Highway 83. The Santa Rita passage is rich in mining history, much of which can be observed from the trail. The renovated Kentucky Camp is an early 1900's base for Stetson hydraulic gold mining company, which never saw production. Remnants of an aqueduct to provide pressurized water, along with interpretive signs, can be seen along the trail. The hike is moderately difficult. Hike 13.5 miles; trailhead elevations 5215 feet south and 5203 feet north; net elevation change 837 feet; accumulated gain 1622 northward and 1634 southward; RTD 141 miles (dirt).</p> | \$13 |
| 75 | <p>Arizona Trail: Sunnyside Canyon to Parker Lake. Rating C. This is a continuation of the AZT Passage 1 through the Huachuca Mountains. We'll park a vehicle at the Parker Lake Trailhead then drive to Sunnyside Canyon and hike back down to the lake through a sycamore-shaded canyon and grassy meadows with views of the Canelo Hills and Cochise Peak. Hike 4.9 miles; trailhead elevation 5925 feet; net elevation change 400 feet;</p> | TBD |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | accumulated gain/loss 410/685feet; RTD __ miles. | |
| 76 | Arizona Trail: Superstition Wilderness (Passage 19). Rating A. (See hike __ for associated trail information.) The trail enters the Superstition Wilderness and descends into Rogers Canyon on trail #109. It reaches an intersection with trail #110 and then turns northeast and travels up on to Reavis Saddle and on to the ruins of Reavis Ranch. From the ranch area Trail #109 heads north to a junction with Trail #117 (the Reavis Gap Trail). The route follows this trail across Pine Creek towards Reavis Gap. At a trail junction with trail #119 (the Two Bar Ridge Trail) the route turns and goes past Walnut Spring, Two Bar Mountain and along the high Two Bar Ridge. Just beyond Pinyon Mountain Trail #119 ends at the Black Bush ranch road (FR 83). The route follows this road and then turns north on trail #120 (the Cottonwood Trail). This trail goes through Cottonwood Canyon, by Cottonwood Spring and then onto FR 341. This road climbs out of Cottonwood Canyon and then descends to trail #121 (the Thompson Trail). Trail #121 parallels Roosevelt Lake, passes the Roosevelt Cemetery and then works its way over and down to the Thompson Trailhead. From here the route follows Highway 88 over the Roosevelt Lake Bridge to the Vineyard Trailhead. Hike 29.7 miles; trailhead elevations 4830 feet south and 2203 feet north; net elevation change 3203 feet; accumulated gains 4938 feet northward and 7570 feet southward; RTD __ miles (dirt). | TBD |
| 77 | Arizona Trail: Superstition Wilderness Trail. Rating A. Passage 19 is a nearly 30-mile trek through the Superstitions between the Rogers Trough and Theodore Roosevelt Dam (Vineyard) Trailheads. The trail proceeds initially northwest up Rogers Canyon for 1.5 miles, then mostly north through the Reavis Ranch in Reavis Canyon and parts of the Tonto National Forest to the Two Bar Ridge Trailhead at the intersection with FR83 near the Gila/Maricopa County Line. The trail heads generally northwest past Cottonwood Spring, and eventually converges on Hwy 88 and the Roosevelt Dam Bridge, which is used to reach the northern terminus of the passage at the lake. The passage will be done over three days, and the elevation changes and accumulated gains will depend on which direction is hiked. Check with the hiking guide for specific trailheads and other details for each day. Hike 30 miles, trailhead elevations 4840 feet south and 2200 feet north, net elevation change 3200 feet; accumulated gain 4468 feet northward and 7110 feet southward; RTD __ miles with dirt road. | TBD |
| 78 | Arizona Trail: Temporal Gulch. Rating C. The trail is one of the most scenic and rarely traveled trails in the Santa Rita Mountains following a jeep trail along a perennial stream. There are several abandoned mines along the way. The trailhead is reached by driving north out of Patagonia for 7.5 miles on FS # 72 before descending into Temporal Gulch. The hike ends at Gardner Canyon Road. Fremont cottonwood and Arizona sycamore dominate the riparian vegetation. Numerous birding species abound in the area due to its proximity to Madera Canyon. Wet stream crossings are a possibility. Hike 7.5 miles; trailhead elevation 4100 feet; net elevation change 900 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 184 miles (dirt). | \$17 |
| 79 | Arizona Trail: Temporal Gulch (Passage 4). Rating A. (See hikes 41 and 43 for associated trail information.) From the Post Office in Patagonia the route follows Highway 82 northeast for 1/4 mile and then turns left on Temporal Canyon Road (FR 72). It follows this road up to the Walker Basin Trailhead in Walker Canyon. After passing Upper Walker Tank it crosses a saddle and then descends, working its way east into Casa Blanca Canyon. It goes by Bear Spring, crosses several drainages and then comes to the Tunnel Springs Trailhead. From here it heads east and then follows the old flume north and east up to Gardner Canyon Road. The hike is moderately difficult. Hike 22.3 miles; trailhead elevations 4061 feet south and 5215 feet north; net elevation change 2509 feet; accumulated gain 3557 northward and 2403 southward; RTD __ miles. | TBD |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| 80 | Arizona Trail: Temporal Gulch / Santa Rita. Rating A. The hike will be conducted as a key exchange, one group starting from Gardner Canyon Road, and the other near Patagonia on FS # 72, 7 miles into the Temporal Gulch segment. From the FS # 72 trailhead, hikers follow the rocky road 5 more miles as it continues north into the Mount Wrightson Wilderness. At Walker Basin Trailhead, a single-track trail begins as we switchback along the lower reaches of Josephine Peak. About a mile later, we reach a fork at a saddle which is the high point of this passage at 6570 feet. The views are stunning, into Mexico to the south, to the Huachucas to the southeast, and to Mt. Wrightson to the northwest. The trail passes interpretive signs describing the elaborate hydraulic mining system that existed in the area in the early 1900's. The trail continues 3.3 miles into the Santa Ritas segment, and ends at Gardner Canyon Road. The 2nd group does the hike in reverse. Starting from Gardner Canyon Road, the trail climbs gently 1300 feet in the first 6 miles then steeply, 900 feet in one mile, to the saddle high-point at 6570 feet. 750 feet are lost over the next 2 miles. The trail remains at a fairly constant elevation for the next 3 miles, and then descends 500 feet over the last 3 miles to an ending elevation of 5200 feet. Hike 15.3 miles; trailhead elevations: Temporal Gulch; Cardner Canyon 4440/5235 feet; net elevation change 800 feet; accumulated gains 2665/1870 feet; RTD to Patagonia 110 miles. | \$8 |
| 81 | Arizona Trail: Tortilla Mountains. Rating B. This is the southern leg of the Passage 15. The trail starts near the Tecolote Ranch and follows a series of old roads south, across dry washes and along a single-track trail. There are interesting large boulder formation and mostly rolling desert terrain. We hike just beyond Tecolote Ranch. This is a key exchange hike. High clearance vehicles are required. Hike 8.5 miles; trailhead elevation 4015 (3600 feet for Tecolote Ranch) feet; net elevation change 450 feet; accumulated gain 790 feet; RTD 72 miles (dirt). | \$7 |
| 82 | Arizona Trail: Tortilla Mountains - Tecolote Ranch to Kelvin-Riverside Bridge. Rating A. This is the northern leg of Passage 15. The trail begins near the Tecolote Ranch. After crossing the road the trail continues north, crosses under high-tension power lines and joins a road. It crosses several cattle paths as it follows the road for almost 2 miles and then heads cross-country before joining another road. From here the trail turns north, passes several road junctions and climbs to a gate on a hill. The trail descends down the northeast side of this hill and then follows the drainage to a road. After leaving the road the trail descends down to Ripsey Wash, crosses the wash and then turns into a side canyon and begins climbing up onto the "Big Hill." After switchbacking around the hill the trail heads north-northwest along a ridgeline. It turns to the east and then due north, and then starts a long descent. After crossing several washes, the trail reaches a 2-track and follows it down to the Florence-Kelvin Highway. The route turns to the right on the FK Hwy (dirt road) and follows it down to the Kelvin Bridge / Gila River. Hike 13 miles; trailhead elevation __ feet; net elevation change __ feet; accumulated gain 500 feet; RTD __ miles. | TBD |
| 83 | Arizona Trail: Tortilla Mountains (Passage 15). Rating A. (See hikes 43 and __ for associated trail information.) From the Freeman Road Trailhead the route heads to a pipeline road, turns to the north and follows a two-track, and then turns west. It crosses one road and then crosses Haydon Ranch Road. It goes under some high-tension powerlines, crosses two two-track roads and then crosses a gasline road. It then turns to the west, crosses a large wash and begins following a fenceline. After going through a gate the trail turns to the northwest and passes by a large boulder pile. From here the trail continues through the desert, crossing several washes, another road and another gate, just above Tecolote Ranch Road. After crossing this road the trail keeps to the north, crosses under the same high-tension powerlines and joins a road. It follows this road for almost 2 miles and then heads cross-country before joining another road. From here the trail turns north, passes several road junctions and climbs | TBD |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | to a gate on a hill. The trail descends down the northeast side of this hill and then follows a drainage to a road. After leaving the road the trail descends down to Ripsey Wash, follows it for a ways and then turns into a side canyon and begins climbing up onto the 'Big Hill'. After switchbacking around the hill the trail heads north-northwest along a ridgeline. It turns to the east and then back due north, and then starts a long descent. After crossing several washes the trail reaches newly constructed trail leading to the Florence-Kelvin Highway at the yet to be constructed trailhead. It crosses the highway and heads in a north-northeast direction. After crossing a large wash it curves around and down to the Kelvin Bridge and the Gila River. Hike 28.4 miles; trailhead elevations 4012 feet south and __ feet north; net elevation change 2235 feet; accumulated gains 1445 feet northward and 3680 feet southward; RTD __ miles (dirt). | |
| 84 | Arizona Trail: Walnut Canyon (Passage 31). Rating A. From the Marshall Lake Trailhead the trail heads mostly west across flat forest land. It passes through a gate, drops into a small canyon, crosses a road and climbs out the other side. The trail crosses FR 128B and then descends steeply into Lower Walnut Canyon. It passes the Sandy's Canyon Trail junction, turns to the right and goes up the canyon. The trail forks to the right and climbs steeply out of Walnut Canyon at Fisher Point. Once on top, it passes the Fisher Point Trail junction and then crosses FR 301. The trail parallels Walnut Canyon and passes another trail junction. After two more junctions the trail descends down into a tributary of Walnut Canyon. It follows the canyon for a short ways and then climbs steeply out of it. From here the trail joins a two-track and then heads north up to FR 303, which is a trailhead. The trail stays north of the Walnut Canyon National Monument until it crosses the entrance road. It then turns to the north and works its way down to Interstate 40. Hike 18.2 miles; trailhead elevations 7136 feet south and 6499 feet north; net elevation change 697 feet; accumulated gains 1178 feet northward and 1815 feet southward; RTD __ miles. | TBD |
| 85 | Arizona Trail: White Canyon (Passage 16). Rating A. The White Canyon segment is one of the last passages still in active trail building, with eight miles of new trail along the Gila River completed. Covering the remaining 8 to 10 miles involves bushwhacking. We place a car at the junction of Ripsey Wash off Florence Kelvin Highway (about 6 miles north of Kearney) then return to Hwy # 177 going north. We drive about 6.5 miles to Battle Axe Rd., then proceed 1.7 miles to the corral to begin our hike. We then proceed west about 2 miles to the confluence of White and Walnut Canyons and hike south down Walnut Canyon 1.5 miles through a passage of stunning narrows. We then retrace our steps north in the canyon 0.75 miles to an intersection with a 2-track road and head southeast for 2 miles. We stay on the 2-track which gains elevation in some lovely terrain for 2 miles, then join up with a wash which continues south for 1.7 miles to the Gila River. We then head east along the river for 0.3 miles before joining with the newly constructed trail which parallels the Gila. After crossing the Gila, we follow the train tracks 0.6 miles to the northern junction of Ripsey Wash then follow the wash 0.2 mile to our shuttle. Hike 15.4 miles; trailhead elevations 2510 feet south and __ feet north; net elevation change 795 feet; accumulated gains 2370 feet northward and 1665 feet southward; RTD 150 miles. | \$11 |
| 86 | Arizona Trail: Whiterock Mesa (Passage 25). Rating B. Starting on the north side of the East Verde River the trail follows the Rock Creek drainage up to Polk Spring and then climbs up on Polles Mesa. It reaches Red Saddle Tank and a gate, another gate, turns to the east and comes to Whiterock Spring. There is a steep climb back to the west and then the trail begins working its way across Whiterock Mesa. After crossing a drainage the trail climbs again along Saddle Ridge. There is another gate and the trail continues mostly north to the wilderness boundary and another gate. The trail passes through Saddle Ridge Pasture, another gate, and then reaches FR 194. Hike 11.4 miles; trailhead elevations 3278 feet south | TBD |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|------------------|
| | and 5851 feet north; net elevation change 2573 feet; accumulated gains 2709 feet northward and 136 feet southward; RTD __ miles. | |
| 87 | Arizona Trail: Work Session. Rating C. This is one of the Hiking Club work days. Come join the fun - it's nice to work side by side with other hiking club members, as we help maintain and report conditions for the section of the Arizona Trail called, "Black Hills/South," for which our club is responsible. This 6-mile section starts on Tiger Mine Road, off Hwy # 77, just north of the Oracle State Park. Generally, the work is light, and involves clipping, brushing, raking, and pruning, and for some, repairing cairns, adding erosion control devices and other trail work (depending on rains). Bring along gloves, hat, and hand clippers. Other tools, if needed, will be provided. The session usually lasts about 4 hours, with a return to Saddlebrooke by 12:30 p.m. to 1:00 p.m. Bring water and snacks. Hike 3 to 6 miles; RTD 50 miles (dirt). The club will pay drivers' expenses. | \$5 paid by club |
| 88 | Aspen Draw / Mint Spring Trail. Rating C. The hike begins on Turkey Run Road in Summerhaven across from the Visitor Center. After about a mile, we take the Aspen Draw Trail to Radio Ridge. From there we descend the Aspen Trail to Marshall Saddle, where we pick up the Mint Spring Trail to Carter Canyon Road, for a short 0.75 miles back to the trailhead. Hikers may choose to have lunch in Summerhaven before returning. Hike 7.5 miles; trailhead elevation 8000 feet; net elevation change 1400 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 89 | Aspen Loop / Marshall Gulch Trail. Rating C. The trail starts at the Marshall Gulch Picnic area and proceeds up the Aspen Trail to the Marshall Saddle. Hikers will lunch at a scenic spot near the Saddle, and then follow the Marshall Gulch Trail to the picnic area. Hike 3.5 miles; trailhead elevation 7420 feet; net elevation change 800 feet; accumulated gain 1090 feet; RTD 131 miles. | \$10 |
| 90 | Aspen Loop / Mint Spring Trail. Rating C. Starting at the Marshall Gulch picnic area, hikers follow the Aspen Trail to Marshall Saddle where we will take a break for a snack/lunch. The hike continues on the Mint Spring Trail to the Carter Canyon trailhead, then down the Carter Canyon road back to the Marshall Gulch picnic area. The hike is slow and easy with plenty of stops to see sights along the way. Hike 5.5 miles; trailhead elevation 7450 feet; net elevation change 800 feet; accumulated gain 1400 feet; RTD 131 miles. | \$10 |
| 91 | Atascosa Lookout. Rating B. We hike to the fire lookout station in the Tumacacori Mountains, near Rio Rico. The trail starts off Hwy # 289, 7 miles east of Pena Blanca Lake, and is very scenic, offering views over 75 miles in all directions. Hike 5 miles; trailhead elevation 4700 feet; net elevation change 1600 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 190 miles (dirt). | \$18 |
| 92 | Babad Do'ag Trail. Rating C. The trailhead is along the Catalina Hwy just across from the Babad Do'ag overlook. The trail climbs up the southern slope of McDougal Ridge until it reaches an altitude of about 4800 feet, generally paralleling Soldier Canyon. Hikers continue past the "End of Trail" sign for about 0.15 miles to a waterfall that is a good place for lunch. The route is retraced on the return leg. "Babad Do'ag" means Frog Mountain in the Tohono O'odham language. Hike 4.1 miles; trailhead elevation 3600 feet; net elevation change 1170 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 86 miles. | \$7 |
| 93 | Babad Do'ag Canyon. Rating C!. The hike involves passing through a canyon that has no defined trail. The hike starts at Horsehead Road parking area (near Soldier Trail Road). Hikers negotiate brush in the canyon at several points and some boulder hopping is required that might cause some hikers to be uncomfortable. Hikers climb a dry waterfall at the end, so there is some exposure to heights. Dress defensively. Gloves are helpful. Hike 8 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 1130 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 80 miles. | \$6 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| 94 | <p>Baboquivari Mountain - East Approach. Rating B!. Baboquivari Peak is a sacred place to the Tohono O'odham Indian Nation. According to legend, the peak marks the center of the universe and the home of Elder Brother I'toi, who taught the Tohono O'odham how to live in the desert. The hike proceeds up Thomas Canyon to a prominent, wooded saddle (elev. 6340 feet) directly northeast of the 7730-foot peak. The first portion of the trail is along a road that passes Clemente Windmill and ends near a ranch house with a corral and water tank. The trail continues along the canyon wash past a second water tank to an elevation of about 5400 feet, then switchbacks up a steep slope to the saddle. Ambitious hikers may turn southwest toward the peak and climb further to a prominent notch, beyond which technical climbing skills and equipment are required. Note: the views from the saddle to the north are obscured by trees, thereby forcing a higher climb if views are important (and you have the energy). The trail beyond the ranch house and corral is rarely used and is likely to overgrown with cat's claw and other thorny plants, so dress defensively. The last kilometer of the trail is very steep, fraught with loose rock, and difficult to follow. Just keep heading toward the saddle and watch for the infrequent cairns. A good GPS track and map may be found at www.toddshikingguide.com/hikes/Arizona/southeast/southeast22.htm. High clearance and/or 4WD vehicles are needed to reach the trailhead off Hwy # 286. Turn west about 30 miles south of Three Points (just south of milepost 16). The trail and trailhead are on private land, so please leave all gates as you find them. The trailhead of record is at a white gate about 8 miles in from the highway, although the condition of the road may force an earlier stop. A tribal permit is not needed from the east side. The hike statistics depend on where the hike is started due to road condition; the following numbers assume a start about a kilometer before reaching the Clemente Windmill. Hike 6.8 miles; trailhead elevation about 4100 feet; net elevation change 2135 feet; accumulated gain 2280 feet; RTD 182 miles (dirt).</p> | \$17 |
| 95 | <p>Baboquivari Mountain – West Approach. Rating A!. Baboquivari Peak is a sacred place to the Tohono O'odham Indian Nation. According to legend, the Peak marks the center of the universe and the home of Elder Brother I'toi, who taught the Tohono O'odham how to live in the desert. The west-approach trail was constructed by the CCC in 1934 and is easy to follow and has a relatively constant rate of ascent. The trail is steep, covering 4000 vertical feet in about 4 miles. The views include mountains to the east of Baboquivari and the valley below to the south. Baboquivari Peak fades in and out of view along the way, but the view is awe-inspiring along the latter half. The hike continues to Lion's Ledge and at least to the base of the rocky peak itself. Those who wish can proceed up the Great Ramp (which is very steep and covered with loose rock) to and beyond the mostly wooden ladder which has fallen into disrepair. At the top of the Ramp, about 100 feet of rope is required to continue ascending (which won't be done unless specified by the guide). The trailhead is accessed south of Sells off Indian Route 19. (The roads from Sells are confusing and not well marked, so take good maps.) Just south of Topawa, take Indian Route 10 east to the Baboquivari Camp and Picnic area (has flush toilets) A free Tribal permit (a sign for your vehicle window) is required but it can be obtained at the Nation's office at the intersection of Indian Routes 9 and 10 (just south of Topawa). Hike 9 miles; trailhead elevation 3535 feet; net elevation change 4000 feet; accumulated gain >4000 feet; RTD 216 miles (dirt).</p> | \$20 |
| 96 | <p>Baby Jesus. Rating C. The hike starts in the Fifty-Year Trail area near the east end of Golder Ranch Road and follows a jeep road that connects to the beginning of the Baby Jesus Trail across the Sutherland Wash. Hikers follow the trail on the east side of Baby Jesus Ridge to a rock grouping that looks in profile like the Madonna and Child, (for which the ridge is named) seeing a "window," beautiful saguaros, and rock formations along the way. The return is via the same route. Hike 7.5 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change 900 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 12 miles (dirt).</p> | \$2 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| 97 | Baby Jesus / Madonna and Child / Petroglyph Loop. Rating B. The hike begins in the Fifty-Year Trail parking area and proceeds to the Baby Jesus trail, crossing the Sutherland Wash. Hikers follow the trail on the east side of the Baby Jesus Ridge 4 miles to a rock grouping which has the appearance of the Madonna and Child. Following a short backtrack, a spur at (N 32 26 55.4 W110 51 24.2) begins a connecting trail over a grouping of 1200 year-old petroglyphs. This portion of the trail, about a mile, is unmaintained, requiring moderate bushwacking in places. Views south to the Catalinas are beautiful. A hike back along the Sutherland Wash trail system completes the loop. Hike 8.7 miles; trailhead elevation 3234 feet; net elevation change 527 feet; accumulated gain 1280 feet; RTD 12 miles (dirt). | \$2 |
| 98 | Baby Jesus / Petroglyph Loop. Rating B. The hike starts in the Fifty-Year Trail area near the east end of Golder Ranch Road. The trail crosses the Sutherland Wash and connects to the Baby Jesus Trail. At the intersection, hikers turn south until they reach the Sutherland Trail. We go west on the Sutherland (or another connecting link) for about a mile to a trail that leads to the petroglyphs, then north back to the trailhead (completing a clockwise loop). Along the way, hikers see beautiful saguaros, rock formations (including the Madona and Child, and a window), oak woodlands, and ancient petroglyphs. The hike may be done in reverse. The southern connecting link may be overgrown since it receives little use. Hike 8.7 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change 1009 feet, accumulated gain 1792 feet; RTD 12 miles (dirt). | \$2 |
| 99 | Baldy Saddle Overlook. Rating A. Hikers climb the Florida Canyon Trail, starting at the Experimental Range Headquarters in the Santa Rita Mountains. The hike involves a steep, persistent climb to the Florida Saddle at 7800 feet, where we continue on the Crest Trail for an additional 3 miles to an elevation of about 8400 feet. Hike 16 miles; trailhead elevation 4400 feet; net elevation change 4600 feet; accumulated gain 4120 feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 100 | Bear Canyon plus Seven Falls. Rating B. The trailhead is at Sabino Canyon Visitor Center. We will hike to Seven Falls and then continue up Bear Canyon for an additional 2 miles to a plateau level with Thinble Peak. The return is via the same route. Hike 11 miles; trailhead elevation 2720 feet; net elevation change 2000 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 56 miles. | \$4 |
| 101 | Bear Canyon to Sabino Canyon Loop. Rating A. The hike begins at the Sabino Canyon Visitor Center parking lot and proceeds up scenic Bear Canyon to Sycamore Canyon. At Sycamore Canyon, we turn northwest on the East Fork Trail, and then southwest on the Sabino Canyon Trail to its intersection with the Phone Line Trail. The return to the Visitor Center is via the Phone Line Trail. Hike 18 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 2100 feet; accumulated gain 4310 feet; RTD 56 miles. | \$4 |
| 102 | Bellota Ranch / Molino Basin. Rating B. The trailhead is located a short distance past the Molino Basin Fee Station going up Catalina Hwy. The hike follows the Bellota Trail to a working ranch in the Molino Basin in the Santa Catalina Mountains. Initially the trail climbs 600 feet to a saddle and then drops 900 feet into a beautiful valley, stopping at a spring used as a cattle water supply. From that point, the trail is mostly level and leads past the Bellota Ranch house and other buildings. The last portion before reaching the ranch is along road 36A. A good place for lunch is on a knoll overlooking the ranch buildings. Hike 9 miles; trailhead elevation 4300 feet; net elevation change minus 560 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 91 miles. | \$7 |
| 103 | Big Rock Dome #1. Rating C. Many SaddleBrooke residents have a view from their homes of "Dome Rock" -- the large dome to the east that is bald in the middle with patchy vegetation on both sides -- located about a third of the way up Charouleau Peak. Many have mused that it would be great to have a picnic on top of this prominent landmark. Do this hike and you can make the claim. The hike leaves from the horse farm at the end of Arroyo Way near Unit 21. We cross Canada del Oro, which may have a shallow flow if it has rained, and | \$1 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | follow a dirt road before turning left on the Charouveau Gap Road. After about 2 miles, passing forests of ocotillo, we climb across some interesting bald rock formations. There are great views of SaddleBrooke, Catalina and Biosphere along the way. On the way back, the group takes a short 1/2 mile side trip to a scenic overlook. Hike 5.8 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change 675 feet; accumulated gain 962 feet; RTD 0 miles. | |
| 104 | Big Rock Dome #2. Rating C!. The hike begins from the 4WD road off Lago del Oro just outside of SaddleBrooke, or from the CDO Wash at Unit 21. The hike takes us up Charouveau Gap Road (a rocky jeep road) past a picturesque table rock and through desert area filled with huge granite boulders and outcroppings. The hike then continues with a short bushwhack to the Big Rock Dome where hikers have a great 360-degree view. The return uses same route. Charouveau Gap Road has loose, slippery rocks in some areas. Hiking sticks are recommended. Hike 6.3 miles; trailhead elevation 3250 feet; net elevation change 800 feet; accumulated gain 1235 feet; RTD 2 miles. | \$1 |
| 105 | Big Rock Dome and Elephant Trunk Bushwhack. Rating C!. The hike starts from the horse ranch southeast of Saddlebrooke Unit 9, and proceeds across CDO Wash to Big Rock Dome. The hike is a strenuous bushwhack for an adventurous-minded, fit hiker in the granite rocks east of Saddlebrooke. Long pants, long sleeved shirts, and gloves are required. Hikers will see a rare double-crested saguaro. Hike 4 to 5 miles; trailhead elevation 3270 feet; net elevation change 770 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 5 miles. | \$1 |
| 106 | Big Rock Dome Loop. Rating C!. The hike starts from Saddlebrooke Unit 21, and heads south along the CDO Wash to the Charouveau Gap Road, a rocky jeep road. The trail heads east past the picturesque table rock and through desert area filled with huge granite boulders and outcroppings. The hike then continues with a short bushwhack to Big Rock Dome where there are great 360-degree views. Afterward, hikers come back down past a rare double-crested saguaro to the CDO Wash and return to the vehicles. The hike will appeal to the adventurous hiker who is capable of doing a bushwhack. Long pants and gloves recommended. The hike may be done in reverse. Charouveau Gap Road has loose, slippery rocks in some areas. Hiking sticks are recommended. Hike 7 miles; trailhead elevation 3270 feet; net elevation change 900 feet; RTD 5 miles. | \$1 |
| 107 | Bill Cody Loop. Rating B. The beautiful, historic Bill Cody loop begins at the American Flag trailhead on American Flag Ranch Road and covers a section of the Arizona Trail. Hikers pass the 1877 adobe house at the trailhead, and then proceed up the Arizona Trail to the Oracle Ridge Trail. We then go south toward Apache Peak, and down FR # 639, through Camp Bonita Canyon past the old Patterson Diaz homestead site. Campo Bonito is a great place for lunch. From Campo Bonito, hikers swing northward past the "Yellow Cabin" and through the grounds of La Casa del High Jinks, the site where Bill Cody staked his gold mine in 1912. We may tour the unique stone house if the owner is home. Hikers return to the trailhead via the Arizona Trail. Hike 8.2 miles; trailhead elevation 4400 feet; net elevation change 960 feet; accumulated gain 1500 feet; RTD 41 miles. | \$3 |
| 108 | Blackett's Ridge. Rating B. The hike begins at the Sabino Canyon Visitor Center, and follows relatively level, well-used trails east to the Phone Line Trailhead. After 0.4 miles along the Phone Line Trail, the Blackett's Ridge Trail branches right and continues up the ridge between Sabino and Bear Canyons. There are spectacular views of Tucson and the canyons to either side of the trail. The ridge part of the trail has several steep switchbacks mixed in with some level areas. There are three false summits before reaching the end of the trail, a point where it is not possible to continue because the terrain drops precipitously. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 2720 feet; net elevation change 1689 feet; accumulated gain 1735 feet; RTD 56 miles. | \$4 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| 109 | Blackett's Ridge with Tram Ride. Rating B. From the Sabino Canyon Visitor Center, we take the Bear Canyon Tram (fee required) to the Phone Line Trailhead. After 0.4 miles along the Phone Line Trail, the Blackett's Ridge Trail branches right and continues up the ridge between Sabino and Bear Canyons. There are spectacular views of Tucson and the canyons to either side of the trail. The ridge part of the trail has several steep switchbacks mixed in with some level areas. There are three false summits before reaching the end of the trail, a point where it is not possible to continue because the terrain drops precipitously. At the bottom, we return to the Visitor Center via the tram. Hike 5.2 miles; trailhead elevation 2720 feet; net elevation change is 1689 feet; accumulated gain is 1735 feet; RTD 56 miles. | \$4 + \$tram |
| 110 | Bluff Loop Trail Sabino Canyon. Rating D. From the Sabino Canyon Visitor Center, the hike proceeds along the Bluff Trail overlooking Sabino Creek, and is a favorite during the fall due to color changes in the leaves of velvet ash, cottonwood, willow, and Arizona sycamore trees. Bring a camera and a minimum of one quart of water. Hike 3.1 miles; trailhead elevation 2720 feet; net elevation change 200 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 56 miles. | \$4 |
| 111 | Bog-Kent Springs Loop Trail. Rating B. The hike begins at the Bog Springs Campground in Madera Canyon in the Santa Rita Mountains, and passes through three areas fed by natural springs which are home to bamboo, huge Arizona sycamore, walnut, and fir trees. There are great views of Madera Canyon, Green Valley, Kitt Peak, and Baboquivari Peak from this trail, which involves strenuous, steep climbs in spots. Hiking poles recommended. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 5340 feet; net elevation change 1360 feet; accumulated gain 2000 feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 112 | Boulder Ridge Loop. Rating B. The hike begins below Saddlebrooke Unit 21 and quickly enters the CDO Wash. We hike north in the CDO passed the old dam and enter the Coronado National Forest on an old jeep road looping around the boulders. The trail passes a hillside filled with beautiful saguaros and affords great views of the surrounding area. We then begin a loop to the south on FR # 4496 through a few miles of mesquites, mild hills and valleys, all in sight of the northern end of the Samaniego Ridge. We eventually join the Charouveau Gap Road (FR # 736) and head back to the ranch where we started. Charouveau Gap Road has loose, slippery rocks in some areas; hiking sticks recommended. Hike 10.5 miles; trailhead elevation 3270 feet; net elevation change 950 feet; accumulated gain 1270 feet; RTD 5 miles. | \$1 |
| 113 | Box Camp Trail. Rating B. Starting at the Box Camp Trailhead near Spencer Peak on Catalina Hwy, the trail is downhill, crosses the East Fork Trail, then along the Sabino Canyon Trail to the uppermost tram stop in Sabino Canyon (fee required). We pass the Box Springs trail spur turnoff, stop for lunch near Apache Springs, and descend through pines, oaks, manzanita, and finally, saguaros. In the opinion of many hikers, this is the finest, most spectacular top-to-bottom hike in the Catalinas. The trail may be overgrown and requires trail finding skills. A car will need to be left at Sabino Canyon Visitor Center. Hike 10 miles; trailhead elevation 7920 feet; net elevation change minus 4600 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; accumulated loss minus >4600 feet; RTD 123 miles. | \$9 |
| 114 | Box Camp Trail to Sabino Canyon Overlook. Rating C. The hike begins at the Box Camp Trailhead near Spencer Peak on Catalina Hwy. After a short uphill climb, the hike proceeds downhill for 2.5 miles to an overlook that provides a marvelous, panoramic view of Sabino Canyon area. We will have lunch here, and then return slowly uphill to the trailhead. Hike 5 miles; trailhead elevation 7920 feet; net elevation change 1600 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 123 miles. | \$9 |
| 115 | Box Canyon Hike in the Tortilla Mountains. Rating C. The Tortilla Mountains are reached by driving to Price Road north of Florence (just south of the railroad track), and to Box Canyon Road. The last portion includes 14 miles of dirt road. The road is well graded, so | \$12 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | high clearance or 4WD vehicles are NOT necessary. Vehicles may be parked at the entrance to Box Canyon. About a mile into the canyon, hikers will see very interesting rock formations, rock coloring, and sheer walls. A fork in the wash is reached after a bit, marked with a large sign with an arrow pointing left. The left fork curves left, eventually turning back to Hwy # 79 north of Florence. The right fork, which we will follow, swings right, and then begins an ascent of 536 feet to a cattle guard, and a 'pass' of sorts. The 'pass' is about 2.5 miles from the starting point and is a good lunch spot with great views. The return is via the same route. This road leads, in another 3 to 5 miles, to the Coke Ovens, and the Martinez Mine/Cabin. There are numerous Jeeps, ATV's, and dirt bikes on this road on weekends. Hike 5 miles; trailhead elevation 1750 feet; net elevation change 536 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 123 miles (including 28 miles on dirt). | |
| 116 | Box Spring. Rating C. The hike starts at the Box Camp Trailhead (Trail #22A) on Catalina Hwy below Spencer Peak, proceeds down Box Camp Trail to the Box Springs turn-off and then down to Box Springs. The return is via the same route. The hike is mostly in forest. Before Mt. Lemmon's General Hitchcock Hwy was built, the Box Camp Trail was the main avenue to exchange Tucson's heat for the cool Santa Catalinas. The military used Box Camp at the turn of the century. Hike 4 miles; trailhead elevation 7920 feet; net elevation change minus 800 feet; accumulated gain 1000 feet; RTD 123 miles. | \$9 |
| 117 | Boyce-Thompson Arboretum. Rating D ☺ . The arboretum (fee required) features 35 acres of nature paths, towering trees, cacti, mountain cliffs, a streamside forest, a desert lake, and panoramic views. It is located about 100 miles north of SaddleBrooke off U.S. 60 between Florence Junction and Superior. The park is open 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Bring lunch, camera, hiking stick optional. Hiking boots or comfortable walking shoes are recommended, although the paved trail is relatively level. Call the hike guide for more details. Hike is under 4 miles; trailhead elevation __ feet; net elevation change is minimal; accumulated gain is minimal; RTD 164 miles. | \$12 |
| 118 | Bridal Wreath Falls. Rating C. The Douglas Spring Trailhead is located at the east end of Speedway Blvd. The hike involves some relatively steep climbing up the Douglas Spring Trail for the first 2.5 miles, before turning off on the 0.3 miles spur leading to the falls. The trail is well used and easy to follow. Bring sun protection. Water may be flowing over the falls if there has been sufficient rainfall. Hike 5.6 miles; trailhead elevation 2720 feet; net elevation change 1120 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 80 miles. | \$6 |
| 119 | Bridal Wreath Falls Loop. Rating C. The Douglas Spring Trailhead is located at the east end of Speedway Blvd. The hike involves some relatively steep climbing up the Douglas Spring Trail for the first 2.5 miles, before turning off on the 0.3 mile spur leading to the falls. We return via the Douglas Spring trail for 0.3 miles, and then take the Three Tanks Trail for 1.5 miles to where it joins the Carillo Trail. We hike for 0.5 miles and rejoin the Douglas Spring Trail, with considerable elevation, and return to the trailhead. Another option is to continue on the Three Tanks Trail to the Garwood Trail that joins the Douglas Spring Trail only 0.3 mile from the trailhead. The trail is well used and easy to follow. Bring sun protection. Water may be flowing over the falls if there has been sufficient rainfall. Hike 7.2 miles; trailhead elevation 2720 feet; net elevation change 1050 feet; accumulated gain 1120 feet; RTD 80 miles. | \$6 |
| 120 | Bridle Trail - Catalina State Park. Rating D. The trail is flat and easy, and connects the Equestrian Center with the trailhead at the east end of the park road. The trail is soft and dusty due to its use by horses. Park pass or entry fee required. Hike 2.8 miles; trailhead elevation 2800 feet; net elevation change is minimal; accumulated gain is minimal; RTD 24 miles. | \$2 + \$2 |
| 121 | Brown Canyon – Ramsey Canyon Loop. Rating B. In the Huachuca Mountains, hikers | \$15 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | follow the Brown Canyon Box Trail to a ridge where it drops into Ramsey Canyon before turning back to the Visitor Center. In Brown Canyon, hikers may see mining artifacts and two gravesites. Ramsey Canyon is always a delight with some of the largest Arizona sycamore trees in southern Arizona. Hike 8 miles; trailhead elevation 5000 feet; net elevation change 1800 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 211 miles. | |
| 122 | Brown Canyon Box Hike in the Huachuca Mountains. Rating C. The trail is unusual in that it passes two gravesites and rusty mining artifacts along the way. The trail narrows into a footpath as it approaches the Box, a rocky boxed-in area with a small falls and a delightful swimming hole. The trail leaves the canyon and continues up the stream in the Box. Hike 8 miles; trailhead elevation 4000 feet; net elevation change 1000 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 211 miles. | \$15 |
| 123 | Brown Canyon Nature Tour - Buenos Aires National Wildlife Refuge. Rating C. This is a beautiful canyon with wildflower, birding and wild animal spotting possibilities. The hike is located off Hwy # 286 south of Three Points near milepost 21. The nature tour will be led by trained volunteers from the Buenos Aires National Wildlife Refuge. The guide tour will highlight the geologic and ranching history of the canyon as well as the plants and birds. The hike ends at the 5th largest natural bridge in Arizona. Limited to 12 hikers. Permit fee required. High clearance vehicle desirable. Hike 3.8 miles; trailhead elevation is 4100 feet; net elevation change 600 feet; accumulated gain 631 feet; RTD 174 miles, with 10 miles on dirt. | \$16 + \$4 |
| 124 | Brown Mountain. Rating C. The Brown Mountain Trail is along a ridge in the heart of the Tucson Mountains. It starts at a trailhead on McCain Loop Road, just south of Kinney Road east of the Arizona Sonoran Desert Museum. Along this "ridge ramble" are excellent views of the mountains, valleys, and desert vegetation. The route has many up and downs. Hike 5 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 (trailheads at either end are 2640 and 2880) feet; net elevation change 424 feet; accumulated gain 943 feet; RTD 73 miles. | \$6 |
| 125 | Bug Spring Trail # 1. Rating B. From the Lower Bug Spring Trailhead (a quarter mile up the Catalina Highway from Hirabayashi Campground), the hike proceeds southeast along a narrow ribbon of trail carved into the granite hillside. After an uphill set of switchbacks, the terrain mellows out with outstanding vistas and views of granite sculptures. The trail dives down the north side of the ridge into a heavily forested drainage. Upward to the highpoint of the trail, you can see a few big madrone trees and views of the Sierrita Mountains, Baboquivari and the mighty Rincons. The trail descends steeply to the Upper Bug Spring Trailhead (a quarter mile south of General Hitchcock Campground), which is the turnaround point. Return is via the same trail. Hike 9.2 miles; trailhead elevation 5000 feet; net elevation change 1625 feet; accumulated gain 2520 feet; RTD 94 miles. | \$7 |
| 126 | Bug Spring Trail # 2. Rating B. From the Lower Bug Spring Trailhead (a quarter mile up the Catalina Highway from Hirabayashi Campground), the hike proceeds southeast along a narrow ribbon of trail carved into the granite hillside. After an uphill set of switchbacks, the terrain mellows out with outstanding vistas and views of granite sculptures. The trail dives down the north side of the ridge into a heavily forested drainage. Upward to the highpoint of the trail, you can see a few big madrone trees and views of the Sierrita Mountains, Baboquivari and the mighty Rincons. The trail descends steeply to the Upper Bug Spring Trailhead (a quarter mile south of General Hitchcock Campground), which is the terminal point. A vehicle shuttle would be needed back to the trailhead. Hike 4.6 miles; trailhead elevation 5000 feet; net elevation change 1275 feet; accumulated gain 1665 feet; RTD 94 miles. | \$7 |
| 127 | Buster Spring / Buster Mountain. Rating B. The hike involves a moderately difficult bushwhack for the adventurous fit hiker. The hike starts at the Alamo Canyon Trailhead | \$2 + \$2 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | shortly turning off to the left on a diminishing trail in Catalina State Park. Hikers proceed to Buster Spring (el. 4150 feet), which was rebuilt by the U.S. Forest Service in 1994 and is a reliable source of water year round. From the spring, hikers will climb to the summit of Buster Mountain (el. 4595 feet). The Buster Mountain summit offers magnificent views of upper Alamo Canyon and the tremendous cliffs and outcroppings there and around Table Mountain. Hike 6.4 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 1895 feet; accumulated gain 2370 feet; RTD 24 miles. | |
| 128 | Buster Spring Bushwhack. Rating B. The hike involves a moderately difficult bushwhack on the north side of the Buster Mtn. in Catalina State Park. The hike starts at the Alamo Canyon Trailhead shortly turning off to the left on a diminishing trail and provides bushwhackers a close-up view of tremendous cliffs and outcroppings in upper Alamo Canyon and around Table Mountain. Along the route, hikers will pass Buster Spring (el. 4150 feet) and climb to a prominent saddle about 0.3 miles east of Buster Mtn. (el. 4595 feet). From the saddle, we will drop down into Alamo Canyon and loop back to the trailhead. Hike 6.4 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 1750 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 24 miles. | \$2 + \$2 |
| 129 | Butterfly Trail. Rating B. From the trailhead near Soldier Camp on Catalina Hwy, we hike down Butterfly Trail # 16 to the Novio Spring area in Alder Canyon, and lunch in the vicinity of a 1957 F-86 plane crash (UTM 526435E, 3587511N). The entire steady climb is on the way out. Hikers will be in the shade of very tall Douglas firs and ponderosa pines up to a saddle and to the exit at Palisade Ranger Station. A car will need to be left here to shuttle back to the upper trailhead. Along the way are views of San Manuel to the east. Butterfly Peak is to the north. Hike 5 miles; trailhead elevation 7700 feet; net elevation change 1730 feet; accumulated gain 2230 feet; RTD 125 miles. | \$9 |
| 130 | Cactus Forest Area. Rating D ☺ . The hike explores some of the trails in the Cactus Forest Area of the Saguaro National Park - East and enjoys the scenic 8-mile Cactus Forest Loop Drive. We will stop at the Desert Ecology Trail, the 1920's Freeman Homestead Ruins, and the National Park Visitor Center. Pack a lunch. Hike 4 miles; trailhead elevation 2750 feet; net elevation change 200 feet; accumulated gain is minimal; RTD 82 miles. | \$6 |
| 131 | Cactus Forest Trails. Rating C. The hike is easy and in the Cactus Forest area of Saguaro National Park - East. Hikers will be able to identify different 20 plant species along the way. We will take the scenic 8-mile Cactus Forest Loop Drive, then stop at the 1920's Freeman Homestead Ruins, and the National Park Visitor Center. Pack a lunch. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 2750 feet; net elevation change 200 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 82 miles. | \$6 |
| 132 | Cactus Wren Trail. Rating D. The Cactus Wren Trail is located in Saguaro National Park - West. The trail runs from the corner of Sandario and Rudasill Roads to the Signal Hill Picnic area. The return to the trailhead is via the Manville Trail. The loop trail is relatively flat and crosses several washes. Hikers share this trail with equestrians. Hike <4 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 240 feet; accumulated gain is minimal; RTD 73 miles. | \$6 |
| 133 | Canada del Oro from the Preserve. Rating C. The trail begins at the white water tank in the SaddleBrooke Preserve area. Hikers walk down a short dirt road and go through a barbed wire fence. The hike proceeds northerly along the CDO, passing 2 old dams and an old stone house. The return is via the same route. Hike 4 to 6 miles; trailhead elevation 3270 feet; net elevation change 700 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 3 miles (some dirt). | \$1 |
| 134 | Canyon Loop. Rating D ☺ . From the main trailhead at the end of the road in Catalina State Park, the hike begins with the Romero Canyon Trail, turns onto the Canyon Loop Trail, and then comes back on the Sutherland Trail. This area is a great example of the Sonoran Desert | \$2 + \$2 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | and its riparian areas. The hike may be done in reverse direction. Depending upon the season, some water crossings are possible. Hike 2.2 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change __ feet; accumulated gain 170 feet; RTD 24 miles. | |
| 135 | Canyon Loop and Birding Trail. Rating D. From the main trailhead in Catalina State Park, hikers will start up the Romero Trail in Catalina State Park; follow the Canyon Loop Trail, and then come back on the Sutherland Trail. This area is a great example of the Sonoran Desert and its riparian areas. Following this portion of the hike, we will hike the Birding Trail. Depending upon the season, some water crossings are possible. Hike 3.4 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change __ feet; accumulated gain 270 feet; RTD 24 miles. | \$2 + \$2 |
| 136 | Canyon Loop, Birding, and Nature Trails. Rating C. Starting at the main trailhead in Catalina State Park, this hike traverses an area that is a great example of the Sonoran Desert and its riparian areas. We first hike the Nature Trail which has panoramic views, and then continue onto the Canyon Loop Trail. We will fork onto the Birding Loop Trail prior to returning. If the group is really ambitious, we will swing through the Canyon Loop Trail the opposite way we came for a total of 6.7 miles. Depending upon the season, some water crossings are possible. Hike 4.6 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change __ feet; accumulated gain 370 feet; RTD 24 miles. | \$2 + \$2 |
| 137 | Canyon Loop, Montrose Pools, and Birding Trail. Rating D. Starting at the main trailhead at Catalina State Park, the hike traverses an area that is a great example of the Sonoran Desert and its riparian areas. We take the Sutherland Trail to the Canyon Loop Trail, then hike up to Montrose Pools via the Romero Canyon Trail. On the way back, we will fork onto the Birding Loop Trail. Depending upon the season, some water crossings are possible. Hike 3.8 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change __ feet; accumulated gain 320 feet; RTD 24 miles. | \$2 + \$2 |
| 138 | Cargodera Canyon to Mt. Lemmon. Rating A. This is a very strenuous hike and is intended for the very fit and experienced hiker. We will begin at Sutherland Wash where FR # 643 intersects the Catalina State Park boundary. From there, we will hike up the Old Trico Electric Company road to where it intersects the Sutherland Trail, and take the Sutherland Trail Link to Mt. Lemmon (el. 9157 feet), where a pickup will be arranged. Along the way, there are great views of "the Window Formation" in the front range of SaddleBrooke, and of the Biosphere. Hike 10.7 miles; trailhead elevation 2965 feet; net elevation change 6125 feet; accumulated gain 6435 feet; RTD to Mt. Lemmon 131 miles; RTD to Sutherland Wash 12 miles (dirt). | \$2 |
| 139 | Carr Peak. Rating B. The trail to Carr Peak affords great views of Miller Peak in the Huachuca Mountains. Hikers can see in all directions, up to 100 miles on a clear day. One section of the trail is through beautiful aspens. The drive to the trailhead (at the end of FR # 386, Carr Canyon Road, off Hwy # 92 south of Sierra Vista) is rather precarious. High clearance vehicles are recommended. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 7360 feet; net elevation change 1820 feet; accumulated gain 2300 feet; RTD 211 miles (dirt). | \$19 |
| 140 | Carrie Nation Mine. Rating C. This is a short hike to a mine with an interesting history. Sometimes called the "No Name Mine," it is tucked away in a shady part of Madera Canyon of the Santa Rita Mountains. At the site are remnants of the machinery used at the mine. Hike 4 miles; trailhead elevation 5400 feet; net elevation change 1150 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 141 | Catalina Hills Trash Cleanup Walk. Rating D. Volunteers are needed for the Trash Cleanup Walk for Catalina Hills Drive which is part of the Arizona Adopt A Highway Program. This is a community service that our club provides for SaddleBrooke and for Arizona. The walk will only take an hour to an hour and a half of your time. Trash bags and | \$0 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | safety vests are provided by the Pinal County Highway Dept. Volunteers should bring gloves and a pickup stick if they have one. Volunteers will meet in the parking lot just west of the Fitness Center at SaddleBrooke CC. | |
| 142 | Catalina State Park - Exploring the Trails. Rating C. The hike will explore various trails within the park. The park is a great example of the Sonoran Desert with its native plants and wildlife. Come enjoy the beautiful views of the Santa Catalina Mountains. Hike 4 to 8 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 400 to 1000 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 24 miles. | \$2 + \$2 |
| 143 | Catalina State Park to Mt. Lemmon via the Sutherland Trail. Raing A. The hike begins at the easternmost trailhead in Catalina State Park and proceeds up the Sutherland Trail to the meadows at Mt. Lemmon (near the observatories). The trail passes Cargodera Springs along the way. The last 1.5 miles are along Mt. Lemmon Trail # 5. This very difficult and all day hike will take hikers through all of the climate zones of Mt. Lemmon and affords magnificent views to the West and Northwest, including the Tortolitas, Sun City, Saddlebrooke, and Oro Valley. Transportation will need to be arranged from the top. Hike 11 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 6400 feet, accumulated gain ___; RTD 131 miles. | \$10 + \$2 |
| 144 | Cathedral Rock. Rating A.!. The hike begins at the Sabino Canyon Visitor Center and continues up to the Cathedral Rock Saddle (el. 7006 feet). Hikers then bushwhack following cairns northwest to the "Notch" and then over to the "Bucket" of the south tower which is the most accessible of the three summit towers. This is a long, difficult hike with several "mantel" crossings and fantastic views. The trail up is very steep, and the trip down will be difficult. Hike 16.8 miles; trailhead elevation 2720 feet; net elevation change 5100 feet; accumulated gain 6040 feet; RTD 56 miles. | \$4 |
| 145 | CDO/Big Wash Walk. Rating D. The hike will start at a parking area near the In and Out Burger Restaurant in Oro Valley Market Place. We access the path here, then cross over the Canada del Oro via the new footbridge and continue along the wash on a paved path that parallels the Big Wash & CDO. The trail goes behind several stores, and behind the old Steam Pump Ranch property. The group will turn around near Home Depot, and return via the same route. There are some lovely cliffs across the wash at one point. Hike 4 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change and accumulated gain are minimal; RTD 20 miles. | \$2 |
| 146 | Charouleau Gap Road. Rating C. Starting from the 4WD parking area off Lago del Oro Blvd. just outside of SaddleBrooke, hikers proceed up Charouleau Gap Road, a rocky jeep road, to a picturesque table rock with great views of SaddleBrooke. The area is filled with huge granite boulders and outcroppings. The return uses the same route. Charouleau Gap Road has loose, slippery rocks in some areas. Hiking sticks are recommended. Hike 7 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change 850 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 2 miles. | \$1 |
| 147 | Charouleau Gap Road from Lago del Oro Road to CDO River. Rating C. The group will park off of Lago del Oro Rd. and hike the Charouleau Gap Road to the Canada del Oro River, then return by same route. If this distance is too short, and the group is amenable, we can hike some on the other side of the river before returning. Hike 4 miles; trailhead elevation ___ feet; net elevation change ___ feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD _ miles. | \$1 |
| 148 | Charouleau Gap Road from Oracle. Rating C. On the way to Charouleau Gap from Oracle at the end of Estill Viento Callas (near Oracle Hill) hikers will see great views of the surrounding hills in the north end of the Santa Catalinas and great views of Apache Peak. The trail has lots of ups and downs and some loose rocks. Hiking sticks are recommended. The lunch stop will be at Irene Wash. High clearance vehicles are needed. Hike 5 miles; trailhead elevation 4320 feet; net elevation change 410 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD | \$4 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | 40 miles (dirt). | |
| 149 | Charouleau Gap Road to a Former Dam. Rating C. The hike begins at the Charouleau Gap 4WD parking area off Lago del Oro Road near Saddlebrooke. The hike proceeds from Lago del Oro Road 1.4 miles to the CDO, up the wash to the site of a former dam (behind what is now the Preserve portion of Saddlebrooke) and returns. The walk up the wash involves some rocky terrain. The soil was such that it would never hold enough water to make a lake. The water simply drained out. Hiking sticks are recommended. Hike 4-5 miles; trail head elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change __ feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 1 mile. | \$1 |
| 150 | Charouleau Gap Road to Hidden Canyon. Rating B. This is a beautiful hike to a secluded hidden canyon in the upper reaches of Sutherland Wash with beautiful rock formations and saguaro cacti. It starts from the 4WD parking area off Lago del Oro Blvd, or from Unit 21. The hike proceeds up Charouleau Gap Road, a rocky jeep road, and continues right on FR # 4432. After reaching a pond (usually dry), we follow the trail to Hidden Canyon. The return uses the same route. Charouleau Gap Road has loose, slippery rocks in some areas. Hiking sticks are recommended. Hike 11.3 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change 1200 feet; accumulated gain 1975 feet; RTD 2 miles. | \$1 |
| 151 | Charouleau Gap Road to the Gap. Rating B. Starting from Unit 21, hikers proceed south along the CDO Wash to Charouleau Gap Road, a rocky jeep road. The trail proceeds east and up past a picturesque table rock and through desert area filled with huge granite boulders and outcroppings. There is a steep climb with switchbacks on the final stretch to the gap. The return uses the same route. Charouleau Gap Road has loose, slippery rocks in some areas. Hiking sticks are recommended. Hike 10 miles; trailhead elevation 3270 feet; net elevation change 1930 feet; accumulated gain 2075 feet; RTD 5 miles. | \$1 |
| 152 | Charouleau Peak. Rating B.!. Starting from Unit 21, hikers proceed south along the CDO Wash to Charouleau Gap Road, a rocky jeep road. The trail proceeds east past a picturesque table rock and through desert area filled with huge granite boulders and outcroppings. There is a steep climb with switchbacks on the final stretch to the gap, followed by a strenuous bushwhack to the Peak (can start the bushwhack before the steep climb and loop over to the gap). The return uses the same route. Charouleau Gap Road has loose, slippery rocks in some areas. Hiking sticks are recommended. Hike 12 miles; starting elevation 3270 feet; net elevation change 2900 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 5 miles. | \$1 |
| 153 | Chiricahua Heart of Rocks. Rating C. The hike consists of the Ed Riggs, Mushroom Rock, Big Balanced Rock and Heart of Rocks Loop Trails, visiting the most spectacular rock formations in Chiricahua National Monument. If time permits, we may include a portion of the scenic Echo Canyon trail. Because this is an all day trip (140 miles to the Monument), those wishing to, will stop for dinner at a very good, reasonable Italian Restaurant in Benson on the way back. Hike 7.3 miles; trailhead elevation 6780 feet; net elevation change <1000 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 288 miles. | \$21 |
| 154 | Chiricahua Echo Canyon Loop. Rating C. The hike covers a couple of trails in the Chiricahua National Monument. From the Echo Canyon Trailhead, the hike begins on the Ed Riggs Trail, continues to the Hailstone Trail, and then connects with the Echo Canyon Trail which returns to the trailhead. The Hailstone Trail gets its name from tiny "hailstones" of volcanic origin. The Echo Canyon Trail winds up and through some outstanding pillars of rocks and rock grottos and back to the parking lot. At this point, hikers may choose to take the 2-mile round trip hike to the top of Sugarloaf Mountain. Sugarloaf, at 500-foot elevation change from the trailhead, provides one of the highest viewpoints in the Chiricahua National Monument. Vegetation along the loop consists of piñon pine, evergreen oak, alligator juniper, and an assortment of other semi-arid plants. Hike 3.3/5.3 miles; trailhead elevation | \$21 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | 6780 feet; net elevation change 400 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 288 miles. | |
| 155 | Chiricahua Echo Canyon to Visitor Center. Rating C. Hikers take a shuttle from the Chiricahua National Monument Visitor Center to the Echo Canyon Trail head. Echo Canyon contains remarkable pillar and grotto rock formations for which the Chiricahuas are known. Once through Echo Canyon, we pick up the Rhyolite Canyon Trail back to the Visitor Center. The hike is nearly all downhill. Bring lunch and at least two quarts of water. Hike 4.5 miles; trailhead elevation 6780 feet; net elevation change minus 1380 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 288 miles. | \$21 |
| 156 | Chiricahua Heart of Rocks Loop. Rating B. This loop trail visits the most spectacular rock formations in Chiricahua National Monument, and includes the scenic Echo Canyon Trail. Because it is an all day trip (140 miles) to the Monument, those wishing to will stop for dinner in Benson on the way back. Hike 8.4 miles; trailhead elevation 6780 feet; net elevation change 1082 feet; accumulated gain 2500 feet; RTD 288 miles. | \$21 |
| 157 | Chiricahua Natural Bridge. Rating C. The trailhead is located 1.3 miles past the Chiricahua National Monument Visitor Center. The hike reaches a small stone bridge formed by erosion of bedrock and returns. Along the way we pass a woodland known as Picket Park. The first part of the trail is steep. Hike 5 miles; trailhead elevation 5300 feet; net elevation change 700 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 288 miles. | \$21 |
| 158 | Chivo Falls. Rating C. Chivo Falls is one of the tallest desert falls in the Rincon Mountains or the Tucson area. The hike starts off Redington Road on jeep trails. If there has been sufficient rain or spring snowmelt, the falls are very impressive. We'll lunch in a rock amphitheater below the falls. Hike 7.8 miles; trailhead elevation 4000 feet; net elevation change 700 feet; accumulated gain 1400 feet; RTD 96 miles (dirt). | \$9 |
| 159 | Cochise Stronghold (East) / Amerind Foundation Museum. Rating C. This is a beautiful hike through the Dragoon Mountains to a saddle that provided a hiding place for Cochise during the apache wars. Cochise is buried in a hidden location in the area. The area contains several beautiful rock formations and pinnacles. The trail begins and returns to the Cochise Stronghold Campground off Hwy # 191 east of Benson. Bring lunch, a camera, and at least one quart of water. On the way back, we will stop at the Amerind Foundation Museum (fee required), where American Indian artifacts are on display. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 4500 feet; net elevation change 1298 feet; accumulated gain 1298 feet; RTD 221 miles (some dirt). | \$16 |
| 160 | Cochise Stronghold to End of Trail. Rating B. Hikers travel from west to east through the Dragoon Mountains along a spine of granite where the legendary Apache War Chief Cochise kept his many enemies at bay during the Indian wars. There are several beautiful rock formations along the way. Cochise is buried in a hidden location in the area. Hike 11 miles; trailhead elevation 4500 feet; net elevation change 1500 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 221 miles (some dirt). | \$16 |
| 161 | Cochise Stronghold to the Saddle. Rating C. This is a beautiful hike through the Dragoon Mountains which provided a hiding place for Cochise during the Indian wars. Cochise is buried in a hidden location in the area. The trail begins and returns to the Cochise Stronghold Campground off Hwy # 191 east of Benson. Hike 6.3 miles; trailhead elevation 4700 feet; net elevation change 1298 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 221 miles (some dirt). | \$16 |
| 162 | Copper Creek Ghost Town. Rating B. The town of Copper Creek, in the Galiuro Mountains, was established by E. R. Sibley to serve Bunker Hill Mining District. Because of its canyon setting, the town was built in tiers. By 1910, there were over 200 residents. There was a stage line, a physician, and about 50 buildings including a school house, a general store, and a three-story 20-room mansion, home of the Sibley family. The ruins include mine buildings, an iron bridge, various foundations, and the mostly collapsed Sibley Mansion | TBD |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | about 1.5 miles upstream from the mining area. The mines declined quickly and closed in 1917. A post office operated from 1906 to 1947 after which all the buildings were abandoned. Copper Creek is reached from Mammoth via a rough 10-mile road. The rocky Bunker Hill Road eventually gains 1800 feet then deteriorates as it drops steeply toward the narrow canyon of Copper Creek, through which a stream flows year-round. The goal is to locate Sibley Mansion, but we will at least go to the town center and do a 5-mile loop hike on jeep roads past some ruins and mine sites. High clearance vehicles are required. Hike 9.5 miles; trailhead elevation 3880 feet; net elevation change 900 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD __ miles (dirt). | |
| 163 | Council Rocks / Slavin Gulch / Mine. Rating B!. The hike will take us through the beautiful Dragoon Mountains on the west side of Cochise Stronghold. The hike begins near the Whitehouse Ruins off Hwy # 80 and proceeds to the history rich "Council Rocks" area where there are numerous Early American petroglyphs and grinding holes scattered throughout. Continuing south along the base of the Dragoons, we enter Slavin Gulch and hike up (1700 feet) along the side of the creek which has waterfalls and pools most of the way. At the end of the gulch is an old mine with a long wooden chute. Mining relics are scattered along the way to the top of the peak. The return route will be through an unmarked pass (bushwhacking is necessary) in the Dragoon Mountain Range. Hike 13 miles; trailhead elevation 4838 feet; net elevation change 2200 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 221 miles (dirt). | \$20 |
| 164 | Council Rocks to Slavin Gulch. Rating C. The hike will take us through the beautiful Dragoon Mountains on the west side of Cochise Stronghold. Hikers begin near the Whitehouse Ruins off Hwy # 80 and proceed to the history rich "Council Rocks" area where there are numerous Early American petroglyphs and grinding holes scattered throughout. We will hike to the base of Slavin Gulch and return the same way, allowing time to explore Council Rocks, Whitehouse Ruins, and the Graveyard, and contemplate the Peace Treaty signed by Cochise and the US Army. Hike 6-7 miles; trailhead elevation 4838 feet; net elevation change 200 to 300 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 221 miles (dirt). | \$20 |
| 165 | David Yetman Trail. Rating C. The hike is an easy walk through typical vegetation of the Sonoran Desert. The trail has two trailheads; one at Camino de Oeste and one near the bottom of the west side of Gates Pass. Cars will be left at one end and hikers will drive to the other trailhead. From the Gates Pass side, the trail is easy for the first mile, easy down a wash, but steep upward for a short distance along the climb back up to the ridge. Hikers pass the Central Arizona Project, an old stone house built in the early 1930's by Sherry Bowen, and a well that serves a wildlife watering tank. Bring lunch, water, hat, sun lotion, and hiking stick. Hike 6.1 miles; trailhead elevation 2800 feet; net elevation change 600 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 75 miles. | \$6 |
| 166 | Deer Camp. Rating C. The hike begins in the Fifty-Year Trail area. We hike east up and out of Sutherland Wash, through beautiful rock formations with many saguaros to a camp at the base of Samaniego Peak. The return is via the same route. Hike 5.7 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change 825 feet; accumulated gain 990 feet; RTD 12 miles (dirt). | \$2 |
| 167 | Deer Camp / Baby Jesus Loop. Rating C. The hike begins in the Fifty-Year Trail area. We hike easterly toward Deer Camp, and then take the Middle Tank Connecting Trail to the Baby Jesus Trail which leads back to the trailhead. The area has little traffic and is a delight to the senses. Hike 6.3 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change __ feet; accumulated gain 1213 feet; RTD 12 miles (dirt). | \$2 |
| 168 | Deer Camp / Samaniego Roost Loop #1. Rating C!. The hike begins in the Fifty-Year Trail car park and proceeds along the Baby Jesus trail past a beautiful stand of large, 100-year old saguaros to a connecting wash. Along the way we pass two chollas that are so big they look | \$2 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | like trees. There is some hiking over rocks off-trail in the wash bed for about 1/2 mile. If water is present in the wash, footing can be unstable. We then proceed up the Samaniego Ridge trail which climbs up some large, moderately steep rock slabs to Deer Camp. Depending upon the interest of the group, we may detour up to Samaniego Roost, a large rock outcropping that affords magnificent views of the valley floor. The route back is an easy ramble on the Deer Camp Trail. This hike can also be done in the reverse direction, starting out of the Sutherland Wash to Deer Camp. Hike 6.3 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change 905 feet; accumulated gain 1475 feet; RTD 12 miles (dirt). | |
| 169 | Ditch Mountain / Bear Springs. Rating C. To supply water to the mining area in Greaterville, AZ, a ditch was built to the creek in Big Casa Blanca Canyon. The hike proceeds along the ditch to Bear Springs, where we will have lunch and then return. Hike 7 miles; trailhead elevation __ feet; net elevation change 1000 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 184 miles (dirt). | \$17 |
| 170 | Douglas Spring Trail to the Campground. Rating B. Hikers drive to the east end of Speedway to reach the Douglas Spring Trailhead. The hike involves moderately some steep hiking on a well-used trail to the campground. Coming back we may take the spur out and back to Bridal Wreath Falls, and follow Douglas Spring Trail back to the trailhead. The trails are mostly open, so bring sun protection. Bring lunch. Hike 13.1 miles; trailhead elevation 2800 feet; net elevation change 2002feet; accumulated gain 2684 feet; RTD 80 miles. | \$6 |
| 171 | Downtown Tucson History Hike & Gourmet Lunch at the Historic Manning House. Rating D ☺ . The hike may be co-led by the Sun City Hiking Club history buff, Bob Cratty (Ajo born and raised). A partial list of people/events that Bob will discuss include: Father Keno, Pancho Vila, Presidio attacks, Camp Grant massacre, Gadsden purchase, Old County Court House, Hiram Stevens, Ed Fish, the Handy-Haney fight, the Stork House, Mormon Battalion, Fox Theater, Wyatt Earp, and the Pioneer and Santa Rita Hotels. Bring \$ for gourmet lunch at the historic Manning House. Hike 3 miles; trailhead elevation __ feet; net elevation change is minimal; accumulated gain is minimal; RTD 58 miles. | \$5 |
| 172 | Dripping Springs from the Sutherland Trail. Rating C. From the main trailhead at the east end of Catalina State Park, the hike follows the Sutherland Trail past the wilderness sign, and then turns toward Dripping Springs at a Sutherland Trail sign. There are large rocks placed in a row on the right (east) side of the Sutherland Trail. Much of the trail is sandy and there may be several water crossings. After entering the wilderness area, the trail is somewhat rocky. An old abandoned mine is visible to the left of the canyon. Keep to the left at a trail junction for lower Romero Canyon, which can be visited later. Hike 4.8 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change __ feet; accumulated gain 460 feet; RTD 24 miles. | \$2 + \$2 |
| 173 | Dutch John Spring and Bog-Kent Springs. Rating B. The hike begins at the Bog Springs parking lot in Madera Canyon, continues to Dutch John Springs, and then returns to the cutoff to the Bog-Kent Springs Loop Trail. The trail passes through Arizona sycamore, walnut and fir trees. There are great views of Madera Canyon, Green Valley, Kitt Peak, and Baboquivari Peak. There are areas with steep climbs in spots. Good cooler hike for the summer. Hike 8 miles; trailhead elevation 4800 feet; net elevation change 2100 feet; accumulated gain 2500 feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 174 | El Capitan Canyon (lower). Rating C. We drive north past Winkelman, and park at the bottom of a canyon just off Hwy # 77. The trail proceeds up the canyon on sand and rock to a cliff that forms a waterfall (given sufficient rain). The return is via same route. Hikers may see wild flowers in the spring, and animals. Bring lunch, sunscreen, hiking sticks, hat, camera-optional, and plenty of water. Hike 4 miles; trailhead elevation __ feet; net elevation change 500 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 134 miles. | \$10 |
| 175 | El Capitan Canyon (upper). Rating C. This beautiful canyon is advertised in the Arizona | \$10 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | Milepost Travel Guide as being Southern Arizona's only slot canyon. Investigation reveals that it is not a true slot canyon, but is definitely very narrow with steep walls on both sides. We drive 18.1 miles north of Winkelman and park on the east side of the road by a yellow sign reading "Watch for animals next 10 miles". The hike descends along an old bulldozed road about 200 feet to a stream bottom. From there, hikers walk to the bottom of the canyon, over lots of rocks and several short waterfalls (given sufficient rain). We turn around after about 2 miles and return by the same route. Needless to say, this hike cannot be done if there is significant water in the canyon, or if thunderstorms threaten a flash flood. Hike 4 miles; trailhead elevation __ feet; net elevation change 500 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 134 miles. | |
| 176 | Elephant Head. Rating A!. Elephant Head is the craggy massive rock on the west side of the Santa Ritas which looks like an elephant's head when viewed from I-19. The hike starts from the Aqua Caliente Trailhead (see driving directions), follows a trail to the Quantrell Mine Road, and then turns eastward on the abandoned mining road which winds around Chino Basin to Chino Canyon. Around the corner into Chino Canyon is the first unobstructed view of Elephant Head. A hundred yards east into Chino Canyon the trail descends very steeply 500 feet into the canyon to a stream crossing with pools of water. This is a pleasant place for a rest break before climbing 800 feet to the ridgeline to the north. At the ridgeline, we turn to the west and follow a rocky trail with many steps-up and narrow passages along the final ascent. A few places are very steep and exposed. Four-point rock scrambling is required along the final 1/4 mile. Besides the magnificent 360-degree view from the top there is a whimsical display of miniature elephants which are fun to view and arrange. Return via the same trails. After climbing out of Chino Canyon, there is an optional side trip to the Quantrell Mine to the east (less than 2 miles RT). Dress defensively. Hiking poles and gloves are recommended. Hike 6.5 miles; trailhead elevation 4589 feet; net elevation change 2000 feet; accumulated gain 3030 feet; RTD 154 miles. | \$11 |
| 177 | Escudilla Mountain / White Mountains. Rating C. The hike takes place in the White Mountains about 5 miles north of Alpine. The trail passes through several forested areas and some alpine meadows. Forests include aspen trees, Engelmann spruce, Colorado blue spruce, Douglas fir, white fir, and ponderosa pines. Parts of the trail are rocky, but the trail is wide and easily followed and the views at the top are great. Directions to trail head: drive 5.5 miles north of Alpine on US Hwy # 191 to Forest Road # 56. Follow this 2WD gravel road east for 5 miles. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 9600 feet; net elevation change 1300 feet; accumulated gain 1300 feet; RTD 486 miles. | \$35 |
| 178 | Esperero Trail. Rating B. The hike reaches a saddle known locally as Cardiac Gap, which overlooks Esperero Canyon. We'll warm up by hiking from the Sabino Canyon Visitor Center parking lot, through the Cactus Picnic Area and over a few small foothills to "the Gulch". The hiking is initially steep.... then it gets much steeper. We'll have lunch at the saddle (el. 4400 feet) while viewing the falls below, and return to the Visitor Center. Depending on season, there may be water in the falls. Extra drinking water is recommended. Hike 7.3 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 1700 feet; accumulated gain 1898 feet; RTD 56 miles. | \$4 |
| 179 | Extended Fitness Walk. Rating C/B. The walk begins at the SaddleBrooke parking lot and travels one of several routes in and around SaddleBrooke. Carry at least one quart of water. Hike 7.5 to 10 miles; elevation change 500 to 600 feet. Hike duration is 2.5 to 3 hours. Optional breakfast at the Road Runner Grill (need credit card as cash is not accepted). | \$0 |
| 180 | Fifty-Year Trail - South End. Rating D. The hike starts near the horse corral off Golder Ranch Road and proceeds south to a stream terrace that provides a fantastic view of the Sutherland Wash area and the Santa Catalina Mountains. There are also good views of Sun | \$2 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | City and the Tortolitas. The return is via the same route. Hike 4 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change 400 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 12 miles (dirt). | |
| 181 | Fifty-Year Trail / Sutherland Cutoff Trail Loop. Rating C. The hike begins at the Equestrian Center in Catalina State Park. The Fifty-Year Trail leads north to a stream terrace that provides a fantastic view of the Sutherland Wash area and the Santa Catalina Mountains. We then hike down to the Sutherland Wash, take the Trail Link to the Sutherland Trail, and head back into the park. Hike 7.6 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 500 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 24 miles. | \$2 + \$2 |
| 182 | Fifty-Year Trail / Sutherland Trail / Bridle Trail. Rating B. The hike begins from the easternmost trailhead in Catalina State Park. We take the Canyon Loop Trail to the Sutherland Trail. After reaching the rocky road, we turn west on the Trail Link for about two miles until we come to the Fifty-Year Trail. We take the Fifty-Year Trail south, then the Bridle Trail back to the beginning. Hike 9.7 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 1000 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 24 miles. | \$2 + \$2 |
| 183 | Fifty-Year Trail Area. Rating D. The hike begins in the Fifty-Year Trail area, and following a jeep road to Sutherland Wash from Golder Ranch Road. The trail loops back on a ridge that has great views, beautiful saguaros, and interesting rock formations. Hike 3.3 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change __ feet; accumulated gain 234 feet; RTD 10 miles (dirt). | \$1 |
| 184 | Fifty-Year Trail Area Loop – Short Version. Rating C. The hike begins in the Fifty-Year Trail area off Golder Ranch Road, goes east to the Upper Loop Trail, then north to a rock for a break. Along the way, we pass the turn-offs for the Deer Camp and Hidden Canyon Trails. The hike continues north then turns west to return via the Fifty Year Trail. There are beautiful saguaros and rock formations, in addition to excellent views of SaddleBrooke, Sun City, and the Tortolitas. The hike may be done in reverse. Hike 4.6 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change __ feet; accumulated gain 500 feet; RTD 12 miles (dirt). | \$2 |
| 185 | Fifty-Year Trail Area North Loop. Rating C. The hike begins in the Fifty-Year Trail area off Golder Ranch Road, goes east to the Upper Loop Trail, then north to a rock with a bench for viewing. The return is via the same Fifty-Year Trail. There are beautiful saguaros and rock formations, in addition to excellent views of SaddleBrooke, Sun City, and the Tortolitas. The hike may be done in reverse. Hike 6.1 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change __ feet; accumulated gain 878 feet; RTD 12 miles (dirt). | \$2 |
| 186 | Fifty-Year Trail to SaddleBrooke. Rating B. This is a beautiful hike to a secluded hidden canyon in the upper reaches of the Sutherland Wash. There are many beautiful rock formations and saguaro cacti along the way. The hike begins near a horse corral off Golder Ranch Road in the Fifty-Year Trail area. After reaching Hidden Canyon, the trail goes east by a pond (usually dry) then connects to FR # 4432. We then proceed down Charouleau Gap Road to SaddleBrooke. The hike may be done in reverse. A car shuttle will need to be arranged for this one-way hike. Hike 11 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change 1200 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 12 miles (dirt). | \$2 |
| 187 | Fifty-Year Trail to Sutherland Trail. Rating B. The hike begins at the Catalina State Park Equestrian Center and proceeds north along the Fifty-Year Trail. Hikers turn left onto an unmarked trail and proceed along ridges and across the wash until connecting again with the Fifty-Year Trail. There is a sign at the intersection. The hike continues along the Fifty-Year Trail to the intersection of the Sutherland Trail Link. There is a good place to take a break at the wash. The return trip stays on the Fifty-Year Trail back to the wash. Hike 8.5 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 600 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 24 miles. | \$2 + \$2 |
| 188 | Finger Rock Canyon / Pontatoc Canyon Loop. Rating B!. The hike begins from the Finger | \$4 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | Rock Trailhead at the north end of Alvernon Way. The Finger Rock Canyon Trail is level for about a mile, and then sharply climbs 2500 feet to the Linda Vista Saddle. From the Saddle, we bushwhack eastward to the Pontatoc Canyon Trail and return to the trailhead. Scrambling is necessary at some points going up, and coming down is just as difficult, especially on the bushwhack portion. There are beautiful views from the many vista points along the way. Hike 7.8 miles; trailhead elevation 3120 feet; net elevation change 2500 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 44 miles. | |
| 189 | Finger Rock Guard. Rating A!. The hike begins from the Finger Rock Trailhead at the north end of Alvernon Way. Finger Rock Guard is the large rock formation to the east of Finger Rock, a well-known landmark that can be seen from many places in Tucson (and from Saddlebrooke). The hike begins with the first 2.5 miles and 2200 feet accumulated gain of the Finger Rock Canyon Trail, which leads eventually to Mt. Kimball. At the point where the trail turns northeast toward the Linda Vista Saddle, the trail descends a steep 200 feet into Finger Rock Canyon. The trail continues up a faint, steep and, in many places, slippery path to the saddle between Mt. Kimball and Finger Rock. From there, the trail turns southwest toward the rock guard. Rock scrambling and rock climbing are required to reach the summit 450 feet above the saddle. There is significant exposure to heights and steep drop-offs along the last few hundred feet of elevation. Bring extra water. Call to discuss with the hiking guide. This is a difficult hike but the fantastic views from the summit make it a "must do" for dedicated hikers. Hike 7 miles; trailhead elevation 3120 feet; net elevation change 3375 feet; accumulated gain 4000 feet; RTD 44 miles. | \$4 |
| 190 | Finger Rock Trail to Canyon Overlook. Rating C. The hike begins from the Finger Rock Trailhead at the north end of Alvernon Way. The hike covers level ground for about a mile, and then sharply climbs up the canyon. Scrambling is necessary at some points going up and coming down, but is not overly difficult for most hikers. From the overlook, hikers will enjoy the beautiful vistas of Mt. Kimball, Finger Rock, and the steep Finger Rock Canyon, then return. Hike 3.3 miles; trailhead elevation 3120 feet; net elevation change 900 feet; accumulated gain 1073 feet; RTD 44 miles. | \$4 |
| 191 | Finger Rock Trail to Finger Rock Spring. Rating D. The hike begins from the Finger Rock Trailhead at the north end of Alvernon Way. Taking the Finger Rock Canyon Trail, which leads to Mt. Kimball, we will only go as far as Finger Rock Spring. The trail passes some beautiful rock formations and native desert plant life along the way. The trail is relatively level but there are some ups and downs along the way. Hike 3 miles; trailhead elevation 3120 feet; net elevation change 500 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 44 miles. | \$4 |
| 192 | Finger Rock Trail to Linda Vista Saddle. Rating B. The hike begins from the Finger Rock Trailhead at the north end of Alvernon Way. The hike starts on level ground for about a mile, and then sharply climbs 2500 feet to the Linda Vista Saddle. Scrambling is necessary at some points going up, and coming down is just as difficult. From the Saddle, hikers can enjoy the beautiful vistas of Mt. Kimball, the Santa Ritas, and Tucson as it spreads out below and into the distance. Hike 5.8 miles; trailhead elevation 3120 feet; net elevation change 2500 feet; accumulated gain >2600 feet; RTD 44 miles. | \$4 |
| 193 | Florence, AZ Walking Tour. Rating D ☺. This tour will be led by a member of the Pinal County Historical Museum. Museum staff who is involved with research and special projects for the museum and is quite knowledgeable of area history. The tour will begin at the Pinal County Historical Museum, and include the Silver King Hotel, 1891 Courthouse, George A. Brown House, Mandell Building, and General Store. There are other surprises and stories that are not usually told in the home tour. Limit 12. Lunch will follow at the Mt. Athos Greek Restaurant or another suitable place. Walk <4 miles; minimal elevation gain; RTD 100 miles. | \$7 + \$6 tour |
| 194 | Florida Saddle. Rating A. The hike begins at the Santa Rita Agricultural Experimental | \$10 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | Range Headquarters. The hike involves a very steep and continuous climb from the headquarters through a beautiful canyon, along open hillsides and thick forests, up to the Florida Saddle at 7840 feet. Extensive fire damage is to be expected on the upper section of this trail. The return is by the same route. Hike 8.5 miles; trailhead elevation 4400 feet; net elevation change 3405 feet; accumulated gain 3780 feet; RTD 130 miles. | |
| 195 | Fort Bowie National Historic Site, Apache Pass Trailhead. Rating C. The 1.5-mile trail to the Fort Bowie Visitor Center passes a number of historic features and the upper Sonoran life zone of natural features. The trail splits at Siphon Canyon; staying right at the Junction leads past the Post Cemetery, site of Battle of Apache Pass, and Apache Spring. Taking the Ridge Trail from the Visitor Center back to the junction ascends 300 feet to the Apache position of the Battle of Apache Pass. The overlook offers spectacular vistas. Lunch will be eaten at the Visitor Center and be followed by a ranger-led tour of the fort, which takes about an hour. There is an optional dinner stop in Benson; ask the hike leader whether this is included. Hike 3-4 miles; trailhead elevation 5000 feet; net elevation change 480 feet; accumulated gain 550 feet; RTD 320 miles (includes 20 miles dirt). | \$29 |
| 196 | Full Moon Hike, Catalina State Park. Rating D. We will hike in Catalina State Park on one of the easy trails, then return to one of the park's group sites to enjoy S'mores and a campfire. Bring flashlight, hot drink, and warm clothes including gloves. There is a \$3.00 fee for food and site rental. Hike < 4miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 200 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 24 miles. | \$2 + \$2 |
| 197 | Gardner Canyon to Kentucky Camp. Rating B. From the Gardner Canyon Trailhead of the Arizona Trail, the trail proceeds along the east side of the Santa Ritas through historic mining country. The Santa Rita Water and Mining Company was founded in 1904. The company headquarters was in Kentucky Gulch, named for two Kentucky prospectors who had a temporary camp in the area in the 1880's. Hundred-year old adobe cabins and other ruins are being preserved by the Coronado National Forest Service. After lunch at Kentucky Camp, we return back to the trailhead via the same route. Hike 12 miles; trailhead elevation 5200 feet; net elevation change minus 1000 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 155 miles (dirt). | \$14 |
| 198 | Gardner Canyon to Kentucky Camp. Rating C. From the Gardner Canyon Trailhead of the Arizona Trail, the trail proceeds along the east side of the Santa Ritas through historic mining country. The Santa Rita Water and Mining Company was founded in 1904. The company headquarters was in Kentucky Gulch, named for two Kentucky prospectors who had a temporary camp in the area in the 1880's. Hundred-year old adobe cabins and other ruins are being preserved by the Coronado National Forest Service. There will be a key exchange between Gardner Canyon and Kentucky Camp, or a vehicle will be parked at the terminal point. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 5200 feet; net elevation change minus 1000 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 155 miles (dirt). | \$14 |
| 199 | Garwood Dam. Rating C. The hike begins at a trailhead in Saguaro National Park – East off Cactus Forrest Drive. Hikers will pass through the cactus forest of the park across mostly level terrain, although there is some climbing near the dam. The destination is the historic Garwood Dam in the foothills of the Rincon Mountains. Hike 4.4 miles; trailhead elevation 2800 feet; net elevation change 250 feet; accumulated gain 850 feet; RTD 80 miles. | \$6 |
| 200 | Garwood Dam to Little Wild Horse Tank. Rating C. The hike begins in Saguaro National Park – East off Cactus Forrest Drive. We hike through the cactus forest to Garwood Dam, and another 200 yards to Little Wild Horse Tank, which is a lovely pool of water. We retrace our route back past the dam and back to the trailhead. Hike 6.5 miles; trailhead elevation 2880 feet; net elevation change 350 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 80 miles. | \$6 |
| 201 | Geocache Adventure. Rating C!. The objective of the outing is to locate geocaches (i.e., containers placed in hidden but interesting locations) in the area surrounding SaddleBrooke | TBD |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | using handheld GPS devices and previously determined map coordinates. Some bushwhacking over uneven terrain may be required and therefore it is recommended to wear jeans. The outing will be around 3 hours and distance will depend on the group's rate of success in finding the caches. This is a great opportunity to become more proficient in the use of your GPS. Each adventure will have a unique trailhead and involve unique trail conditions and RTD. DD will be determined at the end of the hike by the hike leader. | |
| 202 | Gila Cliff Dwelling Nat. Monument / Gila National Forest. Rating B/C. This is an overnight (1 or 2 nights) excursion to the Gila National Forest in New Mexico. The group will visit the extensive cliff dwellings in the monument and then hike along the Middle or West Gila River Trails. The forest is one of the largest (3.3 M acres) in the U.S., and includes more wilderness acreage than any other in the southwest. The forest terrain rises above the desert country and abounds with cactus, juniper, pine, spruce and aspen. It also supports numerous species of wildlife throughout. The Continental Divide meanders through the middle of the forest for 170 miles, which also served as a stronghold for the Apache warrior, Geronimo. The trip will be very flexible depending on the make-up of the group. Typically, we would drive (4 hours) over and do some sight seeing in the Silver City area the first day. Hikers could stay overnight in a motel/hotel in or near Silver City or use a nearby camp site for those wanting to use tents or RV. The second day involves a drive up to visit the cliff dwelling and hiking trail area (42 miles-2 hours). The hike trails and distance will be determined at the cliff dwelling, but will range in the C to B categories. After hiking, some may want to go back home that night. Others may choose to stay another night and hike other trails or do scenic day trips the 3rd day. The trip will be limited to 16 people/4 vehicles. All motel-meals-fees-etc. will be the responsibility of club members. RTD 548 miles, plus 12 touring miles. | \$40 |
| 203 | Gilbert Ray Loop. Rating C ☺. The hike leaves from the Gilbert Ray Trailhead in Saguaro National Park – West near the Gilbert Ray Campground (next to Old Tucson Studios). The route leads south toward the Avery Bryce Trail, which hikers will follow west for 1.8 miles, northwest along Prospector Trail for 0.6 miles, and northeast along Well Road Trail for 1.7 miles. At this point, the group will follow McCain Loop Road for a short distance, and then turn south back to the Gilbert Ray Trailhead. The entire loop is basically flat with many small saguaros thriving under the protection of Palo Verde trees. Hike 5 miles; trailhead elevation 2640 feet; net elevation change is minimal; accumulated gain is minimal; RTD 73 miles. | \$6 |
| 204 | Golden Gate Trail. Rating C. The hike begins at the parking lot at the bottom of Gates Pass on the western side of Tucson Mountain Park. Golden Gate Mountain was used as the backdrop in many Hollywood horse operas and movies made at Old Tucson. In Tucson Mountain Park, we will hike 0.5 miles east along the David Yetman Trail and then take the Golden Gate Loop west to a picnic area on the west side of Kinney Road. The hike has some rocky stretches and a moderate accumulated gain. Some bushwhacking across a wash is needed to return to the parking lot. Hike 7 miles; trailhead elevation 3000 feet; net elevation change 400 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 70 miles. | \$5 |
| 205 | Goldfields: Arches-Sky Island-Golden Dome-Rhyodacite Canyon Loop. Rating A! Across from the Superstitions is a little noticed range called the Goldfields, bordered by the Apache Trail Highway on the south and Saguaro Lake and the Salt River on the north. This hike is 60-90% off trail (dress accordingly). We will start from the Water Users Trailhead and cross the Salt River. From the river we climb steeply on a horse trail 0.5 mile to Sunrise Arch, and then head southwest, bushwhacking and climbing to a high point covered with golden slickrock with outstanding views over Gateway Canyon. A half mile from the Arch is Sky Island which we will loop around going southeast and then north to the top where we | \$15 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | will visit various overlooks. We will then head south, left around the first of 3 hills spotting Precarious Arch, a great boulder suspended precariously above a gap in the rocks, on the top. After climbing the third hill, we are standing on the north rim of Gateway Canyon 13 with views of Rhyodacite Canyon, Pass Mountain, and other peaks. We continue our hike on the north rim of the Goldfields to a series of spectacular overviews of canyons and the Salt River and to the Delicate Arch. Depending on time and inclination, we may at this point include various exploratory side trips on the way back to the trailhead. Hike 9.5-12.5 miles; trailhead elevation 1400 feet; net elevation change 1000-1600 feet; accumulated gain 2800-3000 feet; RTD approx 208 miles. | |
| 206 | Goldfields: Eleven mile Double Loop. Rating B!. The Goldfield Mountains are west of the Superstitions, and are bordered by the Apache Trail Highway on the south and Saguaro Lake and the Salt River on the north. Once a mining district, these mountains are one of Arizona's least known scenic treasures which offer advanced hiking opportunities. This hike is virtually all off trail (dress accordingly). The hike begins on Apache Trail north of the town of Goldfield at the Javalina Mine trailhead. We connect with Rough-N-Ready Canyon proceeding up the west side of the Rough Eye Javalina Loop 3.5 miles to the turnoff for Razorback Knob where we begin our second loop. After the Knob, we continue to Black Glass Canyon in our search for the Triple Arches. In this canyon, rock hopping, scrambling, and circumventing boulders the size of houses and water (dry) falls is required. Obsidian and geodes are plentiful. We continue through Black Glass Canyon to Lower Willow Springs Canyon, connecting back to Rough-N-Ready Canyon. We then take the Quartz Crystal Arroyo connector to the Javalina Mine Trail to complete the Rough Eye Javalina Loop and return to the trailhead. Hike 11 miles; trailhead elevation 2180 feet; net elevation change 700 feet; accumulated gain 1350 feet; RTD 170 miles. | \$12 |
| 207 | Goldfields: Gateway Canyon, Golden Dome, Arches and Sky Island. Rating B!. The Goldfield Mountains are west of the Superstitions, and are bordered by the Apache Trail Highway on the south and Saguaro Lake and the Salt River on the north. Once a mining district, these mountains are one of Arizona's least known scenic treasures which offer advanced hiking opportunities. This hike is virtually all off trail (dress accordingly). We start at the Blue Point trailhead on Bush Highway and hike along the Salt River for 2 miles until we reach the mouth of Gateway Canyon. We climb 850 feet in 1.5 miles to the top of the Canyon. In another 1.5 miles, we climb an additional 600 feet to Golden Dome for 360 degree views. From the Dome we return to the top of Gateway Canyon where we detour east to locate arches, including Sunrise Arch. Along the route down we will stop at Sky Island overlooking Saguaro Lake. We then descend to rejoin the route along the River leading back to the trailhead. Hike 12 miles; trailhead elevation 1430 feet; net elevation change 1680 feet; accumulated gain 2610 feet; RTD 208 miles. | \$15 |
| 208 | Goldfields: Pass Mountain Ridgeline Loop. Rating B!. Across from the Superstitions is a little noticed range called the Goldfields, bordered by the Apache Trail Highway on the south and Saguaro Lake and the Salt River on the north. This hike is about 40% off trail (dress accordingly). From Meridian Trailhead, we go west, then north, on the Pass Mountain Trail for 2 miles looking for rock formations resembling the Good Shepherd and a medieval castle. We veer northeast at the Wind Cave Trailhead, continuing for 1.25 miles, climbing until we reach the yellow rhyolite formation that can be seen all the way from Phoenix and, shortly, the Wind Cave. As we turn south, the trail gets steeper and rockier and we then take the northern approach to Peak 3127. Here we leave the trail to hike along the Ridge to the Notch. North of the Notch, the Ridgeline becomes a gentle walk in the sky, interrupted by rock climbs to Peaks 3305 and 3312 where we are rewarded by outstanding views. Leaving the Ridgeline, we take a moderate decent eastward to a wide level spot on the Pass Mountain | \$12 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | Trail, and then 2.25 miles back to the trailhead. Hike approx. 8 miles; trailhead elevation 1900 feet; net elevation change 1400 feet; accumulated gain 2000 feet; RTD 160 miles. | |
| 209 | Goldfields: Quartz Crystal-Golden Eye Mine/ Arches-Little Chance Canyon. Rating B.!. The Goldfield Mountains are west of the Superstitions, and are bordered by the Apache Trail Highway on the south and Saguaro Lake and the Salt River on the north. Once a mining district, these mountains are one of Arizona's least known scenic treasures which offer advanced hiking opportunities. Though close to civilization, this range is quite rugged and the backcountry remote and primitive. There are some trails, but only a few peripheral dirt roads in the high country. A few of the off-trail routes are marked with cairns. This hike is virtually all off trail (dress accordingly). From near mile marker 204 on Apache Trail north of the town of Goldfield, we begin the Wishbone Loop, branching off on the Gold Eagle's Nugget Trail which leads to the Quartz Crystal Arroyo. We join Rough-N-Ready Canyon, branch off to connect to Willow Springs Basin, then proceed to Golden Eye Mine and Arches. From there we head to Willow Springs Canyon to return through Little Chance Canyon to the trailhead. Hike 8 miles; trailhead elevation 2125 feet; net elevation change 300 feet; accumulated gain 880 feet; RTD 170 miles. | \$12 |
| 210 | Grand Canyon Rim to Rim. Rating A.!. This rim-to-rim hike begins at the North Rim, proceeds down the North Kaibab Trail and up the Bright Angel Trail to the South Rim. It may be done as a one-day hike or as a multiple day trip overnighing at Phantom Ranch It is a special hike intended only for the very fit hiker. There are several stretches of trail where exposure to heights/drop-offs may be uncomfortable for some people. The hike will be scheduled in early spring after the North Rim opens, or in early October before it closes. The trip involves staying several nights on the North and South Rims; costs will depend on the length of the trip and lodging. Hike 24 miles; From North Rim to Colo. River, the elevation changes from 8200 feet to 2450 feet; up the South Rim, the elevation changes from 2450 feet to 6860 feet; RTD 686 miles. | \$49 |
| 211 | Green Mountain Trail. Rating C. Starting at the Green Mountain Trailhead near San Pedro Vista on Catalina Hwy, we follow Green Mountain Trail # 21 which provides beautiful views of the San Pedro River Valley. The mostly downhill trail leads to the Bear Saddle where it intersects the Guthrie Mountain Trail. Along the way, we will take a short side trail to Maverick Spring then continue on to the summit of Guthrie Mtn. A large rock face (0.25 mile/200 feet) will need to be climbed to reach Guthrie Peak. Hikers not wishing to do that portion of the hike would wait at an overlook. The return is down to the Saddle and to the General Hitchcock Campground. The hike requires a second car to be left in the picnic area across the road from the campground. Hike 7.3 miles; trailhead elevation 7200 feet; net elevation change ___ feet; accumulated gain 1459 feet; RTD 115 miles. | \$9 |
| 212 | Green Mountain Trail / Guthrie Mountain. Rating C. Starting at the Green Mountain Trailhead near San Pedro Vista on Catalina Hwy, we follow Green Mountain Trail # 21 mostly downhill leading to the Bear Saddle where it intersects the Guthrie Mountain Trail. Some optional scrambling up a rock face near the end (0.25 mile/200 feet) to reach the summit of Guthrie Mountain, then there is a moderately steep downhill trek to the General Hitchcock Campground. Hikers not wishing to do that portion of the hike would wait at an overlook. Hike requires a car be left at the campground. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 7200 feet; net elevation change minus 1100 feet; accumulated gain is ___ feet; RTD 115 miles. | \$9 |
| 213 | Guthrie Mountain. Rating B. The hike starts at the General Hitchcock Campground off Catalina Hwy and proceeds up the Green Mountain Trail to the Bear Saddle at the head of Bear Canyon. At the Saddle, hikers take the trail southeast to Guthrie Mountain and returns to the trailhead. Parking is usually available in the campground overflow parking lot. The Saddle and the trail along the ridge top from the Saddle to Guthrie Mountain afford great | \$8 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | views of the Catalinas and the San Pedro Valley. A large rock face (0.25 mile/200 feet) will need to be climbed to reach the Peak. Hikers not wishing to do that portion of the hike would wait at an overlook. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 6000 feet; net elevation change 1200 feet; accumulated gain 1960 feet; RTD 104 miles. | |
| 214 | Hamburg Trail. Rating C. The hike takes place in Ramsey Canyon Preserve to an overlook and then into the Huachuca Mountains along the Hamburg Trail. The loop is completed by following the Brown Canyon Trail back to the trailhead. The area is known for its birds and wildlife. Wildlife native in the Rocky Mountains, Chihuahuan and Sonoran Deserts, and the Mexican Sierra Madre Mountains live here side-by-side. There will be a short orientation talk about the Preserve before starting the hike. Hike 7 miles; trailhead elevation 5550 feet; net elevation change 900 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 211 miles. | \$15 |
| 215 | Happy Valley / Rincon Peak Trail. Rating A. The trailhead is reached by taking Mescal Road from I-10, south of Tucson. Although the Mescal Road is scenic, it follows a dirt road along Ash and Paige Creeks for about 10 miles. The hike involves 5 miles of steep climbing to the Happy Valley Saddle but the trail surface is good. We will have lunch at the Saddle then return. Hike 13 miles; trailhead elevation 3500 feet, net elevation change 3000 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 165 miles (dirt). | \$15 |
| 216 | Helvetia / Gunsight Pass. Rating B. The hike starts beyond the ruins of Helvetia, an old mining town on the east side of the Santa Rita Mountains, and continues along mining roads to the pass. Rock samples of copper ores are plentiful along the way, as well as scars on the landscape left from mining. At the pass we may explore the "gun site" and abandoned remnants of the mining operation from the huge Narragansett mine. Getting to Helvetia requires 4WD vehicles. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 4400 feet; net elevation change 1700 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 144 miles (dirt). | \$13 |
| 217 | Hidden Canyon. Rating C. This is a beautiful hike to a secluded hidden canyon in the upper reaches of the Sutherland Wash. There are many beautiful rock formations and saguaro cacti. The hike begins past the Golder Ranch Road gate in the Fifty-Year Trail area. Hike 7.5 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change 620 feet; accumulated gain 880 feet; RTD 12 miles (dirt). | \$2 |
| 218 | Hidden Canyon - Starr Pass. Rating D. This is a loop hike on good trail with some gain in elevation. There are lots of saguaros and jojoba bushes plus views of the city along the way. After 0.25 miles you are out of sight of "civilization" and have views to the northeast. Taking the loop trail counterclockwise, the trail descends to a junction marked by a cairn. After turning right through a small wash, winding around cacti and mesquite trees, the trail joins a major wash on the left. Following the wash leads to a brown wooden sign for the "Yetman" trail. We follow the arrow to a stone house built in the early 1930's by Mr. Sherry Bowen, a type setter and editor for the Arizona Daily Star. He and his wife, Ruby, lived in the house on 2000 acres. In 1983, this land became part of the Tucson Mountain Park. Hike 2-4 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 400 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 71 miles. | \$5 |
| 219 | Hidden Canyon Loop. Rating C. This is a beautiful hike, practically in our "back yard," to a secluded canyon in the upper reaches of the Sutherland Wash. There are many beautiful rock formations and saguaro cacti along the way and a rock ledge with a great view down the valley. The ledge is a great place for lunch. The hike begins in the Fifty-Year Trail area past Golder Ranch Road gate. After lunch, we will continue out of the canyon, circle around Hidden Canyon Peak back to the "North Gate," and return to the trailhead via the Fifty-Year Trail. Hike 8.3 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change 975 feet; accumulated gain 1212 feet; RTD 12 miles (dirt). | \$2 |
| 220 | Hidden Canyon Peak. Rating B. The hike begins past the Golder Ranch Road gate in the | \$2 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | Fifty-Year Trail area. This is a beautiful hike to a secluded hidden canyon in the upper reaches of the Sutherland Wash. There are many beautiful rock formations and saguaro cacti along the way. From the big rock scenic overlook in Hidden Canyon, we will bushwhack to the top of Hidden Canyon Peak and return via the same route. Hike 8.3 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change 970 feet; accumulated gain 1240 feet; RTD 12 miles (dirt). | |
| 221 | Hidden Canyon to Unit 21. Rating B. The hike begins at the Fifty-Year Trail parking area off Golder Ranch Road. From there we proceed along the traditional route to Hidden Canyon where we will have lunch. We then proceed north to pick up FR # 4432 to its intersection with Charouleau Gap Road. We will hike down Charouleau Gap Road back to Unit 21 in Saddlebrooke. Car shuttle required. Hiking sticks recommended. Hike approx. 9 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change __ feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 12 miles (dirt). | \$2 |
| 222 | Honey Bee Canyon North. Rating D. The hike takes place in Honey Bee Canyon at Rancho Vistoso. We'll see Hohokam petroglyphs, grinding holes and end for snacks/lunch at a one of two broken dams. For those exploring Honey Bee for the first time, this is a real eye opener. Hike 3.2 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 200 feet; accumulated gain 178 feet; RTD 26 miles. | \$2 |
| 223 | Honey Bee Canyon North Plus. Rating C. The hike takes place in Honey Bee Canyon at Rancho Vistoso. We'll see Hohokam petroglyphs and grinding holes, and end at a fence cross the wash. For those exploring Honey Bee for the first time, this is a real eye opener. Hike 4-5 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 300 feet; accumulated gain 300 feet; RTD 26 miles. | \$2 |
| 224 | Honey Bee Canyon South. Rating D. The hike takes place in Honey Bee Canyon at Rancho Vistoso. We will explore the canyon, identify some of the vegetation, look for petroglyphs, find a large hole in a rock, and look for animals and animal tracks. Bring water, snack, sunscreen, hat, camera (optional). Hike <4 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 100 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 26 miles. | \$2 |
| 225 | Huachuca Peak. Rating B.!. The hike involves quite a steep, brushy climb but the view from the top is tremendous. Huachuca Peak is among several ridges, with deep canyons on two sides and a view of the other major peaks in the Huachuca Range. The trailhead is inside Ft. Huachuca (bring auto insurance proof as well as drivers license). Hike 13 miles; trailhead elevation 6000 feet; net elevation change 3000 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 211 miles. | \$15 |
| 226 | Humphrey's Peak. Rating A. The hike involves climbing to the top of Arizona, the highest point in the state at 12633 feet with 360-degree awe-inspiring views. It is a very difficult hike through a beautiful area, much of which is in forest, and requires staying overnight in Flagstaff. The trailhead is at the Arizona Ski Bowl. Call to discuss specific arrangements with the hiking guide. Hike 9 miles; trailhead elevation 8833 feet; net elevation change 3800 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 580 miles. | \$41 |
| 227 | Hutch's Pool. Rating B. Hikers will take the Sabino Canyon tram (fee required) to the trailhead at its last stop up the canyon. After a moderately steep but brief climb out of the canyon, the trail is mostly level but involves several stream crossings along the East and West Forks before reaching the pool. Some boulder hopping may be necessary depending on seasonal rains and winter snow melt on Mt. Lemmon. During periods of heavy rain or significant snow melt, the crossings can be difficult. Ask the guide about current stream flow conditions. This lovely hike will take the group to a permanent pool surrounded by giant Arizona Cypress trees, which is great place for a snack or lunch. The return is via the same route to the trailhead to catch the tram. Hike 10.7 miles; trailhead elevation 3300 feet; net | \$4 + \$tram |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | elevation change 900 feet; accumulated gain 1850 feet; RTD 56 miles. | |
| 228 | Hutch's Pool Plus - Sabino Canyon. Rating B ⁺ . We will take the first morning tram its last stop up the canyon to the trailhead (fee required). After a moderately steep but brief climb out of the canyon, the trail is mostly level along Sabino Creek but involves several stream crossings along the East and West Forks. Some boulder hopping may be necessary depending on seasonal rains and winter snow melt on Mt. Lemmon. We will continue west past the pool for about 2 miles to a lovely spot and have lunch. The return is via the same route to the trailhead to catch the tram. Hike 12 miles; trailhead elevation 3300 feet; net elevation change 1200 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 56 miles. | \$4 + \$tram |
| 229 | Incinerator Ridge. Rating C. The hike begins at the Palisade Ranger station and climbs 400 feet to a saddle. The trail proceeds along the ridge to reach a point that affords a 360-degree view, including Barnum Rock, the San Pedro River Valley, and Tucson. This is one of the premier views from hikes that take place on Mt. Lemmon, and truly gives one the concept of a sky island. Hike 3.9 miles; trailhead elevation 8000 feet; net elevation change 685 feet; accumulated gain 1175 feet; RTD 119 miles. | \$9 |
| 230 | Ironwood Forest National Monument. Rating C. The hike takes place in the West Silverbell Mountains. We will stop along the way to see the old Silverbell town cemetery. We will park at the cemetery and hike to a lovely lunch spot with great views. Wild flowers are plentiful if there has been sufficient rain. Bring lunch, camera, hiking boots. Hike 5 to 6 miles; trailhead elevation 2900 feet; net elevation change 300 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 106 miles (dirt). | \$10 |
| 231 | Ironwood Picnic Area. Rating C. The hike starts just west of Gates Pass. It follows the Golden Gate Trail, then the Prospector's Trail. After a short climb (150 feet) to a pass, the trail drops to the tree-shaded Ironwood Picnic area. After lunch, hikers follow the gradually ascending (almost level) Ironwood Trail back to the starting point. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 2900 feet; net elevation change 500 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 73 miles. | \$6 |
| 232 | Jordan Canyon, Dragoon Mountains. Rating C. The hike into Jordan Canyon will be guided by a wildlife biologist from the Sky Island Alliance (SIA). On the way into the canyon we'll stop at the ruins of a Butterfield Stagecoach station from the late 1850's. While hiking in the canyon, our guide will give us a brief lesson on animal tracking and we'll also see remote cameras placed by SIA for wildlife photography. We'll climb out of the canyon to an overlook for lunch. Hikers should be prepared for some bushwhacking and a steep climb to our lunch spot. Hike approx. 5 miles; trailhead elevation 5000 feet; net elevation change approx. 1000 feet; accumulated gain__ feet; RTD 190 miles with approx. 10 miles on dirt road. | \$18 |
| 233 | Josephine Peak. Rating A. The hike takes place on the Super Trail in Madera Canyon of the Santa Ritas, and proceeds up to the Josephine Saddle and Josephine Peak. Reaching the Peak from the Saddle involves some route-finding along an infrequently used trail (not shown on USFS maps). Josephine Peak sits in the shadow of Mt. Wrightson. On the return, we may take Old Baldy Trail down from Josephine Saddle (1.2 miles shorter than Super Trail) or return via the same route. Hike 12 miles; trailhead elevation 5450 feet; net elevation change 3000 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 234 | Josephine Saddle. Rating B. The hike starts in Madera Canyon (Santa Rita Mountains) and goes up the Old Baldy Trail to Josephine Saddle. Hikers will rest at the Saddle and return via the Super Trail. This hike can be done in reverse, going up the Super Trail and returning on the Old Baldy Trail. Hike 6.2 miles; trailhead elevation 5450 feet; net elevation change 1630 feet; accumulated gain 1890 feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 235 | Josephine Saddle / McBeth Springs. Rating B. Starting in Madera Canyon (Santa Rita Mountains), the hike proceeds up the Vault Mine Trail to the Agua Caliente Trail. We then | \$10 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | follow the Agua Caliente Trail to the Josephine Saddle, with a side jaunt to McBeth Springs. The trail is very steep in spots. The return is via the Super Trail. Hike 9 miles; trailhead elevation 5450 feet; net elevation change 1630 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 130 miles. | |
| 236 | Josephine Saddle and Carrie Nation Mine. Rating B. The hike starts at the parking lot at the end of Madera Canyon and proceeds along the Old Baldy Trail for a short distance before connecting to the Vault Mine Trail. From there we branch off into the rocky bottom of a canyon for about a mile to the mine site. Sometimes called the "No Name Mine," this mine is tucked away in a shady part of Madera Canyon, and is not shown on most local maps. We return on the Super Trail. Bring lunch and 1 to 2 quarts of water (depending upon time of year). Hike 7.5 miles; trailhead elevation 5450 feet; net elevation change 1630 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 237 | Josephine Saddle and Rogers Rock. Rating B. The hike starts in Madera Canyon (Santa Rita Mountains) and goes up Old Baldy Trail to Josephine Saddle. We then go down the Super Trail for about a mile and take a turnoff for Rogers Rock and travel about 0.25 miles to the rock. The top provides a wonderful view and is an excellent place to eat lunch. The return is down the Super Trail to the parking lot. The hike may be done in reverse. Hike, 6.5 miles; trailhead elevation 5450 feet; net elevation change 1630 feet; accumulated gain 1700 feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 238 | Josephine Saddle via Old Baldy and Vault Mine Trail. Rating B. The hike begins in Madera Canyon (Santa Rita Mountains) and goes up the Old Baldy Trail to Josephine Saddle. We then take the Agua Caliente Trail across and return via Vault Mine Trail. The Vault Mine Trail is very steep going down. The hike may be done in reverse. Hike 6.7 miles; trailhead elevation 5450 feet; net elevation change 2000 feet; accumulated gain 2100 feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$913 |
| 239 | Josephine Saddle via Super Trail and Vault Mine Trail. Rating B. The hike begins in Madera Canyon (Santa Rita Mountains) and goes up the gentle Super Trail to Josephine Saddle. We then take the Agua Caliente Trail across and return via Vault Mine Trail. The Vault Mine Trail is very steep going down. The hike may be done in reverse. Hike 7.9 miles; trailhead elevation 5450 feet; net elevation change 2000 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 240 | Kentucky Camp Hike and Hot Dog Cookout. Rating C. Kentucky Camp, located in the Santa Rita Mountains, was an active mining camp in the early 1900's. The venture was abandoned following the mysterious death of the chief engineer. The site has been a working cattle ranch and is now part of the Coronado National Forest. We will drive to the trailhead off Hwy 83 and hike to Kentucky Camp. The group will carry supplies for a hot dog (kosher) roast at the historic site. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 5215 feet; net elevation change 500 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD about 110 miles with some dirt road. | \$10 |
| 241 | King Canyon Loop. Rating C. The hike begins from a parking area across from the Desert Museum and proceeds up the King Canyon Trail to the Sweetwater Saddle. The return is either down the trail to the Mam-a Gah picnic area or down an old mining road to the wash, then along the dry wash where petroglyphs can be viewed. The wash is interesting and wildlife can sometimes be seen. Bring a camera, lunch, water, and hiking stick if you have one. Hike 5.4 miles; trailhead elevation 2800 feet; net elevation change 960 feet; accumulated gain 1118 feet; RTD 73 miles. | \$6 |
| 242 | King Canyon Trail to Mam-A-Gah Picnic Area. Rating D. The hike proceeds along an old 4WD road (King Canyon Trail) to where a trail crosses the canyon going up to Mam-A-Gah picnic area. The picnic area is named for the "deer dance" of the Tohono O'odham Indians. We return by hiking down the canyon, viewing petroglyphs along the way. Hike 4 miles; | \$6 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | trailhead elevation __ feet; net elevation change 200 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 73 miles. | |
| 243 | Kitt Peak Observatory Evening Program. Rating D ☺ . Anyone interested in astronomy should not miss this trip (fee required). We arrive at the Visitor Center at 6:30 p.m. A light box meal is provided. Visitors hear a lecture, learn how to use a star chart, and look through a telescope at objects in the night sky. The program is over at 10:00 p.m. Kitt Peak has the largest number of telescopes at any one site in the world, 24 in all. Binoculars provided. Call the hiking guide for more details. Bring warm clothes - no shorts or sandals. Hike <1 mile; trailhead elevation 7000 feet; net elevation change is minimal; accumulated gain is minimal; RTD 151 miles. | \$11 |
| 244 | Knagge Cabin / Peck Basin Overlook. Rating B. From the Palisade Ranger Station, the hike proceeds along the Butterfly Trail to a saddle, then follows the Knagge Trail down to the ruins of the cabin. Most of the climb is on the way up from the cabin (1300 feet). Fire damage has eroded the trail and caused much overgrowth. Dress defensively. Once back at the saddle we will take short side hike to the Peck Basin overlook and return. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 8000 feet; net elevation change 2000 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 119 miles. | \$9 |
| 245 | La Milagrosa Ridge/AZT from Redington Rd. Rating B. The hike begins at Redington Rd. and traverses 7 miles of the Redington Pass segment of the Arizona Trail, which is an area of rolling hills with moderate up and down elevation changes. We leave the AZT (Bellota Trail) to join the trail going down the main ridge separating La Milagrosa (Spanish for “Miraculous”) and Agua Caliente Canyons. This trail had questionable access until recent years when Pima County acquired critical land parcels. The 4.5-mile trail is now popular with mountain bikers who want a challenging ride and hikers who savor it for its moderate grades and the exhilarating views, including sheer rock walls and the wooded slopes of nearby Agua Caliente Hill. We end the hike on Horse Head Rd. Drivers are needed for shuttle to Redington Rd. Hike 13.2 miles; trailhead elevation 4340 feet; net elevation change 1800 feet; accumulated gain 965 feet; RTD 100 miles. | \$7 |
| 246 | La Posta Quemada Ranch / AZT Loop. Rating C. The trailhead is at the La Posta Quemada Ranch, which is less than one mile from the entrance to Colossal Cave Park. The ranch is a county park and there is a fee to enter the park. The route is along a recently completed section of the AZ trail in the Rincon Valley Corridor. It is an out and back hike and there is one small section (about 0.5 mile) on a dirt road. The views of the Rincons are spectacular at the halfway point. If time permits, hikers may visit the Ranch museum. Hike 7.6 miles; trailhead elevation 3400 feet; net elevation change 920 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 90 miles (dirt). | \$9 + \$? |
| 247 | Lime Falls, Saguaro NP - East. Rating C. The hike begins off Cactus Forest Drive and follows the Cactus Forest Trail which provides a wonderful example of the Sonoran Desert. Along the way, we will stop to observe some old lime kilns that were operational from 1880-1920. Hikers then turn onto a side trail to a rock outcropping to a waterfall when there is enough rain or snow melt. We hike to the loop drive and return the same way. Hike 5.8 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 300 feet; accumulated gain 300 feet; RTD 80 miles. | \$6 |
| 248 | Lime Falls, Saguaro NP - East. Rating D. The hike begins off Cactus Forest Loop Drive. We head south on the Cactus Forest Trail from the loop drive for a 2.8-mile hike or drive further around the loop and go north on the Cactus Forest Trail for a 4-mile hike. The trail passes through a wonderful example of the Sonoran Desert. Along the way, we will stop to observe some old lime kilns that were operational from 1880-1920. Hikers then turn onto a side trail that takes them to a rock outcropping which produces a waterfall when there is | \$6 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | enough rain or snow melt. Hike 2.8 or 4 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 300 feet; accumulated gain 300 feet; RTD 80 miles. | |
| 249 | Linda Vista Loop. Rating D. The Linda Vista Trailhead and parking lot is one block east of Oracle Road on Linda Vista Blvd. The hike proceeds into the foothills of Pusch Ridge and is an excellent introduction to desert hiking. The trail gradually ascends to provide excellent views of Oro Valley. Hiking sticks may be helpful for rocky steps-up and steps-down. The trail passes through a riparian area and ascends to a rocky outcropping which is a good place for a snack break. There are magnificent saguaros throughout the drainage from Pusch Ridge. Hike 3 miles (mileage may be extended by doing an extra loop – ask the guide); trailhead elevation 2720 feet; net elevation change 400 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 28 miles. | \$2 |
| 250 | Linda Vista Loop Trails. Rating C. The Linda Vista Trailhead and parking lot is one block east of Oracle Road on Linda Vista Blvd. The hike proceeds into the foothills of Pusch Ridge and is an excellent introduction to desert hiking. The trail gradually ascends to provide excellent views of Oro Valley. Hiking sticks may be helpful for rocky steps-up and steps-down. The trail passes through a riparian area and ascends to a rocky outcropping which is a good place for a snack break. There are magnificent saguaros throughout the drainage from Pusch Ridge. Hike 4 to 6 miles; trailhead elevation 2720 feet; net elevation change 400 feet; accumulated gain __ to __ feet, depending on route; RTD 28 miles. | \$2 |
| 251 | Little Matterhorn. Rating C. The hike is partly on dirt roads and partly a bushwhack. It begins near the Golf Course at Rancho Vistoso. Hikers pass by the ten-crown saguaro cactus on the way to the Little Matterhorn. To reach the summit (optional) requires some steep rock climbing. Bring gloves. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 3000 feet; net elevation change 1000 feet; accum. gain __ feet; RTD 36 miles. | \$3 |
| 252 | Madera Canyon Kent Springs - Bog Springs Loop. Rating C. This non-desert hike is one of the prettiest in the Santa Rita Mountains. A series of springs along the loop create an unusually lush area that attracts a large number of birds and wildlife. Large Arizona sycamore and walnut trees provide a canopy that invites relaxation before returning to the arid environment of southeastern Arizona. An optional lunch will follow in Tubac. Hike 5.4 miles; trailhead elevation 4820 feet; net elevation change 1800 feet; accumulated gain 3119 feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 253 | Madera Canyon Nature Trail. Rating C. This non-desert hike is in the Santa Rita Mountains. It starts from the lower area and ascends 3.2 miles up the canyon to the Roundup Picnic Area (el. 5400 feet). Along the way, hikers enjoy the shade of Apache pines, Douglas firs, Emory oaks, Mexican blue oaks, willows, cottonwoods, and sycamores. The return is by the same route. There are panoramic views from a ridge on a trail breakout. Hike 6.5 miles; trailhead elevation 4500 feet; net elevation change 900 feet; accumulated gain 965 feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 254 | Maiden Pools. Rating C!. Starting at the public parking lot on the left (past the employees' parking lot) at Ventana Canyon Resort, hikers follow the new Forest Service trail into the canyon. The trail is rocky in places with some steep climbing and substantial steps-up which make it more difficult than the average C hike. There are numerous wash crossings which involve boulder hopping if water is flowing. On the return, there are fine views of the east side of Tucson. The pools provide an excellent place for lunch. The return is by the same route. Hike 5 miles; trailhead elevation 3000 feet; net elevation change 1100 feet; accumulated gain 1250 feet; RTD 54 miles. | \$4 |
| 255 | Marble Peak. Rating C. The hike begins on the Old Mt. Lemmon control road at the Oracle Ridge Trailhead near the Summerhaven fire station. We follow the Oracle Ridge Trail north past some of the largest alligator juniper trees in the Catalinas. A jeep trail leads to Marble Peak. Before we return we will take a short side trip to Dan Saddle. Hike 6 miles; trailhead | \$10 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | elevation 7760 feet; net elevation change 1200 feet; accumulated gain 1250 feet; RTD 130 miles. | |
| 256 | Marshall Gulch / Aspen Loop. Rating C. The hike starts at the Marshall Gulch Picnic Area and goes up the Marshall Gulch Trail to the Marshall Saddle. From the Saddle, we turn left down the Aspen Trail and head back to the picnic area. After about 0.25 miles on the Aspen Trail, there is a large rock that provides a great spot for a break or lunch. Hike may be done in reverse. Hike 3.7 miles; trailhead elevation 7440 feet; net elevation change 480 feet; accumulated gain 830 feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 257 | Marshall Gulch / Aspen Loop with Lunch. Rating C. The hike starts at the Marshall Gulch Picnic Area and goes up the Marshall Gulch Trail to the Marshall Saddle. From the Saddle, we turn left down the Aspen Trail and head back to the picnic area. After about 0.25 miles on the Aspen Trail, there is a large rock that provides a great spot for a break. Bring lunch money. Hike 3.7 miles; trailhead elevation 7440 feet; net elevation change 480 feet; accumulated gain 830 feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 258 | Marshall Gulch / Radio Ridge Loop. Rating B. The hike begins from the Marshall Gulch Picnic Area along the Marshall Gulch Trail, and proceeds along the Aspen Trail to Radio Ridge and over to the Lemmon Rock Lookout for views and lunch. The return is back down Aspen Draw Trail, through Turkey Run to Summerhaven. Hike 9 miles; trailhead elevation 7440 feet; net elevation change 1900 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 259 | Marshall Gulch / Summerhaven Loop. Rating C. Starting at the Marshall Gulch Trailhead, we take the Aspen Trail to Marshall Saddle, then the Mint Springs Trail to Summerhaven, walk through Summerhaven, and return to the trailhead via Carter Canyon Road and Sabino Canyon Parkway. Hike 5 miles; trailhead elevation 7440 feet; net elevation change 800 feet; accumulated gain 1020 feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 260 | McCleary Peak. Rating A. The hike begins at the Santa Rita Agricultural Experimental Range Headquarters, and follows the Florida Canyon Trail to Florida Saddle and Armour Spring. We then follow a faint path to the north up to McCleary Peak, which provides great views of the Santa Catalina, Rincon and various mountains to the east. There is fire damage in the upper section of the Florida Canyon Trail. Good cooler hike for the summer. Hike 11.6 miles; trailhead elevation 4300 feet; net elevation change 4000 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 261 | Meadow Trail to Fire Lookout. Rating C. We begin by driving to the top of Mt. Lemmon and parking by the astronomical observatories operated by the UA (also known as Radio Ridge). We hike down the Meadow Trail, through Lemmon Park, to where it intersects the Mt. Lemmon Trail which leads to Lemmon Rock fire lookout cabin. There are spectacular views along the way. We then hike back to the top of Mt. Lemmon and the parking area. Hike 3 miles; trailhead elevation 9157 feet; net elevation change 500 feet; accumulated gain 500 feet; RTD 131 miles. | \$10 |
| 262 | Mendoza Canyon. Rating C!. Mendoza Canyon in the Coyote Mountains is surrounded by the Tohono O'odham Reservation and private land, and may be the least visited BLM wilderness area in the state. Public access is allowed through the King's Anvil Ranch only during the months of Sept. through Feb. After reaching the starting destination, we begin the hike on a primitive road through jumbled granite boulders. In an area of varnished boulders, we will search for stone metates and pictographs. After about 2 miles, the road ends abruptly at a dam that we must walk across or around. From here we will follow the scenic and adventurous off-trail route used by rock climbers to reach the start of their climbs up Table Dome or Elephant Dome, the largest granite massifs in the Coyote Mountains. We will follow cairns, do some rock hopping, and occasionally some bushwhacking uphill deeper into the canyon until we reach the rock climbers' junction to the two domes. We will take the | \$9 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | right route, ending our hike out by angling up a rock slab toward the south side of the Elephant, and then return the way we came. Although the distance and elevation gain on this hike are not great, backcountry rock hopping and above average hiking skills are required. Dress defensively. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 3130 feet; net elevation change 550 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 120 miles. | |
| 263 | Mescal Mountain Old 4WD Road. Rating C. The hike begins 15.2 miles north of Winkelman on Hwy # 77. We climb 400 feet right away, and then have a more gradual climb to total of 700 feet gain over the first 2 miles. There are great views in all directions, including the El Capitan slot canyon, Mescal Mountains with El Capitan Mountain, south to the Galiuro Mountains, and west to the Tortilla Mountains. From the high point (el. 3300 feet) we hike down the road to an overlook into a canyon. The return is via the same route. Optional event: swim/wade in the Gila River near Winkelman (mile post 142--on left side of Hwy # 77). Hike 6 to 7 miles; trailhead elevation 2600 feet; net elevation change 700 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 134 miles. | \$10 |
| 264 | Miller Peak. Rating A. Miller Peak is the highest point in the Huachuca Mountains. There is a 100-mile view from the top. The hike starts at the Crest Trail Trailhead in the Coronado National Memorial, which is located in Montezuma Canyon off Hwy # 92, 45 minutes beyond Sierra Vista. The Crest Trail leads to and from the Peak. Hike 10 miles; trailhead elevation 5800 feet; net elevation change 3400 feet; accumulated elevation __ feet; RTD 211 miles (dirt). | \$19 |
| 265 | Miller Peak and Carr Peak. Rating A. The hike starts on the east side of the Huachuca Mountains and takes the Ash Canyon / Lutz Canyon Trail to Miller Peak. Miller Peak is the highest peak in the Huachuca Mountains with views over 100 miles. We will continue over to Carr Peak and return by the same route. Hike 12 miles; trailhead elevation 7370 feet; net elevation change 2070 feet; accumulated gain 4000 feet; RTD 211 miles (dirt). | \$19 |
| 266 | Mt. Baldy East Fork Trail, part way up. Rating C. The trailhead is on Hwy # 273, 3 miles east of Sheep's Crossing in the White Mountains. The trail initially climbs easily through some large meadows where deer, elk and antelope can sometimes be seen early or late in the day. After that, the trail climbs steadily through virgin timber of mixed Douglas fir, white and blue spruce, and ponderosa pine. After 2 miles, a summit is reached from which views of Mt. Baldy and other White Mountain peaks can be enjoyed. Hike 4 miles; trailhead elevation 9700 feet; net elevation change 1000 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 486 miles. | \$35 |
| 267 | Mt. Baldy Loop. Rating A. Mt. Baldy is actually an extinct volcano that last erupted 10 million years ago. Located on the western edge of the Apache National Forest, this hike goes through some of the most spectacular terrain in the state. The lovely trail passes through old growth forest with some of the biggest examples of ponderosa pine, Douglas fir, blue spruce and aspen in the state and through meadows blanketed with wildflowers. Hikers will view the remains of an Army plane that crashed into the mountain back in the late 1940's or early 1950's. We will begin at the trailhead for the West Fork Trail of the Little Colorado River and climb to the ridge to merge with the East Fork Trail near the wilderness boundary. We top out a mile away from the actual summit of Mt. Baldy which is sacred to the Apache Indians and off limits. However, the views are just as good on the ridgeline and include portions of the White Mountain Apache Reservation, Big Lake, Crescent Lake, a sizable chunk of the Black River Valley, Escudilla Mountain, the Blue Range and the Gila National Forest in New Mexico. Bring a light jacket as it can be pretty cold at the top. Hike 15 miles; trailhead elevation 9200 feet; net elevation change 1800 feet, accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 480 miles. | \$34 |
| 268 | Mt. Baldy Saddle Overlook. Rating A. Hikers climb the Florida Canyon Trail, starting at the Experimental Range Headquarters. The hike involves a steep, persistent climb to the | \$10 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | Florida Saddle at 7800 feet, where we continue on the Crest Trail for an additional 3 miles to an elevation of about 8400 feet. Hike 16 miles; trailhead elevation 4400 feet; net elevation change 4600 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 130 miles. | |
| 269 | Mt. Hopkins. Rating A. Mount Hopkins in the Santa Ritas is the home of the Whipple Observatory. The hike starts from the upper Madera Canyon Trail parking area and proceeds up numerous steep switchbacks via the Vault Mine Trail to the Aqua Caliente Trail. From the junction we hike 0.3 miles to Aqua Caliente Saddle. Then we continue south up a faint "lung bursting" route for about 3/4 mile along the ridgeline through pine forest to the top. From the top there is a 360 degree view with mountain ranges in all directions. We will look around the exterior of the main observatory and have lunch at a public picnic area with flush toilets. The return hike is via the paved road for about a mile (descending about 600 feet) to a hairpin turn. At the hairpin turn we step over the guard rail and drop about 20 feet to a faint trail in the manzanita trees. This unmarked trail (about 1/2 mile long) is easy to follow and drops down to the Aqua Caliente trail From here we go to Josephine Saddle and finally down Old Baldy Trail. This is a tough hike due to route conditions and steepness. Hike 8.5 miles; trailhead elevation 5400 feet; net elevation change 3185 feet; accumulated gain 3487 feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 270 | Mt. Ian. Rating A. The hike begins at the Madera Canyon Trailhead, proceeds up the Old Baldy Trail to the Baldy Saddle below Mt. Wrightson. Hikers follow the Crest Trail for about one mile toward Florida Saddle and turn off a short distance to Mount Ian (el. 9186 feet). Mt. Ian is the second highest peak in the Santa Rita Mountains (267 feet lower than Mt. Wrightson). The return is via either the Super Trail or Old Baldy. Hike 10 to 12 miles; trailhead elevation 5400 feet; net elevation change 4000 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 271 | Mt. Kimball via Finger Rock Canyon. Rating A. Starting from the Finger Rock Trailhead at the north end of Alvernon Way, this rocky trail climbs steadily and follows the canyon past Finger Rock, a prominent Tucson landmark high above the canyon floor. The trail passes Linda Vista Saddle between Mt. Kimball and "Little Kimball," and onto the Pima Canyon Trail. A half mile further and hikers arrive at the top of Mt. Kimball. The destination offers one of the most fantastic views in all of the Catalinas. The return hike is down the same trails. Hike 9.5 miles; trailhead elevation 3120 feet; net elevation change 4138 feet; accumulated gain 4148 feet; RTD 44 miles. | \$4 |
| 272 | Mt. Kimball via Finger Rock Canyon / Return via Pima Trail. Rating A. Starting from the Finger Rock Trailhead at the north end of Alvernon Way, this rocky trail climbs steadily and follows the canyon past Finger Rock, a prominent Tucson landmark high above the canyon floor. The trail passes Linda Vista Saddle between Mt. Kimball and "Little Kimball" and onto the Pima Canyon Trail. A half mile further and hikers arrive at the top of Mt. Kimball. The destination offers one of the most fantastic views north in all the Catalinas. The return is via the Pima Canyon Trail from Mt. Kimball down to the Pima Canyon Trailhead at the east end of McGee Road. Bring lunch, snacks, and 2 to 4 quarts of water, depending upon time of year. Car shuttle required. Hike 12.1 miles; trailhead elevation 3120 feet; net elevation change 4138 feet; accumulated gain 4148 feet; RTD 44 miles. | \$4 |
| 273 | Mt. Lemmon Rock Lookout / Mint Spring Loop. Rating B. Starting in Summerhaven, we climb 1200 feet via Carter Canyon to the Aspen Trail, then up to the top of Mt. Lemmon (el. 9157 feet). We proceed down Lemmon Rock Lookout Trail (a descent of 1900 feet) into the Wilderness of Rocks. Another climb of 750 feet gets us to Marshall Saddle. From there we coast down the Mint Spring Trail back to Summerhaven. The hike is in forest shade and all above 7000 feet. Hike 8 miles; trailhead elevation 7000 feet; net elevation change 2100 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| 274 | Mt. Lemmon Ski Lift Loop. Rating C. From the foot of the ski lift, hikers walk the roadway to the top of Mt. Lemmon. We will take the Meadow Trail and the Mt. Lemmon Trail to Mt. Lemmon Rock Lookout (outstanding views). We return to the starting point using a portion of Trail # 5 along Radio Ridge, and a portion of the Aspen Draw Trail. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 8480; net elevation change 700 feet; accumulated gain 1150 feet; RTD 131 miles. | \$10 |
| 275 | Mt. Lemmon to American Flag Trailhead via Oracle Ridge Trail. Rating B!. This is a long downhill hike northwards along the Oracle Ridge Trail from Summerhaven fire station to the Oracle Control Road near Oracle at the American Flag Trailhead. It is a very scenic hike with great views; however, the trail is steep in many places and has numerous stretches with loose rock. The hike starts at the Arizona Trailhead on the Control Road just below the Mt. Lemmon Fire Station. The trail between Dan Saddle and Rice Peak may be very brushy and difficult to follow, depending on the time of year. Defensive clothing and gloves are suggested. Hike 13.2 miles; trailhead elevation 7760 feet; net elevation loss 3320 feet; accumulated loss 5854 feet; accumulated gain 2278 feet; RTD 131 miles. | \$10 |
| 276 | Mt. Lemmon to Catalina State Park via Marshall Gulch. Rating A. The hike begins at Marshall Gulch, and then proceeds up to the Marshall Saddle (700-foot climb). From the Saddle, we take the Wilderness of Rocks Trail to Romero Pass, and the Romero Canyon Trail to the main trailhead at Catalina State Park. Fire has in years past decimated the trail, which may be severely eroded and overgrown with sticker bushes. Dress defensively. Ask the guide about current trail conditions. Trail finding skills are important. We will leave cars in the park, and be driven to the top. The hike is nearly all downhill but is difficult in places. It is a rigorous hike with some short, steep uphill sections. Hike 14 miles; trailhead elevation 7440 feet; net elevation change minus 4750 feet; accumulated gain/loss ___/6400 feet; RTD 131 miles. | \$10 |
| 277 | Mt. Lemmon to Catalina State Park via Romero Pass. Rating A. The hike starts at the top of Mt. Lemmon and follows the Mt. Lemmon Trail to Romero Pass. We then take the Romero Canyon Trail to the main trailhead in Catalina State Park. Most of this hike is downhill but is difficult in places with some short but rigorous uphill sections. We will leave cars in the park and be driven to the top. Hike 12.8 miles; trailhead elevation 9100 feet; net elevation change minus 6400 feet; accumulated gain/loss ___/ 7219 feet; RTD 131 miles. | \$10 |
| 278 | Mt. Lemmon to Catalina State Park via the Sutherland Trail. Rating A. The hike begins at the Mt. Lemmon trailhead for Trail # 5 (near the observatories), and proceeds down the Mt. Lemmon Trail and the Sutherland Trail to the easternmost trailhead at Catalina State Park. Despite being downhill most of the way, the hike is difficult and will take nearly all day. The hike passes through all of the climate zones of Mt. Lemmon and hikers are afforded magnificent views to the West and Northwest, including the Tortolitas, Sun City, Saddlebrooke, and Oro Valley. Transportation to the top will need to be arranged. Hike 11 miles; trailhead elevation 9100 feet; net elevation change 6400 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 131 miles. | \$10 + \$2 |
| 279 | Mt. Lemmon to Crystal Springs. Rating B. The hike starts at the Summerhaven fire station and proceeds down the road 2.3 miles to beginning of the Crystal Spring Trail. The trail follows north ridges through oak and juniper trees to Crystal Spring, and then continues to the Butterfly Trail junction through pine and fir trees. The hike ends at mile post 23 on Catalina Hwy. Car shuttle is needed on this point-to-point hike. Hike 8 miles; trailhead elevation 7760 feet; net elevation change 1200 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 280 | Mt. Lemmon to Oracle Ridge Trailhead via the CDO Trail. Rating A. This 15.5-mile hike begins atop Mt. Lemmon at an elevation of 9125 feet and descends via the Mt. Lemmon | \$10 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | and part of the Samaniego trails to the junction of the Canada del Oro Trail and Arizona Trail at 5600 feet. We then climb past Catalina Camp to Dan Saddle, past the Catalina Camp, and return to Mt. Lemmon via the scenic Oracle Ridge Trail. This is a spectacular hike with fabulous views and interesting sights, including old mines and Catalina Camp. Car shuttle is needed. Hike 15.5 miles; trailhead elevation 9125 feet; net elevation change minus 3525 feet; return elevation gain 2400 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 131 miles. | |
| 281 | Mt. Lemmon to Romero Pass Loop. Rating A. The hike begins at the Steward Observatory Trailhead and proceeds down the Mt. Lemmon and Lookout Trails for a steep descent to the junction with the Wilderness of Rocks Trail at 7200 feet. The Lemmon Rock Lookout, passed about 0.5 miles into the hike, provides excellent views. We continue along the Mt. Lemmon Trail for the last 1.9 miles before reaching Romero Pass at 6080 feet. The return is via the Mt. Lemmon and Meadow Trails. Hike 12.4 miles; trailhead elevation 9150 feet; net elevation change 3100 feet; accumulated gain 4635 feet; RTD 131 miles. | \$10 |
| 282 | Mt. Lemmon to Sabino Canyon via Palisade Trail (with Tram). Rating B. The Palisade Trail starts in the high pine forests near Showers Point Campground behind the Palisade Ranger Station on Catalina Hwy and continues to the East Fork Trail, west on the Fork Trail, and then south down the Sabino Canyon Trail to the uppermost tram stop. Tram fee is required. A dropoff on Mt. Lemmon and pickup at Sabino Canyon Visitor Center is needed. Bring lunch and 3 quarts of water. Hike 10.9 miles; trailhead elevation 7840 feet; net elevation change minus 5050 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 119 miles. | \$9 + \$tram |
| 283 | Mt. Lemmon to Sabino Canyon via Romero Pass. Rating A. From the top of Mt. Lemmon, hikers will follow the Mount Lemmon Trail to Romero Pass, and then take the West Fork Trail and Sabino Canyon Trail to its intersection with the Phone Line Trail. Hikers can choose either the tram road or Phone Line Trail to reach the Visitor Center. This is a beautiful hike with many great views along the way, including Cathedral Rock and Rattlesnake Peak. A drop off on Mt. Lemmon and pickup at Sabino Canyon Visitor Center is needed. Hike 19 miles; trailhead elevation 9100 feet; net elevation change minus 6400 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 131 miles. | \$10 |
| 284 | Mt. Lemmon to Sabino Canyon via Romero Pass (with Tram). Rating A. From the top of Mt. Lemmon, hikers will follow the Mount Lemmon Trail to Romero Pass, and then take the West Fork Trail and Sabino Canyon Trail to the uppermost tram stop. Tram fee required. This is a beautiful hike with many great views along the way, including Cathedral Rock and Rattlesnake Peak. A dropoff on Mt. Lemmon and pickup at Sabino Canyon Visitor Center is needed. Hike 15.1 miles; trailhead elevation 9100 feet; net elevation change minus 5800 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 131 miles. | \$10 |
| 285 | Mt. Lemmon to Sabino Canyon Visitor Center (with Tram). Rating A. The hike begins at the Palisade Visitor Center near the top of Mt. Lemmon, and proceeds down along the Palisade Trail past Mud Spring through Pine Canyon to the Sabino Basin. At that point, we will hike out through either Sabino Canyon or Bear Canyon, depending on weather conditions. Tram fee is required. A drop off on Mt. Lemmon and pickup at Sabino Canyon Visitor Center is needed. Hike 10.9/14.7 Sabino/Bear miles; trailhead elevation 7840 feet; net elevation change minus 4505/5050 Sabino/Bear feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 119 miles. | \$9 + \$tram |
| 286 | Mt. Lemmon to SaddleBrooke via CDO. Rating A. The hike begins on Mt. Lemmon and proceeds down Trail # 5A, Trail #5, Trail #6, CDO Trail # 4 (also the AZT) to the CDO Trailhead where it connects with FR # 736, Charouleau Gap Road, at the CDO Trailhead. FR # 736 leads through Charouleau Gap back to SaddleBrooke. Drivers are needed for drop off at Mt. Lemmon. Hike 18.7 miles; trailhead elevation 9100 feet; net elevation change 5847 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; accumulated loss ___ feet; RTD 131 miles. | \$10 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| 287 | Mt. Lemmon to SaddleBrooke via Samaniego Ridge Trail. Rating A. The hike begins on Mt. Lemmon and proceeds down Trail # 5A, Trail # 5, Trail # 6, and Samaniego Trail #7 to Charouleau Gap. The Samaniego Trail proceeds along the backside of the three peaks of the Samaniego Ridge and passes Mule Ears along the way. From the gap we continue down FR # 736 (a 4WD road) and the CDO Wash to Saddlebrooke Unit 21. This is a beautiful hike with great views of the Reef of Rocks as viewed from Mule Ears, as well as the entire CDO Canyon watershed originating from Mt Lemmon. The trail is seldom used and slow going at places so be prepared for some bushwhacking. Minimum 4 liters of water, headlight, long pants and plenty of snack food is recommended. Drivers will be needed to take hikers to Mt. Lemmon. Hike 15.7 miles; trailhead elevation 9100 feet; net elevation change minus 5847 feet; accumulated gain 1299 feet, accumulated loss 7146 feet; RTD 131 miles. | \$10 |
| 288 | Mt. Lemmon to Samaniego Ridge. Rating B/A!. Starting from the top of Mt. Lemmon, we take the Mt. Lemmon Trail and Samaniego Ridge Trail to Walnut Spring and back. The last 3 miles to Walnut Spring is sometimes very brushy and difficult to follow, but thanks to efforts by volunteers and Forest Service staff, was in excellent condition as of July 2011. A short bushwhack up to Samaniego Peak may be included. If so, this one mile RT bushwhack adds significant difficulty to the hike because of the lack of a trail, dense brush to be negotiated, and the boulder scrambling involved. Including the bushwhack to the peak raises the rating of this hike to an A!. Ask the guide if you are unsure, but the rating will reveal which it is. Defensive clothing and gloves are suggested, especially for the peak portion. Hike 12 miles (13 if peak is included); trailhead elevation 9100 feet; net elevation change 2000 feet; accumulated gain 2815 feet (3500 feet if peak is included); RTD 131 miles. | \$10 |
| 289 | Mt. Lemmon via the Sutherland Trail. Rating A. From the Sutherland Trailhead near the east end of Golder Ranch Road, a side road leads to the pole line road. The Sutherland Trail joins the pole line road and follows it for about 2.5 miles on the north side of Cargodera Canyon to its end. Here the route leaves the powerline and crosses the canyon to the south side. It then climbs very steeply about 400 feet into a saddle. From the saddle, the trail drops slightly to the south, crosses a minor drainage, and then climbs up the crest of the ridge. Two miles of switchbacks take hikers up the ridge and to some fine views of the north side of the front range of the Catalinas. After a short brushy section, the trail rejoins the powerline road for the next 0.5 mile to the southern end of the Canada del Oro Trail at elevation 7920 feet. At this point, the group will turn right and hike 2.3 miles to the summit of Mt. Lemmon. Transportation from the top will need to be arranged. This is a very difficult, all day hike. Hike 11 miles, trailhead elevation 2700 feet, net elevation change 6400 feet; accumulated gain >7000 feet; RTD (to Mt Lemmon) 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 290 | Mt. Lemmon: Butterfly-Soldier Camp-Bear Wallow-Mt. Bigelow Loop. Rating A. The hike begins at the Mt. Bigelow Trailhead shortly before the Palisade Ranger Station along Catalina Hwy. After 0.5 miles, we join the Butterfly Trail, descending steeply through forest for 2 miles to the Davis Spring Trail junction. Continuing on the Butterfly Trail about 20 minutes from this junction, we will do a very short bushwhack to locate the crash site of a 1970's fighter plane (UTM 526435E, 3587511N). Returning to the trail, we pass the low point of our hike (6550 feet) at Novio Spring and begin a steady climb, passing the junction with Crystal Spring Trail on the way to Soldier Camp. From the Soldier Camp parking lot after a very brief walk on Catalina Highway, we will locate a dirt road which, after .5 miles returns to the Highway. After 200 yards, we bear left at the intersection of Bear Wallow Rd., taking this road 3+ miles almost to the end at Mt. Bigelow. The intersection with the Butterfly Trail is another 0.2 miles, which we follow 0.5 miles back to the Bigelow Trailhead. Hike 9 miles; trailhead elevation 7930 feet; elevation ranges from 6550 to 8525 feet; accumulated gain 3335 feet, RTD 125 miles. | \$9 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| 291 | Mt. Lemmon: Double Loop. Rating A. The actual trails used for the loops will depend on whether the Carter Trail to Aspen Trail is hikeable, and whether a connector trail exist between Miners Ridge Road (near Carter Canyon Road) and Cap Rock Trail. If either or both of the answers are “Yes”, we will use those routes to access and return from Radio Ridge. We will first attempt to locate a connector trail from Miners Ridge Rd. If this trail exists, we will use it for our return from Radio Ridge at the end of the hike. We will then go to the end of Carter Canyon Rd. to search for Carter Canyon Trail leading to Aspen Trail. If this is successful, we will use this route to Radio Ridge and proceed from there to hike the Mt. Lemmon Lookout/Wilderness of Rocks/Mt. Lemmon Trail loop. We will return from Radio Ridge via the Connector if it exists. If neither questionable route exists, we will take the Mint Spring Trail to the Aspen Trail and go north to Radio Ridge to access the Mt. Lemmon Lookout/Wilderness of Rocks/Mt. Lemmon Trail loop. We will then return via the Aspen Draw Trail and Turkey Run Road through Summerhaven to the trailhead. Hike 11-14+ miles; trailhead elevation 7930; elevation range 6900-9100 feet; accumulated gain 4000-4600 feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 292 | Mt. Lemmon: Mt. Bigelow Loop. Rating A. The hike proceeds to the north from the Mt. Bigelow Trailhead just south of the Palisade Ranger Station. Trails followed to reach Catalina Hwy near Soldier Camp include Trail # 520, Trail # 16, the Butterfly Trail. Along the way, hikers will do a short bushwhack to locate the crash site of a 1970’s fighter jet (UTM 526435E, 3587511N), and pass Novio Spring (which is the low point of the hike at 6550 feet). After a brief period on Catalina Hwy heading south, we intersect Bear Wallow Road for the return back to the Butterfly Trail, passing the U. of A. observatories along the way. At this intersection, we may include a side hike to Incinerator Ridge before returning to the trailhead. Hike 9 to 11 miles; trailhead elevation 7930 feet; elevation ranges from 6550 to 8525 feet; accumulated gain 3335 to 3600 feet; RTD 125 miles. | \$9 |
| 293 | Mt. Lemmon: Summerhaven Loop. Rating A. The clockwise hike, all of which is all above 7000 feet, begins at the Visitor Center in Summerhaven and proceeds along Sabino Canyon Rd., Douglas Ave., and Carter Canyon Rd. to Mint Springs Trailhead. We hike the Mint Springs Trail to Marshall Saddle where we connect with the Wilderness of Rocks Trail. We proceed on the WR trail to the Mt. Lemmon Trail and take it via the Meadow Trail to Radio Ridge and past the Steward Observatory parking lot. We then hike the rough trail and dirt road that connects the Mt. Lemmon Trail with the Aspen Draw Trail. We proceed down the Aspen Draw Trail through a beautiful alpine forest, turning off on a dirt road (Turkey Run Rd.) that parallels Ski Run Road before we reach the bottom. This road leads to the Visitor Center. Hike 12.5 miles; trailhead elevation 7850 feet; net elevation change 1250 feet; accumulated gain 3520 feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 294 | Mt. Wrightson via Old Baldy and Super Trails. Rating A. The hike begins in Madera canyon in the Santa Rita Mountains and follows Old Baldy Trail to Josephine Saddle where we take the Super Trail to Mt. Wrightson. This provides a more gradual ascent to Baldy Saddle, but the last 0.9 mile to the summit is steep and rocky with moderate exposure. At the top are outstanding 360-degree views of Tucson and the mountain ranges in the area. The return is via the Old Baldy Trail to Josephine Saddle and the Super Trail to the trailhead. There is abundant shade along the way. Hike 13.7 miles; trailhead elevation 5450 feet; net elevation change 4003 feet; accumulated gain >4100 feet. RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 295 | Mt. Wrightson via Old Baldy Trail. Rating A. The hike begins in Madera Canyon in the Santa Rita Mountains and follows the Old Baldy Trail to Mt. Wrightson. The return is via the same route. This trail provides the shortest route to the top (el. 9453 feet) of Mt. Wrightson. The last 0.9 miles to the summit is steep and rocky with moderate exposure. At the top are outstanding 360-degree views of Tucson and the mountain ranges in the area. There is shade | \$10 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | along much of the way. Hike 11.1 miles; trailhead elevation 5450 feet; net elevation change 4003 feet; accumulated gain 4029 feet; RTD 130 miles. | |
| 296 | Mt. Wrightson via Super Trail. Rating A. The hike begins in Madera Canyon in the Santa Rita Mountains and follows the Super trail to Mt Wrightson. Either the Super Trail or Old Baldy Trail will be followed on the return. The last 0.9 miles to the summit is steep and rocky with moderate exposure. At the top are outstanding 360-degree views of Tucson and the mountain ranges in the area. There is shade along much of the way. Hike 10.8 miles; trailhead elevation 5450 feet; net elevation change 4003 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 297 | Mt. Wrightson: Ring around Wrightson. Rating A. The hike begins in Madera Canon in the Santa Rita Mountains and follows the Super Trail to Josephine Saddle. We then follow the Super Trail past Josephine Peak to Baldy Saddle, and Old Baldy Trail through Josephine Saddle to the starting point. This is a shady hike with outstanding views in all directions. Hike 11.7 miles; trailhead elevation 5450 feet; net elevation change 3300 feet; accumulated gain 3330 feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 298 | Mule Ears via Charouleau Gap. Rating A!. This is a difficult hike to a prominent point on the Samaniego Ridge with outstanding views in all directions. The hike starts from the Rocking Horse Ranch parking area near Unit 21, crosses the CDO Wash and proceeds along Charouleau Gap Road, FR # 736 (a 4WD jeep road) to the gap. The group will turn right (south) onto the trail and climb up a steep hill for 1.5 miles. Eventually, the trail levels off and continues along the ridge with moderate up/down hiking over to Mule Ears. This section was devastated by fire and is sometimes overgrown with sticker bushes. Dress defensively. Route finding skills are needed. We lunch at a spot on the edge of cliffs just north of Mule Ears which affords a view of the Reef of Rocks. The return is via the same route. Hike 17.5 miles; trailhead elevation 3170 feet; net elevation change 3891 feet; accumulated gain 4210 feet; RTD 5 miles. | \$1 |
| 299 | Murray Springs Archaeological Site / Clanton Family Ranch. Rating C ☺. The hike starts at the Murray Springs parking lot east of Sierra Vista, AZ. The archeological site dates back to the last Ice Age. It is a 13,000 year old hunter's camp of the "Clovis" people. Bones of mammoths, mastodons, sloths and saber tooth cats were found here along with hunter tools and other artifacts. A loop trail offers display boards explaining life in the late ice age at this site. We then hike to the Clanton Ranch ruins; not much remains today, but still of interest. The Clantons were the alleged 'black hats' in the OK Corral gunfight with Wyatt Earp, his brothers, and Doc Holiday. Bring lunch and at least one quart of water. Hike 5 miles; trailhead elevation __ feet; net elevation change is minimal; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 220 miles. | \$16 |
| 300 | Newman Peak. Rating B!. Newman Peak, which is located across I-10 from Picacho Peak, is the highest point of the Picacho Mountains. Very few people actually attempt its summit because there is no trail to speak of and road access is very confusing. The steep rock-hopping route to the summit follows a brushy main gully through cliff bands, boulders and cacti. Over 1400 feet of elevation is gained in the last mile. As you continue upward, you will be rewarded with layers and layers of mountains in all directions. From the summit, many ranges are visible, such as the Catalinas, Silverbells, Tucsons, Superstitions, Tortolitas, and Table Top Mountains. Hike 4.5 miles; trailhead elevation 2200 feet; net elevation change 2250 feet; accumulated gain 2250 feet; RTD 90 miles (dirt). | \$9 |
| 301 | Nugget Canyon (short version). Rating D. The trailhead is at the intersection of Nugget Canyon and the Oracle Control Road south of Oracle. The hike follows a lovely canyon to the west with tall trees and riparian vegetation and goes up to an earthen dam before | \$6 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | returning the same way. There are several wash crossings which may involve some boulder hopping if there has been sufficient precipitation. Hikers will stop by a cave so bring a flashlight for exploring. Hike <4 miles; trailhead elevation 4680 feet; net elevation change <500 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 56 miles (dirt). | |
| 302 | Oracle Ridge. Rating C. The hike begins in Oracle at a trailhead off the Cody Loop Road. It follows the Oracle Ridge Trail to the junction with the American Flag/Cody Trail there are great views of Biosphere II and the Tortolitas to the west. We will lunch on the ridge and return by same route. Hike 5.2 miles; trailhead elevation 4700 feet; net elevation change ___ feet; accumulated gain 700 feet; RTD 40 miles (dirt). | \$4 |
| 303 | Oracle Ridge / Red Ridge Loop. Rating B.!. The hike begins at the Red Ridge Trailhead and descends steeply on a rocky trail to Catalina Camp. From there, we will climb via Trail # 401 east to Dan Saddle, south up the Oracle Ridge Trail to its trailhead just below the Mt. Lemmon Fire Station, then back along Catalina Hwy for about a mile to complete the loop. Both trails are very steep and have numerous stretches of loose, slippery rock making stable footing a challenge. An alternative is to position vehicles at both trailheads to avoid the trek along Catalina Hwy. Along the way, there are great views of the Reef of Rocks and Samaniego Ridge to the west, and the Biosphere II and Oracle to the north. The hike may be done in reverse, but both ways are difficult for a hike of this rating. Hike 8.3 miles; trailhead elevation 8160 feet; net elevation change 2480 feet; accumulated gain 2615 feet; RTD 131 miles. | \$10 |
| 304 | Oracle Ridge Trail to Saddle. Rating C. The hike begins in Oracle at a trailhead off the Cody Loop Road. It follows the Oracle Ridge Trail to the junction with the American Flag/Cody Trail where there are great views of Biosphere II and the Tortolitas to the west. We follow the ridge south where we will lunch in a saddle at the top of Bonita Canyon on the northwest side of Apache Peak. Return by the same route. Hike 7 miles; trailhead elevation 4720 feet; net elevation change 700 feet; accumulated gain 1000 feet; RTD 40 miles (dirt). | \$4 |
| 305 | Oracle to SaddleBrooke. Rating A. The hike originates on the outskirts of Oracle at the end of Estill Viento Road (near Oracle Hill) and enters the Coronado National Forest, proceeding south along FR # 736, a 4WD jeep trail, through the north end of the Santa Catalinas. We pass through Charouleau Gap and continue back to SaddleBrooke Unit 9 via the 4WD-trail road. This is a very nice part of the Catalinas, with great views and rugged terrain. We pass many campsites along the CDO and view Coronado Camp (adobe construction). There are numerous ups and downs along the way but no sustained climbing. The highest elevation is 5090 feet at the Gap. Hike may be done in reverse. Hike 17 miles; trailhead elevation 4664 feet; net elevation change minus 1416 feet; accumulated gain 2494 feet; accumulated loss 3910 feet; RTD 37 miles. | \$3 |
| 306 | OSP American Avenue. Rating D. Oracle State Park contains native Sonoran cacti, desert grassland, oak trees, and Manzanita stands, and contains several miles of well-maintained trails. The hike begins at the trailhead off American Ave. on the western edge of the park and proceeds along the relatively smooth Mariposa Trail toward the Oak Woodland picnic area. About 0.25 miles before reaching the picnic area, the group will take the 0.8-mile Bellota Loop Trail which nearly reaches the Group Use Area adjacent the historic Kannally Ranch House before connecting back to the Mariposa Trail for the return. Along the way are excellent views of the Galiuro Mountains and San Pedro Valley to the north and the Santa Catalina Mountains to the south. Hike 3.2 miles; net elevation change <500 feet; accumulated gain <500 feet; RTD 40 miles. | \$3 + \$2 |
| 307 | OSP East Loop. Rating C. The hike begins at the Kannally Ranch House parking lot in Oracle State Park. Hikers follow the Nature Trail to the Wildlife Corridor Trail where we go northeast to the AZ Trail. At the intersection, we turn southeast and follow trail to the | \$3 + \$2 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | intersection with the Manzanita Trail. We follow this trail west and onto the Nature Trail that takes us back to the trailhead. This route is fairly level with little elevation change with wide open views and interesting rock formations among the low desert plants. Hike 6.2 miles, trailhead elevation 4350 feet; net elevation change ___ feet; accumulated gain 760 feet; RTD 40 miles. | |
| 308 | OSP Exploration. Rating D. The hike involves the exploration of several trails in Oracle State Park. Along the way, hikers enjoy the interesting boulder groups, oak woodlands, manzanita stands, and desert grasslands found in this state park. Hike 4 miles; trailhead elevation 4350 feet; net elevation change 200 - 400 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 40 miles. | \$3 + \$2 |
| 309 | OSP Granite Overlook. Rating D. This 1.8-mile loop begins at the 1st parking lot in Oracle State Park and winds uphill in and around beautiful boulders, desert grassland, oak trees, and manzanita stands. The hike offers great views of the former Kannally Ranch which originally extended all the way to the San Pedro River. The trail was constructed by volunteers from The SaddleBrooke Hiking Club and will continue to be our responsibility to maintain. The hike may be done in either direction, but the counter-clockwise direction has a much more gradual climb. Also, this is an easy trail to link with several other trails if you're looking for a longer hike within the park or for access to the Arizona Trail. Hike 2 miles; trailhead elevation 4500 feet; net elevation change 400 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 40 miles. | \$3 + \$2 |
| 310 | OSP West Loop. Rating C. The hike begins at the Kannally Ranch House parking lot in Oracle State Park. We hike the Nature Trail to the Wildlife Corridor Trail where we go northeast to the AZ Trail. At the intersection we turn west and hike toward Hwy # 77. We then turn south to the Mariposa Trail and onto the Bellota Trail that takes us back to the trailhead. The first third of the hike is fairly level, the second third is a series of up and down hills on rocky trail and the last third has gentle hills. Hike 6.8 miles; trailhead elevation 4350 feet; net elevation change 450 feet; accumulated gain 1150 feet; RTD 40 miles. | \$3 + \$2 |
| 311 | OSP Wildlife Corridor, Manzanita, Mariposa Loop. Rating C. This hike begins at the Kannally Ranch House parking lot in Oracle State Park and is a loop hike along several different connecting trails. Along the way are interesting rock formations among low desert plants and wide open views with the Catalina Mountains to the south and the Galiuro range to the east. Hike 7.8 miles; trailhead elevation 4350 feet; net elevation change 900 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 40 miles. | \$3 + \$2 |
| 312 | Outreach Walk-a-thon. Rating D. Come support one of our fellow organizations within SaddleBrooke by joining in their walk around Ridgeview. In addition to calling the hiking guide, you will need to register with Outreach (fee required). Watch for details in the newspaper. Meet at the SaddleBrooke Fitness Center. A breakfast and award ceremony follows the walk. Hike 3-4 miles, depending on route; trailhead elevation is 3200 feet; net elevation change is minimal; accumulated gain is minimal. | \$0 |
| 313 | Palisade Trail / Mud Spring. Rating C. Starting at the Showers Point Campground behind the Palisade Ranger Station off Catalina Hwy, we will hike down the Palisade Trail through pine forest to Mud Spring and return. The spring is a grand lunch site with a panoramic view of the valley. Most of the climb is on the return. The trail is moderately shady. Hike 7.5 miles; trailhead elevation 7770 feet; net elevation change minus 1350 feet; accumulated gain 1660 feet; RTD 119 miles. | \$9 |
| 314 | Palisade Trail to Prison Camp. Rating B!. The hike starts in the high pine forest just below the Palisade Administrative Site. Palisade Trail descends down the ridge separating Palisade and Pine Canyons and yields views into both canyons, the Sabino basin below, and parts of the central canyons and the front range. The trail passes Mud Spring, and then begins 2 miles of steep, rocky, and brushy switchbacks, descending a total of over 4000 feet before its end at | \$9 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | the East Fork of Sabino Canyon Trail. The East Fork Trail immediately begins switchbacking, gaining over 800 feet in 1.5 miles before leveling out for about a mile. At the junction with Bear Canyon, we will visit Sycamore Reservoir and Dam, built in the 1930's to provide water to Prison Camp (now called the Gordon Hirabayashi Recreation Site), 2.4 miles to the east. We will then climb about 600 more feet in a mile. After that, Molino Trail becomes fairly level during the last 1.5 miles to Prison Camp. If hikers are interested, we can view the monument in this W.W. II internment camp. We will need Mt. Lemmon passes and 2 cars for shuttling between trailheads. Hike 11.6 miles; trailhead elevation 7720 feet; net elevation change minus 3410 feet; accumulated gain/loss 1570/4700 feet; RTD 119 miles. | |
| 315 | Panther Peak. Rating C!. The hike begins near Saguaro National Park – West off Picture Rocks Road, with the first mile on old mining roads. Then, a steep, difficult climb begins and you may need to use your hands to climb the trail. The use of gloves, long pants, and a hiking stick is recommended. There are outstanding views from the top; Picacho Peak is visible to the north. The return is via the same route. This is a short but strenuous hike. Hike 5.5 miles; trailhead elevation 2280 feet; net elevation change 1160 feet; accumulated gain 1250 feet; RTD 60 miles. | \$5 |
| 316 | Parker Canyon Lakeshore Trail. Rating C ☺. The hike starts at the AZT Trailhead and is relatively easy with minimal elevation change, except for one rocky ledge area, and involves walking along the 5-mile trail around Parker Canyon Lake. If the lake level is up, then we walk around many pretty fingers of the lake. There are several benches around the lake for watching waterfowl and for eating a snack. The lake is located 35 miles south of Sonoita. Hike 5 miles, trailhead elevation __ feet; net elevation change __ feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 211 miles. | \$15 |
| 317 | Patagonia Lake State Park Birding Walk. Rating D ☺. The hike consists of a three-hour walk along the eastern end of Patagonia Lake and into a lush wilderness area along Sonoita Creek. The objective will be to view birds, especially the elegant trogons that are sometimes seen near here. The birding walk may be led by a naturalist who will stay with the group. Hikers may lunch along Sonoita Creek. There will also be an opportunity to browse in the Visitor Center. Bring lunch, plenty of water, binoculars, and bird books if you like. Park entrance fee required. Hike <4 miles; trailhead elevation __ feet; net elevation change is minimal; accumulated gain is minimal; RTD 191 miles. | \$14 + \$2 |
| 318 | Pena Blanca Lake. Rating C. The lake is a little over a mile long and offers a lush quiet setting where one can go bird watching and hike the trail around the shoreline. Some parts of the trail are rocky and not well maintained. The lake is located 9.3 miles off I-19 on SR # 289, west of Rio Rico. Hike >4 miles; trailhead elevation 3832 feet; net elevation change <500 feet, accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 189 miles. | \$14 |
| 319 | Peppersauce and Nugget Canyon Loop. Rating C!. The hike begins at the Peppersauce Campground on the northeast side of the Catalinas. The trail follows old Mt. Lemmon (Oracle Control) Road up to the Nugget Canyon turnoff. We will stop to see Peppersauce Cave. Bring a flashlight. We then travel up the canyon, follow jeep roads, view an old mine, then come down Peppersauce Canyon. Much of the hike is through oak woodland with good views from the higher hills, but there are numerous stream crossings involving boulder hopping during periods following significant precipitation. This is a strenuous hike for this level due to a steep incline in one area and loose rocks in another. Hike 8.3 miles; trailhead elevation 4600 feet; net elevation change 1230 feet; accumulated gain 1320 feet; RTD 53 miles (dirt). | \$5 |
| 320 | Peppersauce Canyon. Rating C!. From Peppersauce Campground, the hike proceeds up Peppersauce Canyon in the canyon itself, not on the hiking trail beside it, and will involve | \$5 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | substantial rock hopping and uneven walking in the wash. The return is via the hiking trail. We will be going through some brush and some of the rock hopping has a little exposure to sun. Wear long pants and long-sleeved shirts. Gloves would be helpful. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 4600 feet; net elevation change 1200 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 53 miles (dirt). | |
| 321 | Peppersauce Canyon (short version). Rating D. From the Peppersauce Canyon Campground, the hike proceeds up Peppersauce Canyon approximately 1.5 miles and returns. There is a good mixture of vegetation to study. Some views, depending on how far we go. Bring lunch. Hike 3 miles; trailhead elevation 4600 feet; net elevation change 450 feet; accumulated elevation ___ feet; RTD 53 miles (dirt). | \$5 |
| 322 | Pete Mountain. Rating B. We follow the Agua Caliente Trail off Smithsonian Observatory Road in the Santa Rita Mountains up to Agua Caliente Saddle and then turn north to Pete Mountain. On some maps it is shown as Santa Rita Peak. After leaving Agua Caliente Saddle, we take a little used route to the Peak past one of the area's largest hedgehog cacti with at least 200 individual heads per Betty Leavengood. Good cooler hike for the summer. Hike 7 miles; trailhead elevation 4800 feet; net elevation change 2920 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 142 miles (dirt). | \$13 |
| 323 | Phone Line Trail - Round Trip. Rating B. The hike begins in the Sabino Canyon Visitor Center parking lot. After crossing Sabino Creek there is a moderate climb to the Phone Line Trail, which is above and generally parallels the tram road. The trail offers outstanding views of the canyon. There are three options for the return: the tram road, the same trail, or back part way on the same to trail to a connecting trail that takes us down to the creek and dam and back to the parking lot. There are extended stretches of exposed trail. Hike 10.2 miles; trailhead elevation 2720 feet; net elevation change 1035 feet; accumulated gain 1425 feet; RTD 56 miles. | \$4 |
| 324 | Phone Line Trail with Tram Ride Down. Rating C. The hike begins from the Sabino Canyon Visitor Center parking lot and proceeds easterly for about a mile along a flat sandy trail to the Phone Line Trailhead. The hike continues up the Phone Line Trail, and down to the uppermost Sabino Canyon tram stop, and which takes the group back to the Center. The trail is above and generally parallels the tram road and provides outstanding views and photo opportunities of the canyon. There are extended stretches of exposed trail. Hike 5.5 miles; trailhead elevation 2720 feet; net elevation change 1035 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 56 miles. | \$4 + \$tram |
| 325 | Phone Line Trail with Tram Ride Up. Rating C. The hike begins from the Sabino Canyon Visitor Center parking lot. After the ride up Sabino Canyon to tram stop # 9, we hike up to the Phone Line Trail and then back down the trail to the Center. The trail is above and generally parallels the tram road and provides outstanding views and photo opportunities of the canyon. There are extended stretches of exposed trail. Hike 5.5 miles; trailhead elevation 3300 feet; net elevation change minus 1035 feet; accumulated loss minus ___ feet; RTD 56 miles. | \$4 + \$tram |
| 326 | Picacho Peak Easy Trails. Rating D ☺ . The hike involves several trails in and around the base of Picacho Peak, including the Calloway, Nature and Cave Trails. All three trails are relatively smooth and involve little elevation gain. Wildflowers should be blooming during March and April if there has been adequate rainfall. Hike 1.4 miles; trailhead elevation ___ feet, net elevation change ___ feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 90 miles. | \$7 + \$2 |
| 327 | Picacho Peak for "C" Hikers. Rating B!. This is a special slow-paced hike for "C" hikers who wish to climb Picacho Peak. From the trailhead along Barret Loop, we hike up the Hunter Trail to a saddle, down to the Sunset Vista Trail, and then to the top of Picacho Peak, | \$7 + \$2 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | which provides 360-degree views of the area. The trail descends about 350 feet after reaching the saddle before resuming the upward climb from the west side of the Peak. Permanently installed guide cables are used along several steep sections to reach the summit. Bring leather or rubber tipped gloves for holding onto the cables. The return to the trailhead is along the same route. This is a short strenuous hike and a favorite among hikers. There are several areas of climbing where the trail is slippery due to loose rock and/or where the trail is exposed to sharp drop-offs. Park entrance fee required. Hike 3.4 miles; trailhead elevation 2000 feet; net elevation change 1373 feet; accumulated gain 2152 feet; RTD 90 miles. | |
| 328 | Picacho Peak Loop. Rating B!. The hike combines both the Hunter and Sunset Vista Trails. Beginning at the Hunter Trailhead at Barret Loop, we hike up to a saddle, down to the Sunset Vista Trail and climb to the top, which provides 360-degree views of the area. The trail descends about 350 feet after reaching the saddle before resuming the upward climb from the west side of the Peak. The return is via Sunset Vista Trail to the Sunset Vista Trailhead. The use of two trailheads requires the use of two cars, one at each trailhead. This is a short, strenuous climb with a moderate return. Bring leather or rubber tipped gloves and ample water. There are several areas of climbing where the trail is slippery due to loose rock and/or where the trail is exposed to sharp drop-offs. Park entrance fee required. Hike 5.1 miles; trailhead elevation 2000 feet; net elevation change 1374 feet; accumulated gain 1900 feet; RTD 90 miles. | \$7 + \$2 |
| 329 | Picacho Peak to Saddle. Rating C. The hike follows the Hunter Trail from the Barret Loop up to the saddle and returns via the same route. There are terrific views of the surrounding area at the saddle. There are a few sections of loose rock, and permanently installed guide cables at some points to assist hikers along the relatively steep trail. Park entrance fee required. Hike <3 miles; trailhead elevation 2000 feet; net elevation change 960 feet; accumulated gain 960 feet; RTD 90 miles. | \$7 + \$2 |
| 330 | Picacho Peak via Hunter Trail. Rating B!. From Barret Loop, we hike the Hunter Trail to a saddle, then down to the Sunset Vista Trail and up to the top of Picacho Peak, which provides 360-degree views of the area. The trail descends about 350 feet after reaching the saddle before resuming the upward climb from the west side of the Peak. Permanently installed guide cables are used along several steep sections to reach the summit. Bring leather or rubber tipped gloves for holding on to cables. This is a short, strenuous hike and a favorite among hikers. The return to the trailhead is along the same route. There are several areas of climbing where the trail is slippery due to loose rock and/or where the trail is exposed to sharp drop-offs. Park entrance fee required. Hike 3.4 miles; trailhead elevation 2000 feet; net elevation change 1393 feet; accumulated gain 2152 feet; RTD 90 miles. | \$7 + \$2 |
| 331 | Picacho Peak via Sunset Vista Trail. Rating B!. From the Sunset Vista Trailhead we follow the lower route to Picacho Peak. The climb to the top involves the use of cables to get to the top, which provides 360-degree views of the area. This is a short, strenuous climb, but less so than from the Hunter Trailhead at Barret Loop. Bring leather or rubber tipped gloves and ample water. There are several areas of climbing where the trail is slippery due to loose rock and where the trail is exposed to sharp drop-offs. Park entrance fee required. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 1850 feet; net elevation change 1494 feet; accumulated gain > 1500 feet; RTD 90 miles. | \$7 + \$2 |
| 332 | Picacho Peak via Sunset Vista Trail (short version). Rating C. From the Sunset Vista Trailhead we follow the trail to the point on the foot of the Peak that starts the steep climb to Picacho Peak (entrance fee required). The return is via the same route. The southerly views from the turning point are excellent. Park entrance fee required. Hike 4.2 miles; trailhead elevation 1850 feet; net elevation change 751 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 90 miles. | \$7 + \$2 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| 333 | Picketpost Mountain. Rating B!. The daunting angular shape of Picketpost Mountain intrigues all who drive along US Hwy # 60 between Phoenix and Superior. This is a short, steep hike to the summit of Picketpost Mountain. From the Arizona Trail parking lot south of Hwy # 60 and west of the Boyce Thompson Arboretum, the group will hike south on the Arizona Trail to a prominent drainage. Look for a cairned path which branches up the foothills of the mountain. The Picketpost Trail splits into two routes which eventually meet before the last cleft. Both routes have steep rocky sections which require sure-footedness. Once the rim is reached the route continues SE to the summit which has a mailbox for registering. 360-degree views are spectacular. Hike 4.3 miles; trailhead elevation 2400 feet; net elevation change 2000 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 165 miles. | \$12 |
| 334 | Piestewa Peak and Camelback Mountain. Rating B!. These two well-traveled hikes are both in the mountains in Phoenix with beautiful views to all areas of the Valley. We will first do the easier Piestewa Peak Trail, which is 2.4 miles roundtrip with a climb of 1190 feet on a good improved trail with many switchbacks. We will then drive a very short distance to the Camelback trailhead. This trail is only 2.32 miles roundtrip but climbs 1300 feet. It is a very steep hike with several large rocks to scramble over as well as slippery dirt and gravel. Gloves are recommended. The two hikes back-to-back the same day are guaranteed to give a challenging aerobic and endurance workout. Hikes 4.7 miles; trailhead elevation 2000 feet; net elevation change 2490 feet (2 hikes total); accumulated gain __ feet (2 hikes total); RTD 220 miles. | \$16 |
| 335 | Pima Canyon to 1st Dam. Rating D!. The Pima Canyon Trailhead is at the east end of Magee Road. We will hike the first part of Pima Canyon to the first dam and enjoy the beautiful scenery, take photos. There are pools of water at the dam most of the year. The trail is rocky at some points and involves some steps-up and steps-down but is not difficult. Hike 2.7 miles; trailhead elevation 2960 feet; net elevation change ___ feet; accumulated gain 470 feet; RTD 42 miles. | \$3 |
| 336 | Pima Canyon to 2nd Dam. Rating C. The Pima Canyon Trailhead is at the east end of Magee Road. The first mile or so is across open desert along the south side of Pusch Peak. We pass the small first dam as we enter the beautiful, rugged canyon. The rocky trail passes through a grove of large trees providing welcome shade before emerging again in the open. The trail then leads to a rocky open area in the canyon beyond a small dam near several Indian grinding holes. The return is via the same route. Hike 6.3 miles; trailhead elevation 2960 feet; net elevation change 1000 feet; accumulated gain 1360 feet; RTD 42 miles. | \$3 |
| 337 | Pima Canyon to 3rd Dam. Rating B. The Pima Canyon Trailhead is at the east end of Magee Road. The first mile or so of trail is across open desert along the south side of Pusch Peak. We pass the small first dam as we enter the beautiful rugged canyon. The rocky trail passes through a grove of large trees providing welcome shade before emerging again into the open. We will hike past a rocky open area in the canyon beyond the second dam near Indian grinding holes and continue on to the third dam, the largest of the three. The return is via the same route. Hike 8.1 miles; trailhead elevation 2900 feet; net elevation change 1870 feet; accumulated gain 2210 feet; RTD 42 miles. | \$3 |
| 338 | Pima Canyon to Mt. Kimball and Return via Finger Rock Canyon. Rating A. This is a very strenuous but extremely rewarding hike. The Pima Canyon Trailhead is at the east end of Magee Road. The first mile or so of trail crosses open desert along the south side of Pusch Peak. It then enters a beautiful rugged canyon. The rocky trail passes through a grove of large trees providing welcome shade before emerging again in the open. We hike past three small dams and Pima Spring to the Pima Saddle, which provides superb views of Montrose Canyon, Romero Canyon, and Oro Valley. Retreating a short distance from the Saddle, the | \$3 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | Pima Canyon Trail continues 1.3 miles along several rocky ridges to the 100-yard spur to Mt. Kimball. The views from Mt. Kimball are superb, and include Table Mountain, Window Peak, Cathedral Rock, and the upper reaches of Montrose Canyon. Continuing past the Mt. Kimball spur, we soon reach the Finger Rock Trail and return down the mountain to the trailhead at the north end of Alvernon Way. Vehicle drop-offs are needed for the return to Pima Canyon. Hike 12 miles; trailhead elevation 2900 feet; net elevation change 4298 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 42 miles. | |
| 339 | Pima Canyon to Pima Spring. Rating A. The trailhead is at the east end of Magee Road. The first mile or so of trail crosses open desert along the south side of Pusch Peak. It then enters a beautiful rugged canyon. The rocky trail passes through a grove of large trees providing welcome shade before emerging again in the open. We hike past a three small dams before reaching the perennial Pima Spring, which has a concrete trough for holding water for wildlife. The spring is an excellent place for lunch. Hike 10 miles; trailhead elevation 2960 feet; net elevation change 2789 feet; accumulated gain 3200 feet; RTD 42 miles. | \$3 |
| 340 | Pima Canyon to the Saddle. Rating A. The Pima Canyon Trailhead is at the east end of Magee Road. The first mile or so of trail crosses open desert along the south side of Pusch Peak. It then enters a beautiful rugged canyon. The rocky trail passes through a grove of large trees providing welcome shade before emerging again in the open. We hike past a three small dams and the perennial Pima Spring to the Saddle which provides a superb view of the entire Montrose Canyon and Romero Canyon drainage areas, the most inaccessible region of the entire Catalina Mountains. The overlook (el. 6480 feet) a few hundred feet past the Saddle is an excellent place for lunch. Hike 10.8 miles; trailhead elevation 2960 feet; net elevation change 3360 feet; accumulated gain 3570 feet; RTD 42 miles. | \$3 |
| 341 | Pinaleno Mountains. Ratings A, B and C. The Swift Trail (AZT 366) leads deep into the Pinaleno Mountains, home of the Mt. Graham Observatory in Greenlee County. These mountains rise out of the desert near Safford and are the highest of the "sky islands" in Southeastern Arizona. The 35-mile Swift Trail route, 22 miles of which are paved, gains over a mile of elevation as it switchbacks up, rising from cactus and creosote to spruce, fir, and aspen. It is from the Swift Trail that we reach our trailheads for several days of hiking and car camping. Candidate trails include the Arcadia Trail (a National Recreation Trail), the Ash Creek Trail (one of the most beautiful forested hikes in Arizona up the north side of Mt. Graham), and the Clark Peak Trail (a remote trail through Taylor Pass to West Peak). Call the hike guide for more details about specific hikes and trip logistics. RTD ___ miles. | TBD |
| 342 | Point 5783 in Pontatoc Canyon. Rating B. Most of the hike follows the Pontatoc Canyon Trail. This is a hike to an infrequently climbed peak in the upper reaches of Pontatoc Canyon. There is a great view of Tucson from a saddle and the top after a short bushwhack through mostly grasses. Hike 7.0 miles; trailhead elevation 3120 feet; net elevation change 2700 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 44 miles. | \$4 |
| 343 | Pontatoc Canyon to the Amphitheater. Rating C. Hike in 2.5 miles from the Finger Rock Trailhead at the north end of Alvernon Way. There are good views of the city and Finger Rock along the way. Hike 5 miles; trailhead elevation 3120 feet; net elevation change 1200 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 44 miles. | \$4 |
| 344 | Pontatoc Ridge. Rating C!. The hike starts at the Finger Rock Trailhead at the north end of Alvernon Way. Sometimes called the "Old Spanish Mine Trail," the trail goes up the northwest side of Pontatoc Ridge to just below some old mines. There are great views of Tucson and the surrounding area from a saddle along the way. The hike is strenuous in some areas due to the steep incline and rocky path. There are short stretches of exposed trail near the old mines. Hike 4.5 miles; trailhead elevation 3100 feet; net elevation change 1300 feet; | \$4 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | accumulated gain 1500 feet; RTD 44 miles. | |
| 345 | Prison Camp to Sabino Canyon. Rating C. This is a beautiful mostly downhill hike from the old prison camp off the Catalina Hwy to Sabino Canyon where we will catch the tram down to the Visitor Center. Fee required for the tram. Hike 7.6 miles; trailhead elevation 4863 feet; net elevation change minus 1550 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 94 miles. | \$7 |
| 346 | Professor Woodward's Dam. Rating B. The hike begins at the Sabino Canyon Visitor Center and proceeds up the tram road to the end, then climbs to the site of the dam planned by Professor Sherman Woodward in 1901. Bring flashlights to explore a diversion tunnel, now over a century old. There is a short steep descent into the canyon and a short steep ascent out of the canyon. The return is via the tram road or Phone Line Trail. Hike 10.5 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 1000 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 56 miles. | \$4 |
| 347 | Pueblo Canyon Cliff Dwelling. Rating B!. Deep in the Sierra Ancha Wilderness of Tonto National Forest lie the most beautiful and largest cliff dwellings in Arizona. This particular dwelling is one of many hidden in this remote part of the wilderness and included up to 75 rooms high up on the canyon wall. These dwellings remain in excellent condition after over 700 years because of their strategic location, thus making it a strenuous hike to reach the ruins. The trail is not always discernible and passes a rare uranium mine and a large waterfall at the end of the canyon which we must pass under. The trip up is 135 miles one way; with 24 miles on dirt road; the last 5 miles passable only with high clearance 4WD vehicles. Long pants and shirt, and good-traction footwear are strongly recommended. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation __ feet; net elevation change 2000 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 236 miles (dirt). | \$22 |
| 348 | Pusch Peak. Rating B!. From the trailhead at the east end of Linda Vista Blvd, the trail proceeds up the northwest side of Pusch Ridge to the top of Pusch Peak, which provides fantastic 360-degree views of Tucson, Oro Valley, and points north. The first 1.5 miles of the trail climbs gradually along a wash. The final 1.5 miles is difficult and strenuous with stretches of slippery footing, rock scrambling, and exposed, narrow, steep paths. Gloves are recommended. Along the final 1.5 miles, the trail passes four man-made dams and numerous excellent overlooks with views north, west, and south. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 2620 feet; net elevation change 2641 feet; accumulated gain >2700 feet; RTD 28 miles. | \$2 |
| 349 | Pusch Peak via Bushwhack from South Side. Rating B!. The hike begins at the Pima Canyon Trailhead at the east end of Magee Road and proceeds along 0.4 miles on the trail that goes up Pima Canyon. There we leave the trail by hiking up the ridge to the north. There is an intermittent trail but mostly bushwhack in light undergrowth. The first mile is steep but the higher you get, the more gradual the climb becomes. The ridge is open and there are no difficult rock faces or outcroppings to climb, but it is a strenuous hike. If you are used to the Pusch Peak hike from the Linda Vista Blvd Trailhead, you can do it. The return is via the same trail. Suggest defensive clothing and gloves if desired. Hike 4 miles; trailhead elevation 2960 feet; net elevation change 2500 feet; accumulated gain 2500 feet; RTD 42 miles. | \$3 |
| 350 | Pusch Ridge to 1st Overlook. Rating C!. From the trailhead at the east end of Linda Vista Blvd, the trail proceeds part way up Pusch Ridge to a great overlook. The first mile of the trail climbs gradually along a wash. The final 0.5 miles is difficult with stretches of slippery footing, rock scrambling, and exposed, narrow, steep paths. Gloves are recommended. The trail passes four man-made dams. The overlook provides excellent views north and west. Hike 3 miles; trailhead elevation 2620 feet; net elevation change 1100 feet; accumulated gain >1100 feet; RTD 28 miles. | \$2 |
| 351 | Pusch Ridge to 2nd Overlook. Rating C!. From the trailhead at the east end of Linda Vista | \$2 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | Blvd, the trail proceeds part way up Pusch Ridge to a great overlook with views to the north, west, and southwest. The first mile of the trail climbs gradually along a wash. The final 0.75 miles is difficult with slippery footing, rock scrambling, and exposed, narrow, steep paths. Gloves are recommended. The trail passes four man-made dams and a lower but excellent overlook with great views north, west, and southwest. Hike 3.5 miles; trailhead elevation 2650 feet; net elevation change 1350 feet; accumulated gain >1350 feet; RTD 28 miles. | |
| 352 | Quantrell Mine. Rating C. The hike starts from the Agua Caliente Trailhead (see driving directions to Elephant Head) and involves a scenic trek through a historic and legendary mining area of the Santa Rita Mountains. Hikers will lunch at the head of Chino Canyon at the Quantrell Mine and enjoy magnificent views down the canyon, as well as that of the mythical giant rock sculpture known as Elephant Head. You will not be berated if you have visions of Jesuit gold, Teddy Roosevelt, and Apache sacrifices. This trail is good with no steep sections. Hike 5 miles; trailhead elevation 4500 feet; net elevation change 800 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 154 miles (dirt). | \$14 |
| 353 | Ragged Top / Silverbell Mountains. Rating B!. Ragged Top is an infrequently climbed peak in the newly created Ironwood Forest National Monument. There is no pre-marked trail for this hike, which involves mostly bushwhacking up the slopes of the mountain and climbing the upper rock to reach the top. Bushwhacking does not mean many bushes on this hike. In some places the slope is steep and the last 50 feet are up a rock crevice that leads to the summit. Hike 4 miles; trailhead elevation 2300 feet; net elevation change 1700 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 36 miles (dirt). | \$4 |
| 354 | Rams Creek Basin. Rating C. From the Rams Creek Pass subdivision, we hike up a wash on a new trail through nice vegetation and then climb 560 feet to a watering tank. There are great views of Rancho Vistoso, the Tortolitas, SaddleBrooke, and the Biosphere along the way. We then continue on to a waterfall where we will have lunch. The return is via the same route. Hike 5 miles; trailhead elevation 2600 feet; net elevation change 780 feet; accumulated gain 830 feet; RTD 21 miles. | \$2 |
| 355 | Rams Creek Basin to Catalina State Park. Rating C. From the Rams Creek Pass subdivision we hike up a large wash on an established trail through nice vegetation to a large rock waterfall with commanding views over Rancho Vistoso and the Tortolita mountains. We then continue on to a connecting trail via a large watering tank to Catalina State Park. We cross several washes and pass by Alamo Canyon falls, which provides a cool oasis and usually has running water. This hike involves a short car shuttle. Hike 6.9 miles; trailhead elevation 2404 feet; net elevation change 1181 feet; accumulated gain 2979 feet; RTD 21 miles. | |
| 356 | Ramsey Canyon Preserve. Rating C. Ramsey Canyon, located south of Sierra Vista off Hwy # 92, is renowned for its outstanding scenic beauty and its birds. The trailhead is at the Ramsey Canyon Preserve Visitor Center (fee required). Bring binoculars. Hike 4.8 miles; trailhead elevation 4000 feet; net elevation change 800 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 211 miles. | \$15 |
| 357 | Rattlesnake Peak. Rating A!. From the parking lot at Sabino Canyon Visitor Center, we travel 1.3 miles up the tram road to the Esperero Canyon Trail. Here we leave the trail and head north on a "route"/bushwhack up the ridge to Rattlesnake Peak. Suggest defensive clothing. Rattlesnake Peak is not an eye-catcher but that doesn't mean it is not a challenge. An early hiker, Don Everett, 60 years ago called it Challenge Peak. Hike 12 miles; trailhead elevation 2720 feet; net elevation change 3900 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 56 miles. | \$4 |
| 358 | Red Mountain. Rating B. The trailhead is off Harshaw Road south of Patagonia. We hike up a wide, graded, steep road that maintains a constant degree of incline for most of the hike. | \$17 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | There is a fire lookout tower on top and the views are panoramic. The return is via the same route. Hike 8.3 miles; trailhead elevation 4000 feet; net elevation change 1900 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 184 miles (dirt). | |
| 359 | Rice Peak from Peppersauce Campground. Rating A.!. The hike proceeds westerly up Peppersauce Canyon from the campground to the Oracle Ridge Trail (also the Arizona Trail along this portion), entirely on a very rocky jeep road. The last half of the route is also along a steep, rocky jeep road. There are interesting "peppersauce conglomerate" formations in Peppersauce Canyon. Following the Oracle Ridge Trail, we continue south, continuing to the point where the trail is closest to the Rice Peak. At that point, we leave the trail to follow a faint, very steep, rocky trail to the top. There are great views along the ridge trail and remnants of the Apache fire are visible on some of the trees. There are also interesting conglomerate rock outcroppings at the Peak, and superb views from the Peak to the San Pedro River and the Galiuro Mountains beyond. The return is via the same route. Hike 10 miles; trailhead elevation 4620 feet; net elevation change 2955 feet; accumulated gain >3000 feet; RTD 40 miles. | \$3 |
| 360 | Rice Peak via Oracle Ridge Trail. Rating A.!. The hike begins in Oracle at the water tower on Cody Loop Road and proceeds south along the Oracle Ridge Trail to the junction with the American Flag/Cody Trail which joins from the east. There are great views from this point of Biosphere II and the Tortolitas to the west. From this junction south, the Oracle Ridge Trail and the Arizona Trail are the same. The group continues south along the ridge past the saddle at the head of Campo Bonito Canyon on the northwest side of Apache Peak. The trail becomes more rugged and narrow at the saddle and continues slightly below the ridge to connect with the road from Peppersauce canyon. We continue on this road to the point where the trail is closest to the Rice Peak, and leave the trail to follow a faint, very steep, rocky trail to the top. The return is via the same route. Hike 13 miles; trailhead elevation 4720 feet; net elevation change 2855 feet; accumulated gain 3355 feet; RTD 40 miles. | \$3 |
| 361 | Rillito River Hike # 1. Rating D. The hike begins from Children's Memorial Park on the north side of the Rillito River just west of Oracle Road. We walk up river (east) on an asphalt walking/bicycle path to a footbridge across the river at First Ave. We cross over to the south side and walk west on the compacted dirt path to Oracle Road. We cross back over the river at Oracle Road and return to the park. Hike 4 miles; trailhead elevation __ feet; net elevation change is minimal; accumulated gain is minimal; RTD 40 miles. | \$3 |
| 362 | Rillito River Hike # 2. Rating D. The hike begins from Children's Memorial Park on the north side of the Rillito River just west of Oracle Road. We walk down river (west) on an asphalt walking/bicycle path to the bridge at La Cholla Blvd. After crossing the river south on the La Cholla bridge, we walk east on a dirt path. If the river is dry, we cross back over the river opposite Children's Park. If water conditions preclude crossing there, we continue on the south side trail to the Oracle Road bridge, cross over and return to the park on the asphalt trail. Hike 4 to 5 miles (depending on crossing location); trailhead elevation __ feet; net elevation change is minimal; accumulated gain is minimal; RTD 40 miles. | \$3 |
| 363 | Rillito River Hike # 3. Rating D. The hike begins from Curtis Park on the south side of the river at La Cholla Blvd. We walk down river (west) on an asphalt walking/bicycle path to I-10. At I-10, we cross over the river and return to the La Cholla bridge on a dirt path. If crossing the river is not possible, we will retreat to Camino de la Tierra to cross north and return to the La Cholla bridge on the same dirt path. Hike 3.6 miles; trailhead elevation __ feet; net elevation change is minimal; accumulated gain is minimal; RTD 40 miles | \$3 |
| 364 | Rillito River Hike # 4. Rating C. The hike begins at the George Mehl Foothills Park at River Road and Alvernon. We walk east along the Rillito River to Craycroft Road, cross the river at Craycroft Road, and then walk west along the south side of the river to Alvernon Way. We | \$3 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | then cross back over the river on Alvernon to the park. Hike 5 miles; trailhead elevation ___ feet; net elevation change is minimal; accumulated gain is minimal; RTD 40 miles. | |
| 365 | Rincon Peak. Rating A. The trailhead for this hike is accessed on Mescal Road (16 miles dirt) off I-10 south of Tucson. Betty Leavengood refers to this hike as the PhD of hiking. Rincon Peak is the second highest peak in the Rincon Mountains and is located east of Tucson. An enormous rock cairn graces the summit. The views from the summit are worth the rigorous trek. Hike 15.4 miles; trailhead elevation 4288 feet; net elevation change 4280 feet; accumulated gain 4356 feet; RTD 165 miles (dirt). | \$15 |
| 366 | Roadrunner / Panther Peak Wash / Cam-Boh Trail Loop. Rating C. The hike begins at the Cam-Boh Picnic Area off Picture Rocks Road (reached from W. Ina). We first hike north 1.4 miles along the Roadrunner Trail, which runs along the boundary of Saguaro National Park - West, heading straight for Panther Peak. True to their name, roadrunners do thrive in this area, but they make a cooing sound, not a "beep, beep". Along this section, hikers can see Picacho Peak and one of Twin Peaks to the northwest (another has nearly been leveled by limestone mining). After 1.4 miles, we reach the junction with Panther Peak Wash which we follow for 1.9 miles, mainly in the wash. Next, we cross the West Picture Rocks Road, and then join the Cam-Boh Trail for 1.3 miles back to the picnic area and the trailhead. Cam-Boh in Tohono O'odham means camp. Hike 4.6 miles; trailhead elevation 2480 feet; net elevation change is minimal; accumulated gain is minimal; RTD 60 miles. | \$5 |
| 367 | Robles Pass Trails in Tucson Mountain Park. Rating C. Robles Pass Trails are south of Ajo Highway and west of Mission Road. Thirteen trails loop together through washes and ridgelines with great views. We will explore several trails. Hike 6.5 miles; trailhead elevation ___ feet; net elevation change 900 feet; accumulated gain 900 feet; RTD 75 miles. | \$6 |
| 368 | Romero Falls. Rating A. The hike begins in Catalina State Park at the easternmost trailhead and follows Romero Canyon Trail into the foothills. The trail crosses open desert then climbs steeply until it reaches a saddle and then down into the canyon area where Romero pools are located. The falls are about 30 feet high and consist of water flowing down a steeply sloped rock face, and are a very unique feature in southern Arizona. The falls are located about 2.6 miles past the Romero pools and about 0.6 miles (and a little less than 500 feet additional elevation gain) past Romero Springs. The springs and falls are located in a very scenic section of the canyon, and have been known to attract quite a bit of wildlife. Lunch will be at the falls. The return is via the same route. Hike 11.6 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 2420 feet; accumulated gain >3140 feet; RTD 24 miles. | \$2 + \$2 |
| 369 | Romero Pass. Rating A. The hike begins in Catalina State Park at the easternmost trailhead and follows an up and down trail past Romero Pools and Romero Springs to Romero Pass. The last 2 miles before reaching the pass is very steep and involves continual climbing. The return is via the same route. There are excellent views of Romero and Montrose Canyons along the way and of Cathedral Peak at the top. Rincon Peak is visible to the east. Hike 15 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 3380 feet; accumulated gain 4040 feet; RTD 24 miles. | \$2 + \$2 |
| 370 | Romero Pools. Rating C. The hike begins in Catalina State Park at the easternmost trailhead and follows Romero Canyon Trail into the foothills. The trail crosses open desert then climbs steeply until it reaches a saddle and then down into the canyon area where several pools are located. There are excellent views of Romero and Montrose Canyons along the way. The well-maintained trail is rocky and rough in places, but is not overly difficult for most hikers. An option is a 0.75 miles round-trip, relatively level hike to the upper pools. We will have lunch at the lower or upper pools. The return is via the same route. Hike 5.6 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 980 feet; accumulated gain 1500 feet; RTD 24 miles. | \$2 + \$2 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| 371 | Romero Springs. Rating B. The hike begins in Catalina State Park at the easternmost trailhead and follows Romero Canyon Trail into the foothills. The trail crosses open desert then climbs steeply until it reaches a saddle and then down into the canyon area where several pools are located. The spring is located about 2 miles past the Romero pools in a very scenic section of the canyon. It has been known to have quite a bit of wildlife. There are excellent views of Romero and Montrose Canyons along the way. Lunch will be at the spring. The return is via the same route. Hike 10.4 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 1980 feet; accumulated gain 2720 feet; RTD 24 miles. | \$2 + \$2 |
| 372 | Rosewood Point. Rating C!. From the parking lot at Pima Canyon Trailhead, we travel 1.8 miles up the Pima Canyon Trail. We leave the trail near a large grove of cottonwood trees and head up a major side canyon coming in from the south. The "route" includes bushwhacking up the canyon 0.7 miles up a draw to a prominent saddle. At the saddle we climb up an easier south-side route around a cliff to the easy walk to the summit of Rosewood Point (marked by a stand of large Rosewood trees). We proceed to North Rosewood Point for the spectacular view down into Pima Canyon. The return will either be the same way or bushwhack down the ridgeline to the west. Suggest defensive clothing. Hike 5 miles; trailhead elevation 2900 feet; net elevation change 1500 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 42 miles. | \$3 |
| 373 | Ruby Ghost Town. Rating D ☺. Hike one of the premier ghost towns in the country with more than a dozen buildings still standing. Hike as much or as little as you like along the old dirt streets then have a picnic lunch at Lake Ruby. Admission fee is required. Ruby is on Hwy # 289 off I-19 south of Rio Rico on a good, but mostly dirt road. High clearance vehicles are desirable. We will have a reservation for this day. Hike 2 miles; trailhead elevation 4500 feet; net elevation change is minimal; accumulated gain is minimal; RTD 200 miles (dirt). | \$18 |
| 374 | Sabino Canyon - Bear Canyon Loop (no Trams). Rating A. Starting at the Sabino Canyon Visitor Center, hikers follow the Phone Line and Sabino Canyon Trails to the East Fork intersection, the East Fork to the Bear/Sycamore intersection and then the Bear Canyon Trail past Seven Falls, back to the Visitor Center. We may have to revise the route if the stream is high in Bear Canyon. This is a very scenic hike on good trails. Hike 17.8 miles; trailhead elevation 2720 feet; net elevation change 2110 feet; accumulated gain 4155 feet; RTD 56 miles. | \$4 |
| 375 | Sabino Canyon - Bear Canyon Loop (with Trams). Rating B. We take the Sabino Canyon tram to its uppermost stop and follow the Sabino Canyon, the East Fork, and finally the Bear Canyon Trails to the Bear Canyon Trailhead. From there, it's 1.6 miles to the Visitor Center. Tram fee required. Hike 13.3 miles; trailhead elevation 3320 feet; net elevation change 1863 feet; accumulated gain/loss 2620/3220 feet; RTD 56 miles. | \$4 + \$tram |
| 376 | Sabino Canyon to Catalina State Park - 1. Rating A. The hike begins at the Sabino Canyon Visitor Center and follows Sabino Canyon, the West Fork past Hutch's Pool to Romero Pass. From Romero Pass, the hike is mostly downhill, passing Romero Spring and the Romero Pools along the way to the main trailhead at Catalina State Park. This is a strenuous but extremely rewarding hike. Hikers should bring a flashlight and spare batteries. A vehicle shuttle will be needed. Hike 19.9 miles; trailhead elevation 2720 feet; net elevation change 3360 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 56 miles. | \$4 |
| 377 | Sabino Canyon to Catalina State Park - 2. Rating A. The hike begins at the Sabino Canyon Visitor Center and proceeds up the Esperero Trail through Cardiac Gap, past Bridalveil Falls to the Cathedral Rock Trail, which leads to Romero Pass. From Romero Pass, the hike is mostly downhill, passing Romero Spring and the Romero Pools along the way to Catalina State Park. This is a strenuous but extremely rewarding hike. A vehicle shuttle will be | \$4 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | needed. Hike 18.2 miles; trailhead elevation 2720 feet; net elevation change 4160 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 56 miles. | |
| 378 | Sabino Canyon Trails. Rating D ☺ . We will explore the many lower (but unpaved) trails at Sabino Canyon including the Bajada Loop Nature Trail that identifies some of the desert plants seen throughout the canyon. We will also stop in the Visitor Center. Hike <4 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change <400 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 56 miles. | \$4 |
| 379 | SaddleBrooke to Mt. Lemmon via Samaniego Ridge Trail. Rating A. The hike begins in Saddlebrooke near Unit 21 and proceeds down the CDO Wash and FR # 736 to Charouveau Gap. The route then continues up Samaniego Trail #7, Trail #6, Trail #5, and Trail #5A to Mt. Lemmon. The Samaniego Trail passes Mule Ears along the way and proceeds along the backside of the three peaks of the Samaniego Ridge. This is a beautiful hike with great views of the Reef of Rocks as viewed from Mule Ears, as well as the entire CDO Canyon watershed originating from Mt Lemmon. This all-day hike is very difficult and intended only for very fit hikers. The trail to Mule Ears and Samaniego Ridge is seldom used and may be slow going at places so be prepared for some bushwhacking. Minimum 4 liters of water, long pants and plenty of snack food is recommended. Drivers will be needed to retrieve hikers from Mt Lemmon. Hike 15.7 miles; trailhead elevation 3270 feet; net elevation change 5900 feet; accumulated gain >6000 feet; RTD 131 miles. | \$10 |
| 380 | Safford Peak. Rating C!. Safford Peak, known to locals as Sombrero Peak, is the distinctive bell-shaped peak in the northern-most district of the Tucson Mountains in Saguaro National Park - West. The hike begins at the end of Scenic Drive from a little chapel called Sanctuary Cove. There is no official trail, but faint paths, sometimes with loose footing, can be taken to the top. As we climb, Panther Peak will become visible there are excellent views of the foothills and higher peaks of the Tucson Mountains and the park. We climb severely on the final ascent with narrow traverses, rock climbing, and significant exposure, which makes this hike quite difficult for its rating. If you do not like exposed heights, this hike is not for you. Hikers can sign the register at the summit, where there are great views in all directions, and descend via the same route. Hike 3.5 miles; trailhead elevation 2240 feet; net elevation change 1323 feet; accumulated gain 1490 feet; RTD __ miles. | TBD |
| 381 | Saguaro National Park – West: Four Trails. C. The hike is along a 6-mile loop off Picture Rocks Road. The hike begins from just southwest of Contzen Pass and continues along the Ringtail, Coyote Pass, Gila Monster, and Cactus Canyon Trails. There are beautiful stands of ironwood trees, saguaros, and other cacti along the way. We'll eat lunch by a windmill. Hike >6 miles, trailhead elevation 2200 feet; net elevation change is 400 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 60 miles. | \$5 |
| 382 | Saguaro National Park – West: Ramble. Rating D. There are several short trails of interest in Saguaro National Park - West. One trail takes us to an area of petroglyphs which were made by Hohokam Indians about 1200 AD. We stop at the Visitor Center for an informative video before beginning the hike. Each of the short trails is off Kinney Road. Bring lunch, water, sunscreen and hat. Hike 2 miles; trailhead elevation 2500 feet; net elevation change 50 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 73 miles. | \$6 |
| 383 | Samaniego Peak. Rating A!. The hike starts with a mile along the Baby Jesus Trail and a stop at an old saguaro grove with many 100-year old sentinels. The trail follows cairns along a dry creek bed and takes the hiker through an ocotillo grove, past an ancient cholla tree, up slick rock and continues up an “arm” that stretches down from Samaniego Peak. The final 1.5 miles follow cairns through pinion and ponderosa pines, and involve a long, steep and slippery climb on loose rock and sandy soil. The trail passes several different ecological | \$2 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | environments on the way up to Samaniego Peak. At the top, you will be able to see east into the CDO and up to Mt. Lemmon. Looking west is SaddleBrooke, the Sutherland Wash, the Biosphere II, the Tortolita Mountains and the Pusch Ridge series. This is a very difficult, all day hike intended for the very fit hiker. Recent attempts to hike this trail were unsuccessful due to trail overgrowth. Hike 10 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change 4635 feet; accumulated gain 5006 feet; RTD 12 miles (dirt). | |
| 384 | Samaniego Roost. Rating C. This hike takes the hiker on a tour of several different environments. It starts with a mile along the Baby Jesus Trail and a stop at a grove of 100-year old saguaros. The next mile follows cairns along a dry creek bed. The final mile takes the hiker through a grove of ocotillo, past two chollas that are so large they look like trees, up slick rock and the final destination at a lookout on an “arm” that stretches down from Samaniego Ridge. There are great views of SaddleBrooke, the Sutherland Wash, the Biosphere, the Tortolita Mountains and the Pusch Ridge series. Hike 5.8 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change ___ feet; accumulated gain 1165 feet, RTD 12 miles (dirt). | \$2 |
| 385 | San Pedro River Exploration. Rating C. The hike passes through the remains of Presidio Santa Cruz de Ferrenate, one of the finest examples of a royal Spanish fort left in the New World. From there we hike to the San Pedro River where we proceed along the shore or wade down the river (if there is water). There are lots of birds in the area. We continue two miles into the old mining town of Fairbank and return via the river or an old road, the San Pedro Trail. The Presidio is located between Benson and Sierra Vista off Hwy # 82. Bring shoes for water hiking and dry ones for trip home. Hiking sticks recommended for balance in the water. Binoculars are helpful for birding. Hike 7 miles; trailhead elevation 4000 feet; net elevation change is minimal; accumulated gain is minimal; RTD 200 miles. | \$14 |
| 386 | Sausalito Canyon to Honey Bee Canyon (upper). Rating D. This is a nice, nearby canyon hike with options to extend it within Honey Bee Canyon. The hike heads east, parallel with a fence which eventually turns south for a short distance to the end of the road and near a windmill and concrete dam. Bring water, lunch, snack, camera (optional), and sun protection. High clearance vehicles needed. Hike 4 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change is minimal; accumulated gain is minimal; RTD 26 miles (dirt). | \$3 |
| 387 | Seven Falls. Rating B. The hike begins at the Sabino Canyon Visitor Center, and continues to lower Bear Canyon, then along the Bear Canyon Trail to Seven Falls. The return is via the same route. The falls, which constitute one of the most spectacular natural features in the Tucson area, usually have some water flowing over them but may be dry if there has been inadequate rain. The trail crosses the Bear Canyon wash several times in each direction and can involve significant boulder hopping/wading after rainy periods. Ask the guide about current conditions. Hike 8.5 miles; trailhead elevation 2720 feet; net elevation change 720 feet; accumulated gain 1550 feet; RTD 56 miles. | \$4 |
| 388 | Seven Falls (with Tram). Rating C. The hike begins at the Sabino Canyon Visitor Center with the tram to lower Bear Canyon. From the last tram stop we continue up Bear Canyon to Seven Falls and return via the same route back to the Center. The falls, which constitute one of the most spectacular natural features in the Tucson area, usually have some water flowing over them but may be dry if there has been inadequate rain. Tram fee required. The trail crosses the Bear Canyon wash several times and can involve significant boulder hopping/wading after rainy periods. Ask the guide about current conditions. Hike 6.4 miles; trailhead elevation 2800 feet; net elevation change 640 feet; accumulated gain 900 feet; RTD 56 miles. | \$4 + \$tram |
| 389 | Sixshooter Trail. Rating A. This trail, which is located just south of Globe in the Pinal Mountains, was featured in Arizona Highways as a Hike of the Month was described as | \$13 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | follows: "The trail obsessively and steeply climbs almost 3000 feet from scrubby chaparral mix along raspy mountain slopes to quaking aspen trees at its end near Ferndell Spring. In between, the landscape veers from high desert scrub to high-country pines to New England-style hardwood forests." The trail stops just short of the top of Pinal Peak in a crown of aspen trees and returns downhill via the same route. Hike 13.7 miles; trailhead elevation 4560 feet; net elevation change 3251 feet; accumulated gain 4487 feet; RTD 180 miles (1 mile dirt). | |
| 390 | Sixshooter Trail / Pinal Peak. Rating A. The trail, located just south of Globe, was featured in Arizona Highways as the Hike of the Month. The trail climbs steeply from manzanita and scrub oak up a canyon through three climate zones that include pinon pine, velvet ash, big tooth maple, aspen trees and huge boulders with some running water. Near the top, a side trail off Sixshooter continues up to Pinal Peak with outstanding 360-degree views. The return is via the same route. Hike 13.6 miles; trailhead elevation 4600 feet; net elevation change 3251 feet; accumulated gain 4487 feet; RTD 180 miles (1 mile dirt). | \$13 |
| 391 | Soldier Trail. Rating B. This scenic and rocky hike begins at the 1.3-mile pullout on Catalina Hwy. The group hikes 3 miles to Prison Camp (Gordon Hirabayashi Recreation Area) for lunch and returns. The first 0.5 miles is very steep. The rest of the trail is mostly up with some level and down stretches. The gorge in Soldier Basin may have water flowing below some rugged cliffs. There are good views of the Tucson area. This trail was used in the 1800s as a cavalry passage into the mountains. Hiking stick is recommended. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 3280 feet; net elevation change 1600 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 84 miles. | \$6 |
| 392 | Soldier Trail to Molina Basin via Prison Camp. Rating B. The hike begins at the 1.3-mile pullout on Catalina Hwy and continues one way to the Molina Basin. The first 0.5 miles is very steep and rocky. The trail then proceeds through Soldier Basin, which affords views of a large gorge, rugged cliffs, and the Tucson area. The trail was used as a Calvary passage in the 1800's. After a stop at Prison Camp, the hike continues down hill via the Arizona Trail to the Molina Basin Campground. Three 5-passenger vehicles are needed for shuttle between trailheads. Hike 6.3 miles; trailhead elevation 3280 feet; net elevation change 1600 feet; accumulated gain 2118 feet; RTD 84 miles. | \$6 |
| 393 | Southern Bell Mine. Rating C. The hike begins from Mt. Lemmon (Oracle Control) Road halfway to Peppersauce Canyon and proceeds along a dirt road 0.7 miles to the intersection FR # 4470, then for another two miles to the Southern Belle Mine located on the east side of Apache Peak. Once there we will inspect the area and hike to the old mine shaft. High clearance vehicles are preferred to get to the trailhead on the Control Road. The mine is shown on the Santa Catalina Mountains Trail and Recreation Map. Hike 5 miles; trailhead elevation 4500 feet; net elevation 1000 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 41 miles. | \$3 |
| 394 | Sunset / Marshall Gulch / Aspen Loop. Rating C. The hike begins at Soldier Camp on the Sunset Trail, which starts on the Catalina Highway before reaching Summerhaven. It proceeds along the Marshall Gulch Trail to the Marshall Saddle, then down the Aspen Trail and Sunset Trail to the trailhead. There are great views of the Catalinas along the way, hiking mostly in forest shade. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 7640 feet; net elevation change 700 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 130 miles. | \$10 |
| 395 | Superstitions: Apacheland Hieroglyphic Trail. Rating C. This is a pretty hike in the Tonto National Forest up the Gold Canyon Trail from the Apacheland Hieroglyphic Trailhead into the Superstition Mountains. Hikers see some very nice petroglyphs above a pool. The trail gradually climbs and offers sweeping views in every direction. Bring lunch and 2 quarts of water. Hike 5 miles; trailhead elevation 2080 feet; net elevation change is minimal; accumulated gain is minimal; RTD 155 miles. | \$11 |
| 396 | Superstitions: Battleship Mountain - Black Mesa Loop. Rating A. From First Water | \$12 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | Trailhead off Hwy # 88, Apache Trail, in the Superstitions, hikers take Second Water Trail to Boulder Canyon Trail and proceed south to a point parallel with the southern tip of Battleship Mountain. Here, the group departs the trail and climbs the mountain from the southern tip along the ridge to the northern end. We encounter a lunar landscape surrounded by breathtaking sheer drops in all directions. The large plateau at the top is strikingly beautiful with eerie rock formations and colors. Although there is no technical climbing, this is a difficult hike for advanced hikers only. Scrambling and bouldering skills are a must. Those uncomfortable with heights would probably not enjoy this hike. The return goes south on Boulder Canyon Trail and takes a short side trip to view Aylors Arch and the rock formation "Horse's Head with the Laid Back Ears". We will then join the Black Mesa Trail, hiking across the top of the mesa and return on Second Water Trail to the trailhead. Hike 14.9 miles; trailhead elevation 2300 feet; net elevation change 750 feet; accumulated gain 2590 feet; RTD 160 miles (dirt). | |
| 397 | Superstitions: Boulder Canyon Hike / Canyon Lake Boat Trip. Rating C. The hike begins at a trailhead near the Boulder Canyon Lake parking lot. Hikers climb up Boulder Canyon, which affords great views into the Superstition Mountains, Weavers Needle, and Canyon Lake. The hike has to conclude by 1:30 p.m. to be ready to board the Dolly Steamboat for a 2:00 p.m. departure. The boat tour (fee required, cash or check only) includes a 90-minute narrated tour of Canyon Lake. Hopefully we will see big horn sheep back in the Canyon. The views of Battleship Mountain and the surrounding area are wonderful. Bring your camera, two quarts of water, and lunch. Call hiking guide for more details. The hike is limited to 15 people. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 2300 feet; net elevation change 1500 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 190 miles. | \$14 |
| 398 | Superstitions: Boulder Canyon Trail. Rating C. The hike begins at a trailhead across the road from Canyon Lake parking lot. Hikers climb up Boulder Canyon Trail to a high point and return the same way. The trail takes hikers high enough to provide tremendous views of the mysterious Superstition Mountains. Your camera is a must on this hike. Hikers also get a great view of Canyon Lake. Bring 2 quarts of water and lunch. Hike 4.5 miles; trailhead elevation 1700 feet; net elevation change 600 feet; accumulated gain 1010 feet; RTD 190 miles. | \$14 |
| 399 | Superstitions: Charlebois Spring. Rating A. The hike will take the most direct route to Charlebois Spring from the Peralta Trailhead off Hwy # 60. Hikers proceed along the Bluff Spring and Dutchman Trails into La Barge Canyon, which is the home of several petroglyphs. Many believe these petroglyphs to be the Spanish Master Map for the location of eighteen gold mines in the area. Hike 14 miles; trailhead elevation 2500 feet; net elevation change 1160 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 154 miles (dirt). | \$14 |
| 400 | Superstitions: Circlestone Ruin. Rating A. The hike begins at the Rogers Trough Trailhead, reached by driving 19 miles up a very rough jeep road off Hwy # 60 near Queen Creek, which requires 4WD vehicles. Along the hike, we will visit the grave site of Elisha Reavis. Circlestone Ruin is located on a small knoll (el. 6010 feet) northeast of Mound Mountain and 2.4 miles from Reavis Ranch. The ruin is surrounded by a 3-foot sandstone wall and dates to A.D. 1250 to 1300. Some experts believe Circlestone to be celestially oriented. Hike 16.6 miles; trailhead elevation 4800 feet; net elevation change 1310 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 190 miles. | \$14 |
| 401 | Superstitions: Dripping Springs Hike. Rating C. The hike begins from the Woodbury Trailhead, accessed over 15 miles of rough dirt road (FR # 172) from Hwy # 60 in the Superstition Mountains, and continues to the JF Ranch in Fraser Canyon. Seasonal water in Fraser Canyon supports small groves of Fremont cottonwoods, Arizona sycamore and willow trees. The junction of Fraser and Randolph Canyons is very pretty with smooth, reddish | \$15 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | bedrock and shallow pools of seasonal water. Dripping Springs seeps from the ledges on the south side of Fraser Canyon. A small cave is located across from Dripping Springs on the north side of Fraser Canyon. Hike 7.7 miles; trailhead elevation 3515 feet; net elevation change 725 feet; accumulated gain 970 feet; RTD 166 miles (dirt). | |
| 402 | Superstitions: Dutchman Trail / Bluff Springs Loop. Rating B. The hike starts at the Peralta Trailhead off Hwy # 60 in the Superstitions and follows the Dutchman Trail through Barkley Basin. From the basin, the trail climbs past Miners Needle (smaller sister of Weavers Needle) to Miners Summit, then descends along the Bluff Springs Trail to Bluff Spring (has seasonal water). There are netleaf hackberry and oak shade trees along the way. Hikers then continue back to the trailhead with superb views of Weavers Needle. Hike 9.7 miles; trailhead elevation 2415 feet; net elevation change 895 feet; accumulated gain 1580 feet; RTD 154 miles (dirt). | \$14 |
| 403 | Superstitions: East Boulder / Needle Canyon Loop. Rating B. The hike has more views of Weavers Needle than any other hike in the Superstition Mountains. Trails are well defined and the views are superb. The hike proceeds along a clockwise loop clockwise from the Peralta Trailhead. We will hike north up the Peralta Trail to Fremont Saddle for a spectacular view of Weavers Needle. Hike 12.4 miles; trailhead elevation 2450 feet; net elevation change 2646 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 154 miles (dirt). | \$14 |
| 404 | Superstitions: First Water - Second Water Trail Loop. Rating B. Hikers start on the Dutchman Trail from the First Water Creek Trailhead, 3 miles of dirt road off Hwy #88, north of Apache Junction, in the Superstition Wilderness Area. After 4.2 miles, we turn onto the Black Mesa Trail. After another 1.5 miles, up a hill, we'll have lunch on a bluff, overlooking the heart of the Superstitions and Weavers Needle. The hike then continues to the Second Water Trail and back to the trailhead. There are numerous water crossings and boulders along the trails, and wonderful scenery. Hike 9.2 miles; trailhead elevation 2300 feet; net elevation change 800 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 160 miles (dirt). | \$15 |
| 405 | Superstitions: Fraser-Randolph Canyons Loop. Rating B. This largely boulder-hopping hike begins from the Woodbury Trailhead after a scenic drive on dirt Hewitt Station Rd. We use FS # 172 B to connect to Coffee Flat Trail, crossing the wash to view the remains of JF Ranch (still a working cattle ranch) and blacksmith shop. Proceeding in Fraser Canyon as it narrows and enters an area of jagged cliffs, we pass an old freight road where it cuts through a cliff wall. Look for the lost Polka Mine in the northern cliffs as we approach the junction with Randolph Canyon. After 4.25 miles, we will reach Dripping Spring which seeps from the ledges above the canyon floor. Optionally, we will explore Dutchman's cave north across the canyon from the spring. We then retrace briefly to the junction of the Red Tanks Trail where the trek into Randolph Canyon begins with smooth rock canyon floor. We proceed in the Canyon for 4 miles, making use of the creek bed and old cow trails, and passing the cement dam at Randolph Spring. We arrive at the junction of JF Trail and turn southeast toward the Woodbury windmill, passing the junction with Woodbury Trail, and arriving back at the parking lot at the trailhead. Hike 11 miles; trailhead elevation 3500 feet; net elevation change 1030 feet; accumulated gain 1390 feet; RTD 166 miles (dirt). | \$15 |
| 406 | Superstitions: Geronimo Cave and Barks Canyon Loop. Rating B. The hike begins at the Peralta Trailhead, and proceeds along the Peralta Trail 1400 feet elevation gain over 2 miles to Fremont Saddle. From there we access the Cave Trail which makes its way for 1.5 miles along cliffs and boulders and across weather-worn rock. Geronimo Cave (actually 1 of 3 alcoves) is located about 0.6 miles along the trail, was named by the Dons Club which has drawn 100's of people every spring since 1934 for its Dons Trek (different trail). We connect with Bluff Springs Trail, and take it north 1.6 miles to the intersection of Terrapin Trail. From here we leave the trail and descend into beautiful, seldom used Barks Canyon, hiking | \$11 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | and rock scrambling about 2.3 miles off trail through the Canyon. We soon encounter a series of cascading pools beneath sheer walls, then enter a dense thicket of trees that requires some bushwhacking. The Canyon is named for Jim Bark, a rancher in the 1890's who hunted for the "Lost Dutchman Gold Mine" for many years. Reddish colored mine tailings are visible along the way. A short distance after the canyon opens up into Barkley Basin we intersect with the Dutchman Trail, following it a mile back to Peralta Trailhead. Hike 7.6 miles; trailhead elevation 2400 feet; net elevation change 1400 feet; accumulated gain 1860 feet; RTD 155 miles. | |
| 407 | Superstitions: Herman's Cave. Rating B. The route to Herman's Cave is evidently the very same one taken by up to three different people in their attempt to follow Jacob Waltz into the mountains to find his Lost Dutchman mine. Prospector Herman Petrash spent many years searching in this area and located one of his camps on the north side of La Barge Canyon. From the Peralta Trailhead we take the Dutchman Trail through the beautiful Barkley Basin. As we approach the Coffee Flat Trail intersection, there are great views of Miner's Needle and Cathedral Rock. Miner's Needle with its distinct "eye" has been a focal point for the Lost Dutchman mine search in years past. It was at the base of Cathedral Rock that human bones, thought to be those of Mexican miners possibly killed by Apaches, were found in the 1930s. At the Coffee Flat intersection we bear left to begin a not too arduous climb to Miner's Summit, enjoying fine vistas along the way. We proceed a mile or so through Upper La Barge Box Canyon until reaching the base of Herman's Mountain. Herman's Cave suddenly looms large above to the left. The cave is high at the base of the Herman Mountain cliffs and one must scramble up a steep slope of scree and boulders to get there. The ascent to the cave is optional. The return is via the same route. Hike 13 miles; trailhead elevation 2400 feet; net elevation change 1,030 feet; accumulated gain 2050 feet; RTD 155 miles. | \$11 |
| 408 | Superstitions: Indian Paint Mine. Rating B. Indian Paint Mine is the primary destination for this hike. The hike starts at Canyon Lake in the Superstitions and along the way on the Boulder Trail hikers encounter magnificent vistas at almost every turn, including Weavers Needle. Hike 7.1 miles; trailhead elevation 3500 feet; net elevation change 590 feet; accumulated gain 1710 feet; RTD 190 miles. | \$14 |
| 409 | Superstitions: La Barge Creek/Boulder Canyon Loop, with side trips. Rating B!. This hike is for those who would like to see the Superstitions from a different perspective, hiking off-trail to areas not commonly seen. The hike begins with a 3 minute side trip to the Superstition Wilderness sign, which provides great views of Weavers Needle and Battleship Mountain. About a half mile from the trailhead (across Hwy # 88 from the Canyon Lake parking area), we leave Boulder Canyon Trail and go down a spur trail to La Barge creek. We walk along this rocky creek bed about 1.9 miles (reduced pace), briefly rejoin the Boulder Canyon Trail, and then leave it again, soon entering through the sheer rock walls of La Barge Canyon. Hiking through this canyon, described in Todd's Desert Hiking Guide as the ... "nicest canyon in the Superstitions," involves boulder hopping, some scrambling and climbing, and minor bushwhacking. We proceed less than a mile through the canyon along the east side of pyramid-shaped Battleship Mountain to an area of lovely seasonal pools and then return the way we came back to the trail. We will continue on Boulder Canyon Trail through Paint Mine Saddle to Indian Paint Mine. In addition to old foundations and mining shafts, the rocks in this area are said to have been mined by the Indians for paint. We return to the Boulder Canyon intersection, hike 1.7 miles north through the Canyon, rejoin La Barge Creek for 1 mile, then exit the remaining 0.6 mile back to the trailhead. Wear long pants and wetable shoes, and consider bringing hiking sticks. Hike 9.5 miles; trailhead elevation 1200 feet; net elevation change 725 feet; accumulated gain 1670 feet; RTD __ miles. | TBD |
| 410 | Superstitions: Lost Dutchman State Park. Rating B, C, or D. The hike explores the Lost | \$13 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | Dutchman State Park in the Superstition Mtns. The park is named after the fabled lost gold mine and offers a variety of hiking trails and nature trails. Although not specified here, the chosen trails will adhere to the distance and elevation ranges for a B, C, or D hike. Among the trails that could be included are the Treasure Loop Trail Prospector's View, Jacob's Cross Cut, and the Discovery Interpretive Trail. Hike distance, trailhead elevation, net elevation change, and accumulated gain will be tailored to fit the chosen rating; RTD 175 miles. | |
| 411 | Superstitions: Lost Dutchman State Park Sampler; Flatiron Peak. Rating C to A. The group will hike the scenic Siphon Draw Trail (Starts as Discovery Trail) under the towering cliffs of Superstition Mountain. We will pass through the Siphon Draw narrows and possibly see rock climbers on the Crying Dinosaur rock formation. After 1.43 miles we reach the official end of the trail. Here hikers can choose to go on or return the way they came. (At this point the hike=1.4 miles; 1100 feet accumulated gain.) About a mile back is the turn (Trail # 56) to the Palmer Mine site. Here is also a start to additional small loop hikes in the park, all less than 2.5 miles. Rock climbers may also be seen on the Praying Hands rock formation near Trail # 56. Those desiring will continue the bushwhack climb up Flatiron, another 1.45 miles for an additional 1400 feet accumulated gain (total=6mi. roundtrip, with exploration). Other park trails: Treasure Loop=2.4 mi.; Prospector View=0.7 mi.; Jacob's Crosscut=0.8 mi. The group will meet to return home at a designated time. Hike 6.4 miles; trailhead elevation 2080 feet; net elevation change 2650 feet; accumulated gain 3030 (to Flatiron and back); RTD 175 miles. | \$13 |
| 412 | Superstitions: Marsh Valley Loop. Rating A. This is an enjoyable hike through two rugged canyons in the northwestern Superstition Mountains. We hike the Boulder Trail from the Canyon Lake Trailhead, passing Battleship Mt. along the way. Hike 16.1 miles; trailhead elevation 3500 feet; net elevation change 1000 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 190 miles. | \$14 |
| 413 | Superstitions: Mountain Ridgeline. Rating A!. This is a very demanding through hike that rewards energetic hikers with incredible views, sometimes in both directions, from the crest of the Superstition Mountains. There is often no trail, but the hike on the rocky ridge line is very enjoyable and remote, and one is unlikely to encounter other hikers. We will leave a car at Lost Dutchman State Park and return to Carney Springs Trailhead to begin the hike. The hike climbs steeply up Boulder Canyon Trail, stays on the ridgeline, goes up to Superstition Peak, continues up to the Flatiron, goes down Siphon Draw, and ends at Lost Dutchman State Park. Have warm clothing in your pack (for cooler seasons) and bring plenty of energy snacks and water in addition to lunch. Hike 12.1 miles; trailhead elevation 2200 feet; net elevation change 2750 feet; accumulated gain 4900 feet; RTD 155 miles. | \$11 |
| 414 | Superstitions: Peralta / Geronimo Cave Loop Trail. Rating B!. The hike follows the Peralta Trail to Fremont Saddle in the Superstition Mountains. This may be the area's most beautiful canyon. Weavers Needle is visible along much of the way. Legend has it that a loner named Jacob Waltz (The Dutchman) found a fortune in gold somewhere in the Superstition Mountains. Dominating the legends and the landscape is Weavers Needle. The canyon bottom is a jumble of huge boulders that have tumbled from the cliffs above. The trail is steep and rocky for most of the way. The return loops back to the trailhead via the Cave Trail, where we may explore Geronimo's Cave. The cliffs along this part of the hike provide spectacular views but are not for the acrophobic person (some open-face rock and steep downhill descents). Hike 7.6 miles; trailhead elevation 2410 feet; net elevation change 1450 feet; accumulated gain 1860 feet; RTD 154 miles (dirt). | \$14 |
| 415 | Superstitions: Peralta to Canyon Lake Backpack. Rating A. We will follow trails through Bluff Springs and La Barge Canyons and camp near Charlebois Spring. While there, we will | \$14 + \$14 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | search for petroglyphs south of Charlebois Spring. On the second day, we will follow trails through Marsh Valley and on to Canyon Lake where our transportation will pick us up. Hikers will see a giant saguaro cactus, ancient petroglyphs, and many wildflowers. Hike 16.1 miles; trailhead elevation 2450 feet; net elevation change 1060 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD Peralta 154 miles (dirt), plus Canyon Lake 190 miles. | |
| 416 | Superstitions: Peralta Trail. Rating C. The hike follows the Peralta Trail to Fremont Saddle in the Superstition Mountains. There are excellent views of Weavers Needle at the Saddle. This may be the area's most beautiful canyon. Legend has it that a loner named Jacob Waltz (The Dutchman) found a fortune in gold somewhere within the Superstition Mountains. Dominating the legends and the landscape is Weavers Needle. The canyon bottom is a jumble of huge boulders that have tumbled from the cliffs above. The trail is steep and rocky for most of the way. Hike 4.8 miles; trailhead elevation 2410 feet; net elevation change 1360 feet; accumulated gain 1410 feet; RTD 154 miles (dirt). | \$14 |
| 417 | Superstitions: Peters Mesa. Rating A. This is a challenging, scenic loop hike through little visited country in the north-central Superstition Mountains. The hike begins from the Tortilla Trailhead, accessed from Hwy # 88, Apache Trail, west of Apache Lake, and follows the JF Trail to the Hoolie Bacon Trail around Music Mtn. We will then hike the Peters Trail over Peters Mesa after passing Charlebois Spring. There is a petroglyph site along La Barge Creek. The return is on Peters Trail to the trailhead. Hike 15.8 miles; trailhead elevation ___ feet; net elevation change 1355 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 208 miles (dirt). | \$19 |
| 418 | Superstitions: Peters Trail and Mesa. Rating A. Weavers Needle, for many years, was the focus of the Lost Dutchman Mine searches. However, the Tortilla area, a lesser-traveled region of the Superstition Wilderness, also saw considerable activity. West Horse Camp Basin is thought to be the site of a Mexican mining camp that was the source of cut timber for long lost mines. It was reasoned that the direction of the Mexican mines could be determined by tracing the route that the timber was carried, and speculated that parts of Peters Trail were used as this route. Peters Mesa has been prospected since the early 1900s; some believe it was mined in the mid 1800s. The Apaches reportedly covered the mines and restored the landscape to prevent further mining. The hike begins 24 miles east of Apache Junction where FS # 213 leaves SR # 88. Because of the roughness of this 4WD road, we will walk the 3.2 miles to the Tortilla Trailhead. Peters Trail begins by following the bed of Tortilla Creek. The first section of the trail is quite scenic with steep cliffs to the east as it winds down a narrow canyon. The trail then leaves the creek and goes briefly across a soft dirt area before continuing across a wide valley. It then goes through a couple of passes, reaching a section that is steep and rocky and climbing the spine of a ridge with steep drop-offs on either side. The view into the valley below is magnificent. As we descend into Peters Canyon, the cliffs of Tortilla Mountain rise to the west. Once in the canyon we continue down canyon crossing the wash several times, finally going up a ravine to Peters Mesa. We will explore Peters Mesa as time allows and return the way we came. Hike 16 miles; trailhead elevation 2900 feet; net elevation change 970 feet; accumulated gain 2330 feet; RTD 212 miles. | \$15 |
| 419 | Superstitions: Reavis Falls. Rating B!. This is a hike to a spectacular waterfall in a very remote area of the eastern Superstition Mountains. The beautiful waterfall was featured in an article in the November 1993 issue of Arizona Highways magazine. Few people have seen this waterfall. The first white man to visit it was Elisha Reavis in the 1870's. We will begin the hike from the Reavis Ranch Trailhead, accessed at the end of FR # 212 off Hwy # 88, Apache Trail. The final 0.6 miles to the falls is a bushwhack up Reavis Creek where wading is normally unavoidable during several water crossings. Hike 10 miles; trailhead elevation ___ feet; net elevation change ___ feet; accumulated gain 1700 feet; RTD 221 miles (dirt). | \$20 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| 420 | Superstitions: Reavis Ranch Loop. Rating A. This popular loop hike follows trails from the Rogers Trough Trailhead in the Superstition Mountains. Proceeding down the Rogers Canyon Trail, we will pass the Salado Cliff Dwellings. A site near Angel Basin is where famed Tucson artist Ted DeGrazia burned \$1,000,000 of his paintings to avoid federal income taxes. We take the Frog Tanks Trail to the Reavis Ranch Trail which leads to the old Reavis Ranch. From there, we continue on the Reavis Ranch Trail over Reavis Saddle and visit the grave site of Elisha Reavis. Hike 19.1 miles; trailhead elevation ___ feet; net elevation change ___ feet; accumulated gain 1920 feet; RTD 166 miles (dirt). | \$15 |
| 421 | Superstitions: Reavis Ranch Trail / Pinto Creek Trail Loop. Rating A. The hike follows trails in the eastern Superstition Mountains, the highest section of the range. Beginning at the Rogers Trough Trailhead, the route takes us along the Rogers Canyon Trail, the Reavis Ranch Trail, the Pinto Creek and West Pinto Creek Trails back to the trailhead. Along the way, we will visit the grave site of Elisha Reavis, pass through Reavis Saddle, and hike through a beautiful ponderosa pine forest. This trip requires 4WD vehicles as the approach is up a very rough jeep road from Hwy # 60. Hike 18.8 miles; trailhead elevation 4800 feet; net elevation change is 2000 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 166 miles (dirt). | \$15 |
| 422 | Superstitions: Robbers Roost-Geronimo Cave Loop. Rating B. We begin the hike from the Lost Goldmine Trailhead, starting out cross country and making our way over to West Boulder Trail. We climb steeply to West Boulder Saddle, gaining 1650 feet in less than 2 miles. At the Saddle, we leave the trail and continue bushwhacking east up the 4000-foot Dacite Mesa through a myriad of hoodoos, spires, and boulders to the "Chiminaya." We continue southeast down a drainage in our search for the "Robbers Roost" cave. From the Cave we wind northwest along the Mesa slope until directly above and west of Fremont Saddle. From there we descend down to the Saddle. We finish our loop on the Cave Trail which makes its way along cliffs and boulders and across weather worn rock, passing Geronimo Cave. There are a couple of somewhat tricky, but fun, downward climbs on this trail. We come to a junction with Bluff Spring Trail which leads to Peralta Trailhead then take the road back to our starting point. Hike 8.5 miles; trailhead elevation 2290 feet; net elevation change 1750 feet; accumulated gain 2280 feet; RTD 154 miles. | \$11 |
| 423 | Superstitions: Roger's Canyon Cliff Dwellings Plus. Rating B. The hike is deep in a wilderness area of the Superstition Mountains. The trailhead is reached via Florence to Hwy # 60 east and then northeast on 19 miles of scenic, rough unimproved Forest Service roads that require 4WD vehicles with adequate clearance. The trail may be slippery in places during rainy seasons. We will hike to the cliff dwellings by a new route which follows the JF Trail up and over Tortilla Pass. The ancient cliff dwellings were built by the Salado Indians around A.D. 1150 to A.D. 1250. The ruins are in very good shape and present a nice opportunity for the photographer to get good photos. Entering the ruins is possible but involves some rock scrambling. Care should be taken not to damage 700 years of history. We should see good wildflowers on this hike from the Woodbury Trailhead, depending on the season. Hike 10.6 miles; trailhead elevation 4800 feet; net elevation change 1550 feet; accumulated gain 2540 feet; RTD 166 miles (dirt). | \$15 |
| 424 | Superstitions: Roger's Canyon Cliff Dwellings. Rating B. The hike reaches deep into a wilderness area of the Superstition Mountains. The trailhead is reached via Florence to Hwy # 60 east and then northeast on 19 miles of scenic, rough unimproved Forest Service roads that require 4WD vehicles with adequate clearance. The trail may be slippery in places during rainy seasons. The trail proceeds downhill into the canyon area to the ancient cliff dwellings built by the Salado Indians around A.D. 1150 to A.D. 1250. The ruins are in very good shape and present a nice opportunity for the photographer to get good photos. Entering the ruins is possible but involves some rock scrambling. Care should be taken not to damage | \$15 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | 700 years of history. An additional one mile round-trip hike to Angel Basin is an option along with the exploration of Fish Creek Canyon. The hike out is all uphill via the same route. Hike 8.4 miles; trailhead elevation 4800 feet; net elevation change 1050 feet; accumulated gain 1065 feet; RTD 166 miles (dirt). | |
| 425 | Superstitions: Weavers Needle Cross Cut. Rating B [!] . Beginning at the Peralta Trailhead, the hike involves climbing the Bluff Spring Trail, which gains 500 feet elevation in the 0.5 mile, levels off, then gains 260 feet in 0.25 miles. After 3 miles, we leave the trail for "Weaver Cross Cut" at Bluff Saddle. The hike continues near the base of Weavers Needle, a column of volcanic rock that rises a thousand feet to an elevation of 4553 feet and dominates the landscape for miles around. On Weavers Cross Cut Trail we go through fascinating rock formations, then descend to the Peralta Trail and return to the trailhead. No trail actually exists on the "Cross Cut," which requires route finding skills. Bushwhacking and boulder hopping are involved for over a mile. Hike 8.1 miles; trailhead elevation 2500 feet; net elevation change 1425 feet; accumulated gain 2527 feet; RTD 155 miles. | \$11 |
| 426 | Superstitions: Weavers Needle Loop. Rating B [!] . The hike is beautiful, steep, and rocky and passes through areas of huge boulders in the Superstition Mountains. The hike begins at the Peralta Trailhead on the Bluff Spring Trail and proceeds via various connecting trails north and northwest to the east side of the very prominent Weavers Needle, passing through Barks Canyon and Terrapin pass along the way. The trail then loops around the north side and returns through Boulder Canyon to the west side of Weavers Needle via the Peralta trail, continuing up and over Fremont Saddle to the Peralta Trailhead parking area on FR # 77. Hike 13.1 miles; trailhead elevation 2500 feet; net elevation change 2600 feet; accumulated gain 2940 feet; RTD 154 miles (dirt). | \$14 |
| 427 | Superstitions: World's Greatest Saguaro Cactus. Rating B. The loop hike is a beautiful visit to the south central part of the Superstition Mountains. It begins and ends at the Peralta Trailhead off Hwy # 60. Along the way, the group passes through beautiful Bluff Springs Canyon where there are great views of Weavers Needle. After passing Bluff Springs, we come to one of the most spectacular saguaro cacti in the world. The cactus is spectacular to behold and has an estimated sixty arms. We will try to determine its precise height. Bring along cameras and binoculars. The return is via the Dutchmans Trail circling Miners Needle and along a beautiful desert basin. Hike 11.8 miles; trailhead elevation 2400 feet; net elevation change 800 feet; accumulated gain 2000 feet; RTD 154 miles (dirt). | \$14 |
| 428 | Sutherland Trail. Rating C. The Sutherland is a great trail for viewing wildflowers after adequate winter rains. Along the way, there are several beautiful saguaro cacti and great rock formations. There are numerous photo opportunities. We will also pass the cutoff to Dripping Springs which makes a nice short side trip if the waterfalls are flowing. The hike begins in Catalina State Park and ends at a very scenic, flat, rocky area. The return is via same route. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 600 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 24 miles. | \$2 + \$2 |
| 429 | Sutherland Trail (One way). Rating C. The Sutherland is a great trail for viewing wildflowers after abundant winter rains. Along the way, there are several beautiful saguaro cacti and great rock formations. There are numerous photo opportunities. We will also pass the cutoff to Dripping Springs which makes a nice short side trip if the waterfalls are flowing. The route begins at the easternmost trailhead in Catalina State Park, uses the Cutoff Trail to connect to the north side of the park along FR # 643. A car shuttle will be needed along with high clearance 4WD vehicles. Hike may be done in reverse. Hike 4 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet (at Catalina); net elevation change 750 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 24 miles. | \$2 + \$2 |
| 430 | Sutherland Trail to Cargodero Canyon. Rating C. The hike begins at the main trailhead in | \$2 + \$2 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | Catalina State Park and goes on the Sutherland Trail to the Cargodero Canyon. From there, the hike continues another mile or so up the jeep road. We will lunch in this area. Hike 8 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 1200 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 24 miles. | |
| 431 | Sutherland Wash Petroglyphs. Rating C. The trail for this hike is gradual and passes through a mesquite thicket with 100-year old saguaros, Arizona poppies/morning glories in season, and eventually reaches an area of many, many petroglyphs. Per the book Paradise Found by Kathy Alexander, there are over 1400 petroglyphs in the area. Some rock scrambling is necessary to reach most of the petroglyphs, but nothing very difficult. Bring a snack to enjoy while searching. Hike 5.6 miles; trailhead elevation 3240 feet; net elevation change minus 205 feet; accumulated gain 309 feet; RTD 12 miles (dirt). | \$2 |
| 432 | Sweetwater Preserve. Rating C. The trailhead is at the end of Tortolita Road, one mile off El Camino del Cerro. The 703-acre preserve is in the Tucson Mountains (this is not the Sweetwater Trail which leads to Wasson Peak.) There is a system of trails within the park made in 2008 by a crew of Piima County trail builders. It consists of 12 distinct loops and paths that interconnect so they can be linked together. Each trail is 0.5 to 1.5 miles in length, for 10.4 miles total. A map of the area may be found on the website (www.sdm.org/trail-Sweetwater.html). Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 2800 feet; net elevation change <1000 feet; accumulated gain <1000 feet; RTD 60 miles. | \$5 |
| 433 | Sweetwater Trail (short version). Rating D. The hike begins from the trailhead at the end of El Camino del Cerro on the east side of the Tucson Mountains and covers about half the distance to the saddle where the Kings Canyon and Sweetwater Trails meet. The return is via the same route. The trail passes through some of the prettiest saguaro forests in the area. Along the way there are good views of Tucson and Wasson Peak. Hiking boots and stick are recommended. Bring binoculars. Hike 4 miles; trailhead elevation 2800 feet; net elevation change 350 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 60 miles. | \$5 |
| 434 | Sweetwater Trail to the Saddle. Rating C. The hike begins from the trailhead at the end of El Camino del Cerro on the east side of the Tucson Mountains. The trail passes through some of the prettiest saguaro forests in the area. Along the way there are good views of Tucson and Wasson Peak. The hike reaches a saddle where the trail joins the King Canyon Trail and returns. The King Canyon Trail, an alternate route to Wasson Peak, leads up from the Desert Museum on the west side of the Tucsons. We will have lunch at the saddle before heading back to the trailhead. Hike 6.8 miles; trailhead elevation 2800 feet; net elevation change 1200 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 60 miles. | \$5 |
| 435 | Sweetwater Trail to the Saddle (Sycamore Canyon). Rating C. Located in the Pajarita Wilderness, Sycamore Canyon is considered one of the top ten spots for wildlife in the Sonoran Desert. The trailhead is reached by driving south on I-19 to Exit 12, west on Hwy # 289 to Pena Blanca Lake (approx. 5 miles), and left onto Ruby Road (dirt) to Sycamore Canyon. We start near Ruby on Hwy # 289 and hike into the canyon about three miles, viewing canyon sidewalls, spirals and lush vegetation along the way. Water levels in the canyon will vary depending on recent rainfall, but hikers should be prepared for wet feet. Bring lunch and at least a quart of water. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 4050 feet; net elevation change is minimal; accumulated gain/loss is minimal; RTD 190 miles (dirt). | \$18 |
| 436 | Sycamore Canyon. Rating B. The hike takes us through a beautiful canyon situated in the Pajarita Wilderness within the Coronado National Forest and reaches the Mexican border before turning around. Along the way are canyon side walls, spirals and lush vegetation. We cross creeks, go up and down river rock, and climb around a few boulders and side walls. We will pass Hank and Yank's (mule skinnners and Army guides) adobe ruins, who were eventually ousted by Indians in 1886. The area is considered one of the top 10 spots for | \$18 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | wildlife within the entire Sonoran Desert. The water level will be dependant upon the annual rainfall, but hikers should be prepared for wet feet. The canyon lies between Atacosa and Baboquivari Mountains to the north and the Pajarito Mountains and Mexico to the east and south. The trailhead is reached by driving south on I-19 to Exit 12, west on Hwy 289 to Pena Blanca Lake (approx. 5 miles), and left onto Ruby Road (dirt) to Sycamore Canyon. Hike 14 miles; trailhead elevation 4050 feet; net elevation change minus 500 feet; accumulated gain/loss is minimal; RTD 190 miles (dirt). | |
| 437 | Sycamore Canyon (short version). Rating D. The trail passes through a beautiful canyon situated in the Pajarita Wilderness within the Coronado National Forest. We hike south toward the Mexican border, viewing canyon side walls, spirals and lush vegetation along the way, while crossing creeks, up and down river rock, climbing around a few boulders and side walls. We will pass Hank and Yank's (mule skinnners and Army guides) adobe ruins; who were eventually ousted by Indians in 1886. The area is considered one of the top 10 spots for wildlife in the entire Sonoran Desert. The water level will be dependant upon the annual rainfall, but hikers should be prepared for wet feet. The canyon lies between Atacosa and Baboquivari Mountains to the north and the Pajarito Mountains and Mexico to the east and south. The trailhead is reached by driving south on I-19 to Exit 12, west on Hwy # 289 to Pena Blanca Lake (approx. 5 miles), and left onto Ruby Road (dirt) to Sycamore Canyon. Hike 4 miles; trailhead elevation 4050 feet; net elevation change 500 feet; accumulated gain/loss; RTD 190 miles (dirt). | \$18 |
| 438 | Sycamore Dam. Rating C. The hike begins off Catalina Hwy at the old Prison Camp (Gordon Hirabayashi Recreation Area) in the Santa Catalina Mountains. The trail follows a road to a saddle and down to a large dam and now filled-in reservoir which provided water for the camp. The return is via the same route. Along the way are ruins of an old Japanese internment camp constructed during W.W. II. Near the camp's entrance are an interesting series of panels which tell about its history. Hike 5 miles; trailhead elevation 4800 feet; net elevation change 900 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 94 miles. | \$7 |
| 439 | Sycamore Spring. Rating C. The spring is located east of Sahuarita. The hike proceeds along mining roads through an area where early Tucsonans found iron meteorites to use as anvils, and to a spring surrounded by large Arizona Sycamores. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 3000 feet; net elevation change 1450 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 148 miles (dirt). | \$14 |
| 440 | Table Mountain. Rating A!. From the parking lot at the Pima Canyon trailhead we travel 3.2 miles up to where a steep, rocky gully comes in from the north (just past the second dam). The "route" is a bushwhack climbing steeply up the rocky drainage to the flat grassy slope that leads northeast to Table Mountain. Suggest defensive clothing and gloves if desired. The vegetation is a mixture of shin dagger, prickly pear, oak, pinion and juniper. The view is spectacular and well earned. The return will either be via Bighorn Mountain or back the same way. Hike 10.0 miles; trailhead elevation 2900 feet; net elevation change 3350 feet; accumulated gain 3813 feet; RTD 42 miles. | \$3 |
| 441 | Tanque Verde Falls. Rating D. The trailhead is at the parking area at the end of E. Redington Road. The hike involves walking one mile to Tanque Verde Creek, and exploring the falls and stream. We might even play in the water. During the monsoon season, there can be a lot of water coming over the falls and, while spectacular, can be very dangerous. People have slipped and died there. The return is via the same route. Hike >2 miles; trailhead elevation 3120 feet; net elevation change 500 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD __ miles. | TBD |
| 442 | Tanque Verde Peak. Rating A. Tanque Verde Peak is located in Saguaro National Park - East. The hike begins at the Javelina Picnic Area on the Tanque Verde Ridge Trail, off the Cactus Forest Drive loop road. The trail passes through Juniper Basin at 6.9 miles, and | \$6 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | reaches the Peak at 9 miles. Erik Molvar's guidebook says, "From this lofty perch, fantastic views stretch in all directions." Hike 18 miles; trailhead elevation 3120 feet; net elevation change 3950 feet; accumulated gain 4315 feet; RTD 82 miles. | |
| 443 | Tanque Verde Ridge Trail. Rating B. The hike begins at the Javalina Picnic Area in Saguaro National Park – East off the Cactus Forest Drive loop road, and is a picturesque hike in the Rincon Mountains with tremendous views of Tucson and the surrounding area. The hike is somewhat steep in parts as it proceeds up Tanque Verde Ridge. At three miles into the hike, we will view a crested saguaro, but continue on another mile to lunch on a mesa with great views. There are some great photo stops along the way. Hike 8 miles; trailhead elevation 3120 feet; net elevation change 1900 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 82 miles. | \$6 |
| 444 | Tanque Verde Ridge Trail - Part Way. Rating C. The hike begins at the Javalina picnic area in Saguaro National Park – East, and is a picturesque hike in the Rincon Mountains with tremendous views of Tucson and the surrounding area. We hike east up to and along the Tanque Verde Ridge and turn around at about 3 miles (by a crested saguaro.) The hike is somewhat steep at some points, but there are great photo stops along the way. Hike 5.6 miles; trailhead elevation 3120 feet; net elevation change 1300 feet; accumulated gain 1646 feet; RTD 82 miles. | \$6 |
| 445 | Tanque Verde Ridge Trail to Juniper Basin Campground. Rating A. The hike begins at the Javalina Picnic Area in Saguaro National Park – East. An interesting feature of this hike is the opportunity to observe changing vegetation that accompanies the increase in elevation. The trail occasionally tops out along the ridge, levels out for a distance and then drops to the north or south side of the ridge. The views are amazing and this is one of the best parts of the trail, because it has views in all directions. Hike 13.8 miles; trailhead elevation 3120 feet; net elevation change 2880 feet; accumulated gain 3761 feet; RTD 82 miles. | \$6 |
| 446 | Thimble Peak. Rating B!. The trailhead is at Prison Camp Road (now Gordon Hirabayashi Recreation Site), seven miles up the Catalina Hwy. The hike follows the beautiful Sycamore Reservoir Trail (trail # 39) down to the abandoned reservoir, and connects to the Bear Canyon Trail. On the way to Thimble Flat, and before reaching Seven Falls, we take a faint, unmarked trail for 1.2 miles to Thimble Peak. This 1.2-mile section has some steep side slope, and involves walking in heavy brush. Bring gloves to do the short, but steep rock scramble to the top of the east summit. Enjoy outstanding views from this prominent Tucson landmark. The return is via the same route. Hike 11 miles; trailhead elevation 4880 feet; net elevation change 443 feet; accumulated gain 2500 feet; RTD 94 miles. | \$7 |
| 447 | Thimble Peak via Bear Canyon. Rating A. The trailhead is at Sabino Canyon Visitor Center. We will hike to Seven Falls and then continue up Bear Canyon for an additional 2 miles. We will then head southeast for 1.2 miles on an unmarked, faint trail to Thimble Peak. The 1.2 mile section has some steep side slopes, and involves hiking in heavy brush. Gloves may be useful. Enjoy outstanding views from the base of Thimble Peak down into Sabino Canyon and the greater Tucson area. For those that want a little more adventure we will climb the Peak, but ascent to the top of the Peak is difficult. The return is via the same route. Hike 17.3 miles; trailhead elevation 2720 feet; net elevation change 2,600 feet; accumulated gain 3410 feet; RTD 56 miles. | |
| 448 | Three for One. Rating B. The hike begins at the end of the pavement on Golder Ranch Road and uses three nearby trails to make a loop trip. The hike begins by going south on the Fifty-Year Trail (or FR # 643) connects with the Trail Link and Sutherland Trail, on which we hike for 2.4 miles. We then turn north on the Baby Jesus Trail, which passes a rock formation on the left that looks like the Madonna and Child. The trail curves to the northwest to intersect with a jeep road that leads back to the Fifty-Year Trail (or FR # 642), which we follow back to the trailhead. All three trails are popular because of their close proximity to SaddleBrooke | \$1 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | and because of the variety of plant life along the desert washes and rocky overlooks. Hike 10.5 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change __ feet; accumulated gain 1203 feet; RTD 8 miles. | |
| 449 | Tina Larga. Rating C. Starting at the Douglas Spring Trailhead at the east end of Speedway Blvd, hikers will follow the Douglas Spring Trail, rocky and steep at times but well-traveled, to Tina Largo Tank and return. There may also be a side trip to Bridal Wreath Falls. Hike 7 miles; trailhead elevation 2720 feet; net elevation change 600 feet; accumulated gain 1500 feet; RTD 80 miles. | \$6 |
| 450 | Tohono Chul Park and Tea Room with Lunch. Rating D ☺ . Tohono Chul Park is a desert preserve of 48 acres bordered by Oracle, Ina and Paseo del Norte Roads. The hike features a one-hour docent-led tour along well maintained trails surrounded by native plants and desert landscape in an "aviary without walls". The park has demonstrations gardens, hummingbird garden, ethno-botanical garden, and a geologic recreation of the Santa Catalina Mountains. There is also an exhibit house, gallery and gift shop. Optional: breakfast, lunch or tea at Tea Room. Admission fee required. Wear comfortable shoes, hat, and sunscreen; bring a bottle of water. Hike 1.5 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change is minimal; accumulated gain is minimal; RTD 36 miles. | \$3 |
| 451 | Tohono Chul Park and Tea Room, Birds and Breakfast. Rating D ☺ . Join a Tohono Chul docent for a guided bird observation walk in beautiful Tohono Chul Park. We can continue strolling through the park at our leisure and end with breakfast at the Tohono Chul Tea Room. Bring binoculars. Admission fee required. Hike 1.5 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change 50 feet; accumulated gain is minimal; RTD 36 miles. | \$3 |
| 452 | Tohono Chul Park Reptile Ramble and Tea Room for Lunch. Rating D ☺ . Tohono Chul Park is a desert preserve of 48 acres bordered by Oracle, Ina and Paseo del Norte Roads. Hikers will participate in a one-hour docent-led talk and tour about Reptiles. Grandchildren are welcome. We will also enjoy their gardens, the exhibit house, gallery and gift shops, then lunch at the Tea Room. Admission fee required. Wear comfortable shoes, hat, and sunscreen; bring a bottle of water. Hike 1.5 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; net elevation change is minimal; accumulated gain is minimal; RTD 36 miles. | \$3 |
| 453 | Tonto National Monument. Rating C. The hike includes a park ranger guided-tour hike of the Upper Cliff Dwellings, normally closed and allowed only by reservation. The tour follows an unpaved, moderate to steep trail with a gain of 600 feet. If time permits, we will also visit the lower cliff dwelling on our own. This is an educational experience regarding the life of the Salado Indians (People of the Salt River). Park entry fee required. The monument is 110 miles one way, on good roads (off Hwy # 188) and overlooks Roosevelt Lake. The hike is limited to 12 members, and you must sign up at least 3 days prior to the hike. Bring lunch, ample water, and a hat. Hike 3 miles; trailhead elevation __ feet; net elevation change 600 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 230 miles. | \$17 |
| 454 | Tortolita Mountains: Alamo Springs / Wild Mustang Loop. Rating B. This hike travels the outer rim of the area. From the Ritz Calton hiker parking lot, proceed through the Wild Burro Wash, to Lower Javalina Trail to the Alamo Springs Trail. After ascending the first part, we take a short side trail to a high point overlooking the area to the west. We then continue on the Alamo Springs Trail to our lunch spot in Wild Burro Canyon. We then proceed on a short connector trail to the Wild Mustang Trail until we connect with the Upper Javelina Trail and return to the trailhead via the Wild Burro Wash. The hike offers remote hiking with great views of the Tortolita Mountains and passes several crested saguaros. Hike 10 miles; trailhead elevation 3000 feet; net elevation change 1300 feet; accumulated gain 2136 feet; RTD 44 miles. | \$4 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| 455 | Tortolita Mountains: Alamo Springs Loop. Rating B. From the Ritz Carlton hiker parking lot, proceed through the Wild Burro Wash to Lower Javalina Trail to the Alamo Springs Trail, which is on the right after entering State Trust land. The group will follow the Alamo Springs Trail to the spring. Upon leaving the spring, the return is down the Wild Burro Trail to an old stone house and cistern which belonged to goat herders in the early 1900's. There is also a large water catch basin dubbed the "swimming pool". From this point, hikers walk back along the Wild Burro Trail the parking lot. Hike 7.5 miles; trailhead elevation 3000 feet; net elevation change 2780 feet; accumulated gain 1600 feet; RTD 44 miles. | \$4 |
| 456 | Tortolita Mountains: Cochie Spring Trail. Rating B. From the Ritz Carlton hiker parking lot, hikers go 1.5 miles on the flat Wild Burro Trail to the Upper Javelina Trail. The Upper Javelina Trail provides views of the Tucson Mtns and Boboquiveri Peak to the south. After a short hike on the Wild Mustang Trail, hikers join the Cochie Spring Trail and continue several miles to the remains of a dam past a windmill. Hikers will experience a quiet mountain wilderness. The return is by the same route. Hike 12 miles; trailhead elevation 2780 feet; net elevation change 645 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; (data need to be updated for the new TH); RTD 44 miles. | \$4 |
| 457 | Tortolita Mountains: Dove Mountain. Rating C!. The mostly bushwhack hike begins at the cattle guard/windmill on the Rail-X Road and ascends to the top of 4661-foot Dove Mountain. From there we make our way along an up-and-down ridge line north, which provides views of Ruelas, Cochie, and Wild Burro Canyons, and eventually reach a path and jeep road which returns to the trailhead. Views are outstanding and feral horses might be sighted. This hike is a rough, steep, and scratchy bushwhack making long pants and sleeves, gloves and hiking sticks desirable. Hike 4.7 miles; trailhead elevation 3600 feet; net elevation change 1061 feet; accumulated gain 1240 feet; RTD 20 miles (dirt). | \$2 |
| 458 | Tortolita Mountains: Dove Mountain & Ridges. Rating B!. The hike begins at the cattle guard/ windmill on the Rail-X Road and follows a jeep road and path to the ridge above Wild Burro Canyon. From there, we bushwhack along an up-and-down ridge (south) which provides views of Cochie and Ruelas Canyons and climb to the top of 4661-foot Dove Mountain. We will then make our way down a different route to the trailhead. The views along the way are outstanding. Wear long pants and bring a hiking stick. Hike 4.7 miles; trailhead elevation 3600 feet; net elevation change 1061 feet; accumulated gain 1240 feet; RTD 20 miles (dirt). | \$2 |
| 459 | Tortolita Mountains: Lower Javelina and Upper Javelina. Rating C. The hike begins at the Ritz Carlton Hotel hiker parking lot. The group will hike up Wild Burro Canyon a short distance to Lower Javelina Trail which we follow for 2 miles, then cross Wild Burro Canyon again to connect to Upper Javelina Trail. We will proceed along the Upper Javelina Trail for 3 miles; the end of Upper Javelina Trail is close to the new golf course. The group will then hike an easy 1 mile path back to the parking lot. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change 550 feet; accumulated elevation 910 feet; RTD 44 miles. | \$4 |
| 460 | Tortolita Mountains: S. End Wild Burro Canyon & Lower Javelina Trail. Rating C. The trailhead is at the Ritz Carlton hiker parking lot. We hike up Wild Burro Canyon, sometimes in the arroyo and sometimes on a compacted soil trail, winding through some trees and cacti. After 2 miles, we reach the ruins of an old stone house, which is where Wild Burro Trail goes left and up along the ridge to the left. We pass this and take the Spur Trail which is on the right 20-30 yards ahead, to the Alamo Spring Trail. There are great views of Wild Burro Canyon and the Avra Valley, as we descend into Wild Burro Canyon. Once we return to Wild Burro Canyon, we walk in the arroyo until shortly before the lower waterfalls. Here we find a trail marker on the right side of the arroyo. We follow this part of the trail down the right side of the waterfall to the old stone house ruins. The return is via the same route. Hike | \$4 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | 8 miles; trailhead elevation 2780 feet; net elevation change 960 feet; accumulated gain 1090 feet; (hike data need to be updated for the new TH); RTD is 44 miles. | |
| 461 | Tortolita Mountains: S. Wild Burro Canyon / Alamo Springs Trail / Spur Trail Loop. Rating C. The trailhead is at the Ritz Carlton hiker parking lot. The hike proceeds up Wild Burro Canyon to the Alamo Springs Trail, which is followed in a counterclockwise loop back to the Wild Burro Trail further up the canyon.. The Ritz Carlton Hotel and new golf course are visible from many points along the trail. After about 3.5 miles, we reach the final "pass," then descend to the Spur Trail, which we follow into Wild Burro Canyon. Soon after reaching the canyon floor, there is an old stone house, and cistern on the right which belonged to goat herders in the early 1900's. There is also a large water catch basin, dubbed the "swimming pool". From this point, hikers walk back along the Wild Burro Trail to the trailhead. Hike 6.1 miles; trailhead elevation 2780 feet; net elevation change 1100 feet; accumulated gain 1319 feet; RTD 44 miles. | \$4 |
| 462 | Tortolita Mountains: Upper Javelina and Wild Mustang Trails to Lookout. Rating B. The trailhead is at the Ritz Carlton Hotel parking lot. Hikers proceed through the Wild Burro Wash, up the Upper Javelina Trail, and connect with the Wild Mustang Trail. The hike continues to a rocky ridge with views of Dove Mountain development, Tucson and Marana. At that point we will stop for lunch/snacks and return to the trailhead. Hike 8.1 miles; trailhead elevation 2780 feet; net elevation change 1000 feet; accumulated gain 2092 feet; RTD 44 miles. | \$4 |
| 463 | Tortolita Mountains: Wild Burro Canyon. Rating C. The trailhead is reached via the Rail-X Marble Mine Road off Oracle Hwy at the county line. The hike begins along a jeep road to the windmill and into Wild Burro Canyon. The jeep road leads to a meadow and corral in the mountains. Weather and hikers agreeing, we may go further along a wash to a canyon lookout. There may be wild horses in the canyon. Hike 7 miles; trailhead elevation 3000 feet; net elevation change 600 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 20 miles (dirt). | \$2 |
| 464 | Tortolita Mountains: Wild Burro Canyon (short version). Rating D. The group takes 4WD vehicles along the Rail-X Marble Mine Road off Oracle Hwy and another jeep road for a total of 7.5 miles. The hike begins along an old road that leads past an old stone wall. We will continue into the Wild Burro Canyon area where there is a windmill and corral. Weather and hikers agreeing, we may go further along a wash to a canyon lookout. Hike <4 miles; trailhead elevation 3200 feet; net elevation change <500 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 20 miles (dirt). | \$2 |
| 465 | Tortolita Mountains: Wild Burro Canyon Extension, Plus. Rating B!. The group takes 4WD vehicles along the Rail-X Marble Mine Road at the county line, and then a jeep road for another mile to the base of the mountains. We will hike into Wild Burro Canyon past the stone corral and a windmill, and then down a wash to the end of the trail where there is a major drop-off into a canyon. At that point, we bushwhack up to a ridge on the right, and then up to a peak which affords outstanding views down the canyon and beyond. Hike 8 miles; trailhead elevation 3000 feet; net elevation change 1000 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 20 miles (dirt). | \$2 |
| 466 | Tortolita Mountains: Wild Burro Canyon North. Rating D. The trailhead is reached via the Rail-X Marble Mine Road off Oracle Hwy at the county line. The hike begins along a jeep road for another mile to the base of the mountains. We will hike north to a saddle which provides great views of the Catalina and Dove Mtn. The trail is rocky in some places and a hiking stick is recommended. Hike 4 miles; trailhead elevation 3000 feet; net elevation change 400 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 20 miles (dirt). | \$2 |
| 467 | Tortolita Mountains: Wild Burro Canyon with Key Exchange. Rating C. The trailhead is reached via the Rail-X Marble Mine Road off Oracle Hwy at the county line, then another | \$2 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | 2.5 miles on another jeep road. We hike into Wild Burro Canyon from the north side of the Tortolitas on an old road past an old stone wall (that once was a goat corral), past a windmill, and down the wash to a drop-off point or waterfall. From there we continue along a trail past the waterfall for another mile, and descend to some old stone house ruins, water cistern, and "swimming pool". We continue 2 more miles along a flat sandy arroyo, some on compacted soil, to the trailhead near the Ritz Carlton at the end of Dove Mountain Blvd. The group hiking north from the Ritz Carlton trailhead, for the key exchange, will do the reverse. 4WD vehicles will be needed to reach the northern starting point. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 3000 feet at the north end, ___ feet at the Wild Burro Trailhead; net elevation change 700 feet; accumulated gain north ___ feet, ___ feet south; (hike data need to be updated for the new trailhead); RTD 20 miles (dirt). | |
| 468 | Tortolita Mountains - Wild Mustang / Cochie Springs Loop. Rating B. The hike begins in the hikers parking area of the Ritz Carlton and proceeds up a connecting spur behind the hotel to join the Upper Javelina trail. After a short distance it connects with the Wild Mustang trail which meanders north over rolling mountainous terrain with beautiful views of the Catalinas. At a cairn-marked spur (N32 30 16.3, W 111 04 02.9) the trail, which is less developed, climbs near a crested saguaro over two saddles to its highest point and descends steeply into Cochie Canyon where an old ranch and windmill are located. It then joins the Cochie Springs trail for a long loop back to join the Wild Mustang trail The hike can be done in either direction but involves steeper climbs going clockwise. Hike 10.8 miles; trailhead elevation 2780 feet; net elevation change 1390 feet; accumulated gain 3057 feet.; RTD 44 miles. | \$4 |
| 469 | Tortolita Mountains: Wild Mustang / Wild Burro Canyon Loop. Rating B. The trailhead is at the Ritz Carlton hiker parking lot. Hikers proceed through the Wild Burro Wash, connect with the Upper Javalina Trail, and make their way up to the Wild Mustang Trail. The trail will lead the group over the higher elevations of the mountains to the north past at least 3 crested saguaros. Near the upper end of Wild Mustang Trail we take a connector trail southeast down to the Wild Burro Canyon Trail. The trail overlooks the narrow upper canyon which spreads wide with numerous side canyons and tributaries. As we continue down Wild Burro Canyon, we pass a crumbling stone structure and arrive at a boulder strewn falls which thunders with runoff from the upper side canyons and tributaries when it rains. A short distance later we will merge onto Lower Javalina Trail, quickly descending through hillsides covered with enormous boulders and a forest of saguaro cacti. We will then rejoin Wild Burro Trail to return to the trailhead. Hike 10.7 miles; trailhead elevation 2680 feet; net elevation change 1150 feet; accumulated gain 1630 feet; (hike data need to be updated for the new TH); RTD 44 miles. | \$4 |
| 470 | Tortolita Trail. Rating D. The trailhead is at the end of W. Moore Road about 1.5 miles off Dove Mountain Blvd. The hike involves a portion of the multipurpose Tortolita Trail located on the Tortolita Preserve. It took outdoorsman and amateur trail designer Chuck Boyer, age 66, more than two years to carve out the 9-mile recreational trail using only hand tools. Hike 4 miles; trailhead elevation 2500 feet; net elevation change <500 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 44 miles. | \$4 |
| 471 | Tortolita Trail (long version). Rating B ⊙ . The trailhead is at the end of W. Moore Road about 1.5 miles off Dove Mountain Blvd. The hike follows the 9.2 perimeter trail located on the Tortolita Preserve. It took outdoorsman and amateur trail designer Chuck Boyer, age 66, more than two years to carve out the 9.2 mile recreational trail using only hand tools. Hike 9.2 miles; trailhead elevation 2500 feet; net elevation change <500 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 44 miles. | \$4 |
| 472 | Tortolita Trail (medium version). Rating C. The trailhead is at the end of W. Moore Road | \$4 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | about 1.5 miles off Dove Mountain Blvd. The hike involves a portion of the multipurpose Tortolita Trail located on the Tortolita Preserve. It took outdoorsman and amateur trail designer Chuck Boyer, age 66, more than two years to carve out the 9-mile recreational trail using only hand tools. Hike 6 to 8 miles; trailhead elevation 2500 feet; net elevation change <500 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 44 miles. | |
| 473 | Tortolitas Mountains: Bushwhack to Wild Horse Mt. Rating B. This hike is a loop and begins at the cattle guard/windmill on the Rail X Ranch and follows a jeep road and path to the saddle above Wild Burrow Canyon. From the saddle, the path proceeds SW to a point where we will begin a bushwhack north following the Wild Burro Canyon drainage to another saddle. The descent from this saddle continues down a drainage westward to an old ranch road by Bass Spring in Bass Canyon. From there, we will follow the ranch road north a short distance before leaving the road and beginning a bushwhack east to the summit of Wild Horse Peak (elev. 4, 696 feet). Wild Horse Peak provides great views of SaddleBrooke and the Catalina Mts. From the summit, the descent is south and passes near the marble mine where hikers will be able to collect samples. We will then follow an old ranch road back to the starting point. Hikers will need to wear long sleeved shirts and trousers, and bring gloves. Hike 9 miles; trailhead elevation 3621 feet; net elevation change 1075 feet; accumulated gain 1956 feet. RTD 6 miles. | \$1 |
| 474 | Tucson Botanical Gardens. Rating D ☺ . The hike includes a 1.5 hour docent-led tour of Tucson's Secret Garden. Hikers may wander secluded pathways through a rich variety of plants from herbs to cacti to huge grapefruit trees grown from seeds. You may visit a butterfly garden; browse the nursery and gift shop. Entry fee required. Hike 1.5 mile; elevation change is minimal; RTD 58 miles. | \$5 |
| 475 | Ventana Canyon - Lower Level. Rating D. The hike begins from a parking lot at the Ventana Canyon Resort and proceeds gradually up Ventana Canyon for a mile or so. Several stream crossings are involved and there may be water depending on recent rains which require some boulder hopping. At the turnaround point, the trail starts a steep climb through the beautiful canyon which leads eventually to Maiden Pools and, much further along, Window Rock. The trail passes through massive cliffs of metamorphic stone slanting skyward to sharp points above the canyon floor. Hike 3 miles; trailhead elevation 3040 feet; net elevation change 400 feet; accumulated gain 400 feet; RTD 54 miles. | \$4 |
| 476 | Wasson Peak at Sunset and Moonrise. Rating B. The hike takes place in the evening of a full moon, arriving at the Peak in time for sunset and dinner, and to watch the lights come on in Tucson. We hike down by the light of the moon and flashlights (bring one). We start at the trailhead across from the Arizona Sonora Desert Museum, go up the King Canyon Trail and continue to the saddle where we meet the Sweetwater Trail. For the next mile or so, it's a steep climb to the junction of the Hugh Norris Trail, followed by a 0.3-miles climb to the summit. The return is via the same route. Hike 8 miles; trailhead elevation 2880 feet; net elevation change 1807 feet; accumulated gain 1900 feet; RTD 73 miles. | \$6 |
| 477 | Wasson Peak Loop. Rating B. The hike begins at the King Canyon Trailhead located across from the Arizona Sonora Desert Museum. We follow the King Canyon Trail, Sendero Esperanza Trail, and Hugh Norris Trail up to Wasson Peak, then back down to the Sweetwater Saddle and down a mining road to the King Canyon Wash, and then to the trailhead. There are stops for lots of different views and a variety of great scenery, and petroglyphs in the wash. Hike 9.5 miles; trailhead elevation 2880 feet; net elevation change 1807 feet, accumulated gain 1900 feet; RTD 73 miles. | \$6 |
| 478 | Wasson Peak via Hugh Norris Trail. Rating B. From the trailhead near Hohokum Road (off N. Kinney Road past Red Hills Visitor Center), the hike follows the Hugh Norris Trail to and from Wasson Peak. Hugh Norris is the longest trail to Wasson Peak, but the climb is | \$6 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|---|-----------------|
| | gradual along a ridge with spectacular views. There are excellent 360-degree views from the top. There is little shade; bring plenty of water and sun protection. Hike 10 miles; trailhead elevation 2640 feet; net elevation change 2436 feet; accumulated gain 662 feet; RTD 73 miles. | |
| 479 | Wasson Peak via King Canyon Trail. Rating B. The hike begins at the trailhead across from the Arizona/Sonora Desert Museum and goes up the King Canyon Trail. We pass the Mam-A-Gah picnic area and continue to the Sweetwater Saddle, the junction with the Sweetwater Trail. For the next mile or so, it's a steep climb to the junction with the Hugh Norris Trail and a short uphill climb to the summit. The 360-degree views from the top include Tucson to the east, Green Valley to the south, Picacho Peak to the north and Sells to the west. Hike 8 miles; trailhead elevation 2880 feet; net elevation change 1807 feet; accumulated gain 1900 feet; RTD 73 miles. | \$6 |
| 480 | Wasson Peak via Sendero Esperanza and Hugh Norris Trails. Rating B. The hike begins at Sendero Esperanza Trailhead off Golden Gate Road. The route follows the Esperanza Trail (1.8 miles) to the Hugh Norris Trail and on to Wasson Peak (2.2 miles). The climb is gradual and the Hugh Norris section is primarily a ridge trail with spectacular views. The 360-degree views from Wasson Peak include Tucson and Santa Catalinas to the east, Green Valley/Santa Ritas to the south, Sells to the west, and Picacho to the north. We will lunch on top of the Peak and return the same way. Hike 6.8 miles; trailhead elevation 2960 feet; net elevation change 1561 feet; accumulated gain 1433 feet; RTD 73 miles (dirt). | \$7 |
| 481 | Wasson Peak via Sweetwater Trail. Rating B. The hike begins at the trailhead at the end of El Camino del Cerro (the west extension of Ruthrouff Road) on the east side of the Tucson Mountains. From there we hike on the Sweetwater Trail through some of the prettiest saguaro forests in the area. Along the way there will be good views of Tucson and Wasson Peak. At the saddle where the trail joins the King Canyon trail we continue up to Wasson Peak. Views are spectacular from this highest point in the Tucson Mountains. There is little shade along the way. Bring plenty of water and sun protection. Hike 9.4 miles; trailhead elevation 2800 feet; net elevation change 1887; accumulated gain 2329 feet; RTD 60 miles. | \$5 |
| 482 | Westward Look Resort Trails. Rating D. Hikers explore two trails near the luxurious resort at the foot of the Catalinas. The Hummingbird Trail is paved and has informational stops along the way. The Saguaro Trail is unpaved (compacted gravel) and followed in a figure 8 fashion. It is on the west side of Westward Look Drive, across the road from the resort. Hike 2 miles; trailhead elevation 2700 feet; elevation gain is minimal; RTD 37 miles. | \$3 |
| 483 | Wild Horse Canyon. Rating B. The hike begins at the east end of Speedway at the Wild Horse Trailhead, just before the Douglas Springs Trailhead, and passes through part of the cactus forest of the Saguaro National Park – East and into the foothills of the Rincon Mountains. The destination is a small pool and dam in Wild Horse Canyon. Wild Horse Canyon is a rugged and beautiful canyon that can be reached by using a combination of several trails. There are excellent views along the way of the Santa Catalina and Tucson Mountains, and most of the Tucson valley. The hike involves a few stream crossings, with some boulder hopping. Hike 8 miles; trailhead elevation 2720 feet; net elevation change 1600 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 80 miles. | \$6 |
| 484 | Wilderness of Rocks. Rating B. The hike begins at the Marshall Gulch picnic area at the top of Mt. Lemmon. We climb up to Marshall Saddle then down the Wilderness of Rocks Trail. Three fourths of a mile past the intersection with the Lemmon Rock Lookout Trail is the Lemmon Canyon area in the heart of the Wilderness of Rocks. There are beautiful rock formations with great views along the way. The return is via the same route, or optionally, by the Aspen Loop Trail. Hike 7.5 miles; trailhead elevation 7440 feet; net elevation change 1550 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 131 miles. | \$10 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| 485 | Wilderness of Rocks Loop # 1. Rating B. The hike begins at the Steward Observatory parking lot and proceeds down the Mt. Lemmon and Lemmon Rock Lookout Trails to about 7200 feet to connect with the Wilderness of Rocks Trail. Turning east, this trail leads to the Marshall Saddle, where we take the Aspen Trail up to Radio Ridge and back to the observatory parking area. Hike 6 miles; trailhead elevation 9100 feet; net elevation change 2000 feet; accumulated gain 2125 feet; RTD 131 miles. | \$10 |
| 486 | Wilderness of Rocks Loop # 2. Rating B. Starting at Marshall Gulch picnic area, this hike climbs up to Marshall Saddle then goes toward Mt. Lemmon, passing Carter Canyon along the way. The hike continues to Radio Ridge and the Steward Observatory parking area then heads down via the Mt. Lemmon and Lemmon Rock Lookout Trails to the Wilderness of Rocks Trail. We take this trail back up to Marshall Saddle and down to Marshall Gulch Picnic Area parking lot. Hike 8.0 miles; trailhead elevation 7440 feet; net elevation change 2000 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 131 miles. | \$10 |
| 487 | Wilderness of Rocks Loop # 3. Rating B. The hike begins on the Marshall Gulch Trail at Marshall Gulch Picnic Area. At the saddle, the hike continues on the Wilderness of Rocks Trail to Lemmon Rock Lookout Trail and up 1900 feet elevation to the fire lookout for a leisurely lunch. We then return via the Aspen Trail to Marshall Saddle and the Marshall Gulch Trail back to the beginning. Hike 10 miles; trailhead elevation 7440 feet; net elevation change 1700 feet; accumulated gain ___ feet; RTD 131 miles. | \$10 |
| 488 | Wilderness of Rocks Loop # 4. Rating B. The hike begins at the Steward Observatory parking lot. Although the hike can be done in reverse, the most popular route would follow Mount Lemmon Trail # 5 to the Lookout Tower spur and down Lemmon Rock Lookout Trail to Wilderness of Rocks Trail where the group would turn SW (right). After 2.3 miles, this trail intersects the Mount Lemmon Trail, which is followed back up to the top. As an alternative, the Meadow Trail (#5A) could be followed for the last 0.8 miles to the trailhead. Hike 8.7 miles; trailhead 9100 feet; net elevation change 2000 feet; accumulated gain 2613 feet; RTD 131 miles. | \$10 |
| 489 | Wildflower Hike. Rating D ☺ . The destination will be determined by where there are good wildflowers to see. The guide will be in touch with the various parks around the Tucson Area in order to determine the best place on this particular day. Hike <4 miles; trailhead elevation ___ feet; net elevation change ___ feet; accumulated gain < 500 feet. | TBD |
| 490 | Window Rock. Rating A. The hike follows the most direct route up Ventana Canyon. The hike is difficult and steep, and involves lots of difficult climbing. The hike begins at the Ventana Canyon Resort parking lot past the employees' parking lot. It follows that trail past Maiden Pools until it reaches the Esperero Trail # 25, which is used for two miles to reach the Window. Ventana Canyon offers some of the best canyon views in southern Arizona. Views from the Window are fantastic, including such landmarks at Mt. Kimball, Cathedral Rock, and the Montrose Canyon drainage area. Hike 13 miles; trailhead elevation 3040 feet; net elevation change 3840 feet; accumulated gain 4200 feet; RTD 54 miles. | \$4 |
| 491 | Window Rock Loop via Ventana and Esperero Trails. Rating A. This is a classic, strenuous hike to the unique Window at the top of Ventana Canyon, which is a large opening through a rock face on the crest of the front range of the Catalinas. The trail is a very long loop, and takes one from saguaros to ponderosas and back again. The hike starts at the Ventana Canyon Trailhead, proceeds past the Maiden Pools to the ridge. At a junction near the saddle, the Esperero Trail continues eastward to the Window for a superb view of Tucson and surrounding mountains. The hike continues on the Esperero Trail past Window Peak (optional side trip) to Esperero Cyn, and descends past Bridal Veil Falls and Cardiac Gulch to Esperero Creek. The Esperero Trail crosses the ridges of Bird Cyn and Rattlesnake Canyon to the Cactus Picnic area and continues down the road to the Sabino Canyon Visitor | \$4 |

| Hike No. | Hike Description | Driver Donation |
|----------|--|-----------------|
| | Center. A car shuttle is required. Hike 15.5 miles; trailhead elevation 2850 feet; net elevation change 4450 feet; accumulated gain __ feet; RTD 56 miles. | |
| 492 | <p>Wood Canyon Upper Rim. Rating B! If you enjoy off-trail, remote hiking with manageable bushwhacking, sweeping near and distant 360-degree views, interesting rock formations, and old ranching history, this hike is for you. At a high point near the beginning of the upper rim you can see Flatiron, Byous Butte, Picketpost Mountain, and Browns Peak. Near the southern end of the range, you can see most all of the prominent rock formations that make up Walnut Canyon, White Canyon, and the Rincons. Wood Canyon is approached on Arnet Road south of Superior. The hike initially involves a fair amount of up-and-down hill hiking, but later flattens out towards the midpoint near an upper basin. The outer point overlooking Wood Canyon is very steep and loose and requires close attention to footing. The final segment follows an existing jeep trail along the canyon. Hike 8.25 miles; trailhead elevation 2775; net elevation change 1280 feet; accumulated gain, 1520 feet; RTD 170 miles.</p> | \$12 |

Hikes by Area, Number and Rating

Hikes by Area

ARIZONA TRAIL (Hikes for entire passages are indicated by their number)

Arizona Trail: Alamo Canyon (#17)
Arizona Trail: American Flag TH to Tiger Mine TH
Arizona Trail: Babbitt Ranch (#35)
Arizona Trail: Black Hills (#14)
Arizona Trail: Blue Ridge (#28)
Arizona Trail: Buckskin Mountain (#43)
Arizona Trail: Black Hills, Tiger Mine Rd. to Bloodsucker Wash
Arizona Trail: Black Hills, Bloodsucker Wash to Freeman Rd.
Arizona Trail: Canelo Pass to Patagonia
Arizona Trail: Canelo Hills West and Canelo Hills East
Arizona Trail: Coconino Rim (#36)
Arizona Trail: Flagstaff Resupply Route (#33)
Arizona Trail: Four Peaks (#20)
Arizona Trail: Going to the Lake
Arizona Trail: Grand Canyon - Inner Gorge (#38)
Arizona Trail: Grand Canyon – North Rim (#39)
Arizona Trail: Grand Canyon – South Rim (#37)
Arizona Trail: Grand Canyon South Rim, Grandview Lookout Tower to Tusayan
Arizona Trail: Happy Jack (#29)
Arizona Trail: Hardscrabble Mesa (#26)
Arizona Trail: Highline - Blue Ridge Sections. Pine to Blue Ridge Campground
Arizona Trail: Huachuca Mountains (#1)
Arizona Trail: Kentucky Camp to Empire Cienega
Arizona Trail: Kaibab Plateau Central (#41)
Arizona Trail: Kaibab Plateau North (#42)
Arizona Trail: Kaibab Plateau South (#40)
Arizona Trail: Las Cinegas (#7)
Arizona Trail: Las Cinegas, AZ 83 to I-10
Arizona Trail: Las Colinas (#6)
Arizona Trail: La Milagrosa Ridge
Arizona Trail: Lone Pine TH to Roosevelt Lake
Arizona Trail: Lone Pine TH to Sunflower
Arizona Trail: Mazatzal Divide (#23)
Arizona Trail: Morman Lake (#30)
Arizona Trail: Mt. Elden (#32)
Arizona Trail: Molino Basin Campground to Sabino

Canyon

Arizona Trail: North Rim Grand Canyon to Utah Border
Arizona Trail: Oracle Ridge (#12)
Arizona Trail: Temporal Gulch/Santa Rita Portion
Arizona Trail: Parker Canyon Lake to Canelo Pass
Arizona Trail: Reavis Canyon (#18)
Arizona Trail: Redington Pass (#10)
Arizona Trail: Redington Pass Road to Molino Basin

Campground

Arizona Trail: Red Hills (#24)
Arizona Trail: Off Redington Pass Road
Arizona Trail: Rincon Mountains (#9)
Arizona Trail: Rincon Valley (#1)
Arizona Trail: Rincon Valley (#2)
Arizona Trail: Saddle Mountain (#22)
Arizona Trail: Santa Rita Passage
Arizona Trail: Santa Catalina Mountains (#11)
Arizona Trail: San Francisco Peaks (#34)
Arizona Trail: Sunnyside Canyon to Parker Lake
Arizona Trail: Superstition Wilderness (#19)
Arizona Trail: Superstition Wilderness Trail
Arizona Trail: Temporal Gulch (#4)
Arizona Trail: Temporal Gulch to Kentucky Camp
Arizona Trail: Tortilla Mountains (#15)
Arizona Trail: Tortilla Mountains – Tecolote Ranch to Kelvin-Riverside Bridge
Arizona Trail: Tortilla Mountains Segment 1
Arizona Trail: Turkey Creek to Redington Road
Arizona Trail: Walnut Canyon (#31)
Arizona Trail: Whiterock Mesa (#25)

CHIRICAHUA MTNS

Chiricahua Echo Canyon Loop
Chiricahua Heart of Rocks Loop
Chiricahua Natural Bridge
Chiricahua – Echo Canyon to Visitor Center

DRAGOON MTNS

Cochise Stronghold (east)/Amerind Foundation Museum
Cochise Stronghold to the Saddle
Cochise Stronghold to End of Trail
Council Rocks to Slavin Gulch

Council Rocks / Slavin Gulch/Mine
Jordan Canyon, Dragoon Mountains

HUACHUCAS

Brown Canyon Box Hike
Brown Canyon Nature Tour
Brown Canyon – Ramsey Canyon Loop
Carr Peak
Hamburg Trail
Huachuca Peak
Miller Peak
Miller Peak and Carr Peak
Murray Springs Archaeological Site/Clanton Family
Ranch
Ramsey Canyon Preserve

RINCON MTNS

Agua Caliente Hill and Canyon
Agua Caliente Hill from Redington Pass Rd.
Bridal Wreath Falls
Cactus Forest Area
Cactus Forest Trails
Chivo Falls
Douglas Spring Trail to the Campground
Garwood Dam
Happy Valley / Rincon Peak Trail
Lime Falls, Saguaro NP-East
Rincon Peak
Saguaro Park East + Tanque Verde Guest Ranch for
Lunch
Tanque Verde Peak
Tanque Verde Ridge Trail
Tanque Verde Ridge Trail to Juniper Basin
Campground
Tina Larga
Wild Horse Canyon

SANTA CATALINA MTNS

North Alvernon Parking Lot (Finger Rock Trailhead)

Finger Rock Canyon / Pontatoc Canyon Loop
Finger Rock Guard
Finger Rock Trail to Canyon Overlook
Finger Rock Trail to Finger Rock Spring
Finger Rock Trail to Linda Vista Saddle
Mt. Kimball via Finger Rock Canyon
Mt. Kimball via Finger Rock Canyon / Return via
Pima Trail
Point 5783 in Pontatoc Canyon

Pontatoc Canyon to Amphitheater
Pontatoc Ridge

Catalina State Park

Alamo Canyon
Alamo Canyon to the Water Tank
Bridle Trail
Buster Spring Bushwhack
Buster Spring/Buster Mountain
Canyon Loop, Montrose Pools and Birding Trail
Canyon Loop
Canyon Loop, Birding and Nature Trails
Canyon Loop and Birding Trail
Catalina State Park – Exploring the Trails
Catalina State Park to Mt. Lemmon via the
Sutherland Trail
Dripping Springs from the Sutherland Trail
Fifty-Year Trail/Sutherland Cutoff Trail Loop
Fifty-Year Trail/Sutherland/Bridal Trail
Fifty-Year Trail to Sutherland Trail
Full Moon Hike
Romero Falls
Romero Pass
Romero Pools
Romero Springs
Sutherland Trail
Sutherland Trail (one way)
Sutherland Trail to Cargodero Canyon

Charouleau Gap Area

Big Rock Dome
Big Rock Dome #2
Big Rock Dome and Elephant Trunk Bushwhack
Big Rock Dome Loop
Boulder Ridge Loop
CDO/Big Wash Walk
Charouleau Gap Road
Charouleau Gap Road to Hidden Canyon
Charouleau Gap Road to the Gap
Charouleau Gap Road to the Gap plus Charouleau
Peak
Charouleau Gap Road from Lago del Oro Road to
CDO River
Mule Ears via Charouleau Gap

Golder Ranch Road

Baby Jesus Trail
Baby Jesus/Petroglyphs Loop
Cargodera Canyon to Mount Lemmon
Deer Camp
Deer Camp/Baby Jesus Loop
Deer Camp/Samaniego Roost Loop

Fifty-Year Trail Loop
Fifty-Year Trail (North End)
Fifty-Year Trail (South End)
Fifty-Year Trail Area
Fifty Year Trail Area Loop
Fifty-Year Trail to SaddleBrooke
Hidden Canyon
Hidden Canyon Loop
Hidden Canyon Peak
Hidden Canyon to Unit 21.
Samaniego Roost
Samaniego Peak
Sutherland Wash Petroglyphs
Three for One

East End of Magee Road (Pima Canyon Trailhead)

Pima Canyon to 1st Dam
Pima Canyon to 2nd Dam
Pima Canyon to 3rd Dam
Pima Canyon to Pima Spring
Pima Canyon to Mt Kimball + Return via Finger Rock Canyon
Pima Canyon to the Saddle
Pusch Peak – Bushwhack from south side
Rosewood Point
Table Mountain

Mt. Lemmon and along Catalina Highway

Aspen Loop/Marshall Gulch Trail
Aspen Loop/Mint Spring Trail
Babad Do'ag Trail
Babad Do'ag Canyon
Bellota Ranch/Molino Basin
Box Camp Trail
Box Camp Trail to Sabino Canyon Overlook
Box Spring
Butterfly Trail
Green Mountain Trail
Green Mountain Trail/Guthrie Mountain
Guthrie Mountain
Incinerator Ridge
Knagge Cabin/Peck Basin Overlook
Marble Peak
Marshall Gulch/Aspen Loop Trail
Marshall Gulch/Aspen Loop Trail with Lunch
Marshall Gulch/Summerhaven
Mt. Lemmon: Butterfly – Soldier Camp – Bear
Wallow – Mt. Bigelow Loop
Mt. Lemmon/Crystal Springs
Mt. Lemmon Double Loop
Mt. Lemmon/Meadow/Fire Lookout
Mt. Lemmon/Mt Bigelow Loop

Mt. Lemmon Rock Lookout/Mint Spring
Mt. Lemmon Rock Loop
Mt. Lemmon/Samaniego Ridge
Mt. Lemmon Summerhaven Loop
Mt. Lemmon to American Flag T.H via Oracle Ridge Trail
Mt. Lemmon to Catalina State Park via Marshall Gulch
Mt. Lemmon to Catalina State Park via Romero Pass
Mt. Lemmon to Catalina State Park via the Sutherland Trail
Mt. Lemmon to Oracle Ridge TH via the CDO Trail
Mt. Lemmon to Romero Pass Loop
Mt. Lemmon to Sabino Canyon via Palisades Trail (with Tram)
Mt. Lemmon to Sabino Canyon via Romero Pass
Mt. Lemmon to Sabino Canyon via Romero Pass (with Tram)
Mt. Lemmon to Sabino Canyon Visitor Center (with Tram)
Mt. Lemmon to SaddleBrooke via Samaniego Ridge Trail
Mt. Lemmon to SaddleBrooke via CDO
Mt. Lemmon to the Ski Lift Loop
Mt. Lemmon via the Sutherland Trail
Mt. Lemmon/Wilderness of Rocks Loop
Oracle Ridge / Red Ridge Loop
Palisade Trail/Mud Spring
Palisade Trail to Mud Spring Overlook
Prison Camp to Sabino Canyon
Saddlebrooke to Mt. Lemmon via Samaniego Ridge Trail
Soldier Trail
Soldier Trail to Molino Basin via Prison Camp
Sycamore Dam
Thimble Peak
Wilderness of Rocks Hikes (1, 2, 3, and 4)
Wilderness of Rocks via Lemmon Rock Lookout

Oracle

American Flag
American Flag to Saddle
American Flag to Windmill
Apache Peak
Arizona Trail Work Session
Bill Cody Loop
Charouleau Gap Road from Oracle
Nugget Canyon (short version)
Oracle Ridge
Oracle Ridge to Saddle

OSP American Avenue
OSP East Loop
OSP Exploration
OSP Granite Overlook
OSP West Loop
Oracle to SaddleBrooke
Peppersauce Canyon and Nugget Canyon Loop
Peppersauce Canyon
Peppersauce Canyon (short version)
Rice Peak
Rice Peak from Oracle Ridge
Southern Bell Mine

Oracle Road

Linda Vista Loop
Linda Vista Loop Trails
Pusch Peak
Pusch Ridge to First Overlook
Pusch Ridge to Second Overlook
Rams Creek Pass

Sabino Canyon

Bear Canyon to Sabino Canyon Loop
Blackett's Ridge
Bluff Loop Trail Sabino Canyon
Bridal Veil Falls
Cathedral Rock
Esperero Trail
Hutch's Pool
Hutch's Pool Plus
Phone Line Trail
Phone Line Trail (with Tram)
Professor Woodward's Dam
Rattlesnake Peak
Sabino Canyon
Sabino Canyon - Bear Canyon Loop (no Trams)
Sabino Canyon - Bear Canyon Loop (with Trams)
Sabino Canyon to Catalina State Park - 1
Sabino Canyon to Catalina State Park - 2
Seven Falls
Seven Falls (with Tram)

Ventana Parking Lot

Maiden Pools
Ventana Canyon - Lower Level
Window Rock
Window Rock Loop

SANTA RITA MTNS

West Side

Baldy Saddle Overlook

Bog-Kent Springs Loop
Carrie Nation Mine
Dutch John Spring and Bog-Kent Springs
Elephant Head
Florida Canyon to Old Baldy
Florida Saddle
Helvetia / Gunsight Pass (Sahuarita)
Josephine Peak
Josephine Saddle
Josephine Saddle + Rogers Rock
Josephine Saddle via Carrie Nation Mine
Josephine Saddle via Old Baldy/Vault Mine Trail
Josephine Saddle via Super Trail/Vault Mine Trail
Josephine Saddle via McBeth Spring
Madera Canyon Nature Trail
McCleary Peak
Mt. Baldy: East Fork Trail, part way up
Mt. Baldy Loop
Mt. Hopkins
Mt. Ian
Mt. Wrightson via Old Baldy + Super Trail
Mt. Wrightson via Old Baldy Trail
Mt. Wrightson via Super Trail
Mt. Wrightson: Ring Around Wrightson
Pete Mountain
Quantrell Mine
Sycamore Spring

East Side

Ditch Mountain/Bear Springs
Gardner Canyon to Kentucky Camp
Kentucky Camp
Kentucky Camp Hike and Hot Dog Cookout
Temporal Gulch

SADDLEBROOKE

Canada del Oro from the Preserve
Extended Fitness Walk
Saddlebrooke's Dome Rock

SUPERSTITIONS

Superstitions: Apacheland Hieroglyphic Trail
Superstitions: Battleship Mountain-Black Mesa Loop
Superstitions: Boulder Canyon Trail
Superstitions: Boulder Canyon/Canyon Lake Boat Trip
Superstitions: Charlebois Spring
Superstitions: Circlestone Ruin
Superstitions: Dripping Springs
Superstitions: Dutchman Trail/Bluff Springs Loop
Superstitions: East Boulder/Needle Canyon Loop

Superstitions: First Water / Second Water Trail Loop
 Superstitions: Geronimo Cave and Barks Canyon Loop
 Superstitions: Herman's Cave
 Superstitions: Indian Paint Mine
 Superstitions: La Barge Creek/Boulder Canyon Loop
 Superstitions: Lost Dutchman State Park Sampler
 Superstitions: Lost Dutchman State Park
 Superstitions: Marsh Valley Loop
 Superstitions: Mountain Ridgeline
 Superstitions: Peralta Trail
 Superstitions: Peralta to Canyon Lake
 Superstitions: Peralta/Geronimo Cave Loop
 Superstitions: Peters Mesa
 Superstitions: Peters Trail and Mesa
 Superstitions: Reavis Falls
 Superstitions: Reavis Ranch Loop
 Superstitions: Reavis Ranch Trail / Pinto Creek Trail Loop
 Superstitions: Robbers' Roost / Geronimo Cave Loop
 Superstitions: Roger's Canyon Cliff Dwellings
 Superstitions: Roger's Canyon Cliff Dwellings Plus
 Superstitions: Tonto National Monument
 Superstitions: Weavers Crosscut
 Superstitions: Weavers Needle Loop
 Superstitions: World's Greatest Cactus Hike

TORTOLITA MTNS

Tortolitas Bushwhack
 Tortolita Mountains: Alamo Springs Loop
 Tortolita Mountains: Alamo Creek
 Tortolita Mountains: Cochie Trail
 Tortolita Mountains: Dove Mountain
 Tortolita Mountains: Dove Mountain + Ridges
 Tortolita Mountains: Lower Javelina and Upper Javelina
 Tortolita Mountains: Owl Head Buttes
 Tortolita Mountains: Upper Javelina and Wild Mustang Trails to Lookout
 Tortolita Mountains: Wild Burro Canyon
 Tortolita Mountains: Wild Burro Canyon Extension, Plus
 Tortolita Mountains: Wild Burro/Alamo Springs Trail
 Tortolita Mountains: Wild Burro Canyon North
 Tortolita Mountains: Wild Burro Canyon (short version)
 Tortolita Mountains: Wild Burro Canyon with Key Exchange
 Tortolita Mountains: Wild Burro Canyon Loop
 Tortolita Trail
 Tortolita Trail (long version)
 Tortolita Trail (medium version)
 Tortolita Trail – Owl Head Parking Lot

TUBAC/RIO RICO/KIT PEAK/BABOQUIVARI

Anza Trail / Tubac to Tumacacori
 Anza Trail / Rio Rico Section
 Anza Trail / Marana Section
 Atascosa Lookout
 Baboquivari Peak via the Summit Trail
 Baboquivari (east side)
 Kitt Peak National Observatory Evening Program
 Parker Canyon Lakeshore Trail
 Patagonia State Park Birding Walk
 Pena Blanca Lake
 Red Mountain
 Ruby Ghost Town
 Sycamore Canyon
 Sycamore Canyon/(medium version)
 Sycamore Canyon/(short version)

TUCSON MTNS

Brown Mountain
 Cactus Wren Trail
 David Yetman Trail
 Esperanza/Hugh Norris Trail
 Gilbert Ray Loop
 Golden Gate Trail
 Ironwood Picnic Area
 King Canyon Loop
 King Canyon to Mam-a-Gah Picnic Area
 Roadrunner-Panther Peak Wash-Cam-Boh Loop
 Robles Pass Trail in Tucson Mtn. Park
 Safford Peak
 Saguaro Park West Ramble
 Sweetwater Preserve
 Sweetwater Trail (short version)
 Sweetwater Trail to the Saddle
 Panther Peak
 Wasson Peak Loop
 Wasson Peak at Sunset and Moonrise
 Wasson Peak: Hugh Norris Trail
 Wasson Peak: Esperanza/Hugh Norris Trail
 Wasson Peak: King Canyon
 Wasson Peak: Sweetwater Trail

TUCSON & PHOENIX MUNICIPAL AREAS

Downtown Tucson History Hike + Gourmet Lunch at the Historic Manning House
 Honey Bee Canyon North
 Honey Bee Canyon North Plus
 Honey Bee Canyon South
 Ironwood Forest National Monument

Little Matterhorn
Outreach Walk-a-thon
Picacho Peak Easy Trails
Picacho Peak: Hunter Trail
Picacho Peak for "C" Hikers
Picacho Peak to Saddle
Picacho Peak Loop
Picacho Peak: Sunset Vista Trail
Picacho Peak: Sunset Vista Trail (short version)
Ragged Top/Rillito River Hikes
Sausalito Canyon to Honey Bee Canyon (upper)
Squaw (Piestewa) Peak and Camelback Mtn.
Tohono Chul Park: Tea Room, Birds + Breakfast
Tohono Chul Park: Tea Room, Lunch
Tohono Chul Park: Reptile Ramble and Tea Room for Lunch
Tucson Botanical Gardens
Westward Look Resort Trails

OUTLYING AREAS

Antelope Peak
Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness: Booger Canyon
Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness: East to West
Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness: West to East
Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness: West (short version)
Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness: West
Boyce-Thompson Arboretum
Cake Mountain and Biscuit Peak
Copper Creek Ghost Town – Galiuro Mountains
El Capitan Canyon (upper)
El Capitan Canyon (lower)
Florence, AZ Walking Tour
Ft. Bowie National Historic Site

Geocache Adventure
Gila Cliff Dwelling National Monument Gila National Forest
Goldfields: Arches-Sky Island-Golden Dome-Rhyodacite Canyon Loop
Goldfields: Eleven Mile Double Loop
Goldfields: Gateway Canyon, Golden Dome, Arches and Sky Island
Goldfields: Pass Mountain Ridgeline Loop
Goldfields: Quartz Crystal- Golden Eye Mine/Arches-Little Chance Canyon
Grand Canyon Rim to Rim
Humphrey's Peak
Mescal Mountain
Newman Peak
Patagonia State Park Birding Walk
Picketpost Mountain
Pueblo Canyon Cliff Dwelling
San Pedro River Exploration (Benson/Sahuarita)
Sixshooter Trail
Sixshooter Trail/Pinal Peak
Tonto National Monument
Wildflower Hike
Wood Canyon Upper Rim

WHITE MTNS

Escudilla Mountain/White Mountains
Mt. Baldy: East Fork Trail, part way up
Mt. Baldy Loop
White Mountain Trails
White Mountains and Blue Range Primitive Area

Hikes Sorted by Number

| Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name | Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name |
|----------|-------------|---|----------|-------------|--|
| 1 | A | Agua Caliente Hill | 27 | B | Arizona Trail: Buckskin Mountain (Passage 43) |
| 2 | A | Agua Caliente Hill / La Milagrosa Ridge / Molino Basin | 28 | A | Arizona Trail: Canelo Hills East (Passage 2) |
| 3 | A | Agua Caliente Hill and La Milagrosa Trail | 29 | A | Arizona Trail: Canelo Hills West (Passage 3) |
| 4 | C | Agua Caliente Hill from Redington Pass Road | 30 | A | Arizona Trail: Coconino Rim (Passage 36) |
| 5 | C | Agua Caliente to the Water Hole | 31 | A | Arizona Trail: Flagstaff Resupply Route (Passage 33) |
| 6 | D | Alamo Canyon | 32 | A | Arizona Trail: Four Peaks (Passage 20) |
| 7 | C | Alamo Canyon to the Water Tank | 33 | C | Arizona Trail: Going to the Lake |
| 8 | C | American Flag | 34 | A | Arizona Trail: Grand Canyon – Inner Gorge (Passage 38) |
| 9 | B | American Flag to Saddle | 35 | B | Arizona Trail: Grand Canyon – North Rim (Passage 39) |
| 10 | C | American Flag to Windmill | 36 | A | Arizona Trail: Grand Canyon – South Rim (Passage 37) |
| 11 | C | Antelope Peak | 37 | A | Arizona Trail: Grand Canyon – South Rim, Grandview Lookout Tower to Tusayan |
| 12 | C:) | Anza Trail / Marana Section | 38 | C | Arizona Trail: Grand Canyon – South Rim, Yaki Point to Tusayan. |
| 13 | C:) | Anza Trail / Rio Rico Section | 39 | A | Arizona Trail: Happy Jack (Passage 29) |
| 14 | C:) | Anza Trail / Tubac to Tumacacori | 40 | B | Arizona Trail: Hardscrabble Mesa (Passage 26) |
| 15 | B! | Apache Peak | 41 | A | Arizona Trail: Highline (Passage 27) |
| 16 | B! | Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness: Booger Canyon | 42 | A | Arizona Trail: Highline and Blue Ridge Sections, Pine to Blue Ridge Campground |
| 17 | B! | Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness: East to West | 43 | A | Arizona Trail: Huachuca Mountains (Passage 1) |
| 18 | B! | Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness: West | 44 | A | Arizona Trail: Kaibab Plateau Central (Passage 41) |
| 19 | C! | Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness: West (short version) | 45 | B | Arizona Trail: Kaibab Plateau North (Passage 42) |
| 20 | A! | Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness: West to East (Overnight) | 46 | A | Arizona Trail: Kaibab Plateau South (Passage 40) |
| 21 | B | Arizona Trail: Alamo Canyon (Passage 17) | 47 | B | Arizona Trail: Las Cienegas (Passage 7) |
| 22 | A | Arizona Trail: Babbitt Ranch (Passage 35) | 48 | A | Arizona Trail: Las Cienegas AZ |
| 23 | B | Arizona Trail: Black Hills - Bloodsucker Wash to Freeman Road | | | |
| 24 | B | Arizona Trail: Black Hills - Tiger Mine Rd. to Bloodsucker Wash | | | |
| 25 | A | Arizona Trail: Black Hills (Passage 14) | | | |
| 26 | B | Arizona Trail: Blue Ridge (Passage 28) | | | |

| Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name | Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name |
|----------|-------------|---|----------|-------------|---|
| 49 | B | 83 to I-10 Arizona Trail: Las Colinas (Passage 6) | 73 | C | Arizona Trail: Santa Catalina Mountains (Passage 11) |
| 50 | A | Arizona Trail: Mazatzal Divide (Passage 23) | 74 | B | Arizona Trail: Santa Rita Mountains (Passage 5) |
| 51 | A | Arizona Trail: Molino Basin Campground to Sabino Canyon | 75 | C | Arizona Trail: Sunnyside Canyon to Parker Lake |
| 52 | B | Arizona Trail: Molino Basin Campground to Sabino Canyon (with tram) | 76 | A | Arizona Trail: Superstition Wilderness (Passage 19) |
| 53 | A | Arizona Trail: Morman Lake (Passage 30) | 77 | A | Arizona Trail: Superstition Wilderness Trail |
| 54 | B | Arizona Trail: Mount Elden (Passage 32) | 78 | C | Arizona Trail: Temporal Gulch |
| 55 | A | Arizona Trail: North Rim Grand Canyon to Utah Border | 79 | A | Arizona Trail: Temporal Gulch (Passage 4) |
| 56 | C | Arizona Trail: Oracle (Passage 13) | 80 | A | Arizona Trail: Temporal Gulch / Santa Rita |
| 57 | A | Arizona Trail: Oracle Ridge (Passage 12) | 81 | B | Arizona Trail: Tortilla Mountains |
| 58 | A | Arizona Trail: Pine Mountain (Passage 21) | 82 | A | Arizona Trail: Tortilla Mountains - Tecolote Ranch to Kelvin-Riverside Bridge |
| 59 | A | Arizona Trail: Reavis Canyon (Passage 18) | 83 | A | Arizona Trail: Tortilla Mountains (Passage 15) |
| 60 | B | Arizona Trail: Red Hills (Passage 24) | 84 | A | Arizona Trail: Walnut Canyon (Passage 31) |
| 61 | C | Arizona Trail: Redington Pass - Italian Trap Trail | 85 | A | Arizona Trail: White Canyon (Passage 16) |
| 62 | C | Arizona Trail: Redington Pass - La Milagrosa Ridge Trail | 86 | B | Arizona Trail: Whiterock Mesa (Passage 25) |
| 63 | B | Arizona Trail: Redington Pass (Passage 10) | 87 | C | Arizona Trail: Work Session |
| 64 | B | Arizona Trail: Redington Pass Road to Molino Basin Campground | 88 | C | Aspen Draw / Mint Spring Trail |
| 65 | A | Arizona Trail: Rincon Mountain | 89 | C | Aspen Loop / Marshall Gulch Trail |
| 66 | A | Arizona Trail: Rincon Mountains (Passage 9) | 90 | C | Aspen Loop / Mint Spring Trail |
| 67 | B | Arizona Trail: Rincon Valley (#1) | 91 | B | Atascosa Lookout |
| 68 | A | Arizona Trail: Rincon Valley (#2) | 92 | C | Babad Do'ag Trail |
| 69 | C | Arizona Trail: Rincon Valley (Passage 8) | 93 | C! | Babad Do'ag Canyon |
| 70 | A | Arizona Trail: Saddle Mountain (Passage 22) | 94 | B! | Baboquivari Mountain - East Approach |
| 71 | A | Arizona Trail: San Francisco Peaks (Passage 34) | 95 | A! | Baboquivari Mountain – West Approach |
| | | | 96 | C | Baby Jesus |
| | | | 97 | B! | Baby Jesus / Madonna and Child / Petroglyph Loop |
| | | | 98 | B | Baby Jesus / Petroglyph Loop |
| | | | 99 | A | Baldy Saddle Overlook |
| | | | 100 | B | Bear Canyon plus Seven Falls |
| | | | 101 | A | Bear Canyon to Sabino Canyon |

| Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name | Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name |
|----------|-------------|--|----------|-------------|--|
| | | Loop | 138 | A | Cargodera Canyon to Mt. Lemmon |
| 102 | B | Bellota Ranch / Molino Basin | 139 | B | Carr Peak |
| 103 | C! | Big Rock Dome #1 | 140 | C | Carrie Nation Mine |
| 104 | C! | Big Rock Dome #2 | 141 | D | Catalina Hills Trash Cleanup Walk |
| 105 | C! | Big Rock Dome and Elephant Trunk Bushwhack | 142 | C | Catalina State Park - Exploring the Trails |
| 106 | C! | Big Rock Dome Loop | 143 | A | Catalina State Park to Mt. Lemmon via the Sutherland Trail |
| 107 | B | Bill Cody Loop | 144 | A! | Cathedral Rock |
| 108 | B | Blackett's Ridge | 145 | D | CDO/Big Wash Walk |
| 109 | B | Blackett's Ridge with Tram Ride | 146 | C | Charouleau Gap Road |
| 110 | D | Bluff Loop Trail Sabino Canyon | 147 | C | Charouleau Gap Road from Lago del Oro Road to CDO River |
| 111 | B | Bog-Kent Springs Loop Trail | 148 | C | Charouleau Gap Road from Oracle |
| 112 | B | Boulder Ridge Loop | 149 | C | Charouleau Gap Road to a Former Dam |
| 113 | B | Box Camp Trail | 150 | B | Charouleau Gap Road to Hidden Canyon |
| 114 | C | Box Camp Trail to Sabino Canyon Overlook | 151 | B | Charouleau Gap Road to the Gap |
| 115 | C | Box Canyon Hike in the Tortilla Mountains | 152 | B! | Charouleau Peak |
| 116 | C | Box Spring | 153 | C | Chiracahua Heart of Rocks |
| 117 | D:) | Boyce-Thompson Arboretum | 154 | C | Chiricahua Echo Canyon Loop |
| 118 | C | Bridal Wreath Falls | 155 | C | Chiricahua Echo Canyon to Visitor Center |
| 119 | C | Bridal Wreath Falls Loop | 156 | B | Chiricahua Heart of Rocks Loop |
| 120 | D | Bridle Trail - Catalina State Park | 157 | C | Chiricahua Natural Bridge |
| 121 | B | Brown Canyon - Ramsey Canyon Loop | 158 | C | Chivo Falls |
| 122 | C | Brown Canyon Box Hike in the Huachuca Mountains | 159 | C | Cochise Stronghold (East) / Amerind Foundation Museum |
| 123 | C | Brown Canyon Nature Tour - Buenos Aires National Wildlife Refuge | 160 | B | Cochise Stronghold to End of Trail |
| 124 | C | Brown Mountain | 161 | C | Cochise Stronghold to the Saddle |
| 125 | B | Bug Spring Trail # 1 | 162 | B | Copper Creek Ghost Town |
| 126 | B | Bug Spring Trail # 2 | 163 | B! | Council Rocks / Slavin Gulch / Mine |
| 127 | B | Buster Spring / Buster Mountain | 164 | C | Council Rocks to Slavin Gulch |
| 128 | B | Buster Spring Bushwhack | 165 | C | David Yetman Trail |
| 129 | B | Butterfly Trail | 166 | C | Deer Camp |
| 130 | D:) | Cactus Forest Area | 167 | C | Deer Camp / Baby Jesus Loop |
| 131 | C | Cactus Forest Trails | 168 | C! | Deer Camp / Samaniego Roost Loop #1 |
| 132 | D | Cactus Wren Trail | 169 | C | Ditch Mountain / Bear Springs |
| 133 | C | Canada del Oro from the Preserve | 170 | B | Douglas Spring Trail to the Campground |
| 134 | D:) | Canyon Loop | | | |
| 135 | D | Canyon Loop and Birding Trail | | | |
| 136 | C | Canyon Loop, Birding, and Nature Trails | | | |
| 137 | D | Canyon Loop, Montrose Pools, and Birding Trail | | | |

| Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name | Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name |
|----------|-------------|--|----------|-------------|---|
| 171 | D:) | Downtown Tucson History Hike & Gourmet Lunch at the Historic Manning House | 200 | C | Garwood Dam to Little Wild Horse Tank |
| 172 | C | Dripping Springs from the Sutherland Trail | 201 | C! | Geocache Adventure |
| 173 | B | Dutch John Spring and Bog-Kent Springs | 202 | B/C | Gila Cliff Dwelling Nat. Monument / Gila National Forest |
| 174 | C | El Capitan Canyon (lower) | 203 | C:) | Gilbert Ray Loop |
| 175 | C | El Capitan Canyon (upper) | 204 | C | Golden Gate Trail |
| 176 | A! | Elephant Head | 205 | A! | Goldfields: Arches-Sky Island-Golden Dome-Rhyodacite Canyon Loop |
| 177 | C | Escudilla Mountain / White Mountains | 206 | B! | Goldfields: Eleven mile Double Loop |
| 178 | B | Esperero Trail | 207 | B! | Goldfields: Gateway Canyon, Golden Dome, Arches and Sky Island |
| 179 | C/B | Extended Fitness Walk | | | |
| 180 | D | Fifty-Year Trail - South End | 208 | B! | Goldfields: Pass Mountain Ridgeline Loop |
| 181 | C | Fifty-Year Trail / Sutherland Cutoff Trail Loop | 209 | B! | Goldfields: Quartz Crystal-Golden Eye Mine/ Arches-Little Chance Canyon |
| 182 | B | Fifty-Year Trail / Sutherland Trail / Bridle Trail | 210 | A! | Grand Canyon Rim to Rim |
| 183 | D | Fifty-Year Trail Area | 211 | C | Green Mountain Trail |
| 184 | C | Fifty-Year Trail Area Loop – Short Version | 212 | C | Green Mountain Trail / Guthrie Mountain |
| 185 | C | Fifty-Year Trail Area North Loop | 213 | B | Guthrie Mountain |
| 186 | B | Fifty-Year Trail to SaddleBrooke | 214 | C | Hamburg Trail |
| 187 | B | Fifty-Year Trail to Sutherland Trail | 215 | A | Happy Valley / Rincon Peak Trail |
| 188 | B! | Finger Rock Canyon / Pontatoc Canyon Loop | 216 | B | Helvetia / Gunsight Pass |
| 189 | A! | Finger Rock Guard | 217 | C | Hidden Canyon |
| 190 | C | Finger Rock Trail to Canyon Overlook | 218 | D | Hidden Canyon - Starr Pass |
| 191 | D | Finger Rock Trail to Finger Rock Spring | 219 | C | Hidden Canyon Loop |
| 192 | B | Finger Rock Trail to Linda Vista Saddle | 220 | B | Hidden Canyon Peak |
| 193 | D:) | Florence, AZ Walking Tour | 221 | B | Hidden Canyon to Unit 21 |
| 194 | A | Florida Saddle | 222 | D | Honey Bee Canyon North |
| 195 | C | Fort Bowie National Historic Site, Apache Pass Trailhead | 223 | C | Honey Bee Canyon North Plus |
| 196 | D | Full Moon Hike, Catalina State Park | 224 | D | Honey Bee Canyon South |
| 197 | B | Gardner Canyon to Kentucky Camp | 225 | B! | Huachuca Peak |
| 198 | C | Gardner Canyon to Kentucky Camp | 226 | A | Humphrey's Peak |
| 199 | C | Garwood Dam | 227 | B | Hutch's Pool |
| | | | 228 | B! | Hutch's Pool Plus - Sabino Canyon |
| | | | 229 | C | Incinerator Ridge |
| | | | 230 | C | Ironwood Forest National Monument |
| | | | 231 | C | Ironwood Picnic Area |
| | | | 232 | C | Jordan Canyon, Dragoon |

| Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name | Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name |
|----------|-------------|---|----------|-------------|---|
| | | Mountains | | | Road |
| 233 | A | Josephine Peak | 264 | A | Miller Peak |
| 234 | B | Josephine Saddle | 265 | A | Miller Peak and Carr Peak |
| 235 | B | Josephine Saddle / McBeth Springs | 266 | C | Mt. Baldy East Fork Trail, part way up |
| 236 | B | Josephine Saddle and Carrie Nation Mine | 267 | A | Mt. Baldy Loop |
| 237 | B | Josephine Saddle and Rogers Rock | 268 | A | Mt. Baldy Saddle Overlook |
| 238 | B | Josephine Saddle via Old Baldy and Vault Mine Trail | 269 | A | Mt. Hopkins |
| 239 | B | Josephine Saddle via Super Trail and Vault Mine Trail | 270 | A | Mt. Ian |
| 240 | C | Kentucky Camp Hike and Hot Dog Cookout | 271 | A | Mt. Kimball via Finger Rock Canyon |
| 241 | C | King Canyon Loop | 272 | A | Mt. Kimball via Finger Rock Canyon / Return via Pima Trail |
| 242 | D | King Canyon Trail to Mam-A-Gah Picnic Area | 273 | B | Mt. Lemmon Rock Lookout / Mint Spring Loop |
| 243 | D:) | Kitt Peak Observatory Evening Program | 274 | C | Mt. Lemmon Ski Lift Loop |
| 244 | B | Knage Cabin / Peck Basin Overlook | 275 | B! | Mt. Lemmon to American Flag Trailhead via Oracle Ridge Trail |
| 245 | B | La Milagrosa Ridge/AZT from Redington Rd. | 276 | A | Mt. Lemmon to Catalina State Park via Marshall Gulch |
| 246 | C | La Posta Quemada Ranch / AZT Loop | 277 | A | Mt. Lemmon to Catalina State Park via Romero Pass |
| 247 | C | Lime Falls, Saguaro NP - East | 278 | A | Mt. Lemmon to Catalina State Park via the Sutherland Trail |
| 248 | D | Lime Falls, Saguaro NP - East | 279 | B | Mt. Lemmon to Crystal Springs |
| 249 | D | Linda Vista Loop | 280 | A | Mt. Lemmon to Oracle Ridge Trailhead via the CDO Trail |
| 250 | C | Linda Vista Loop Trails | 281 | A | Mt. Lemmon to Romero Pass Loop |
| 251 | C | Little Matterhorn | 282 | B | Mt. Lemmon to Sabino Canyon via Palisade Trail (with Tram) |
| 252 | C | Madera Canyon Kent Springs - Bog Springs Loop | 283 | A | Mt. Lemmon to Sabino Canyon via Romero Pass |
| 253 | C | Madera Canyon Nature Trail | 284 | A | Mt. Lemmon to Sabino Canyon via Romero Pass (with Tram) |
| 254 | C! | Maiden Pools | 285 | A | Mt. Lemmon to Sabino Canyon Visitor Center (with Tram) |
| 255 | C | Marble Peak | 286 | A | Mt. Lemmon to SaddleBrooke via CDO |
| 256 | C | Marshall Gulch / Aspen Loop | 287 | A | Mt. Lemmon to SaddleBrooke via Samaniego Ridge Trail |
| 257 | C | Marshall Gulch / Aspen Loop with Lunch | 288 | B/A! | Mt. Lemmon to Samaniego Ridge |
| 258 | B | Marshall Gulch / Radio Ridge Loop | 289 | A | Mt. Lemmon via the Sutherland Trail |
| 259 | C | Marshall Gulch / Summerhaven Loop | 290 | A | Mt. Lemmon: Butterfly-Soldier Camp-Bear Wallow-Mt. Bigelow Loop |
| 260 | A | McCleary Peak | | | |
| 261 | C | Meadow Trail to Fire Lookout | | | |
| 262 | C! | Mendoza Canyon | | | |
| 263 | C | Mescal Mountain Old 4WD | | | |

| Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name | Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name |
|----------|-------------|---|----------|-------------|--|
| 291 | A | Mt. Lemmon: Double Loop | 326 | D:) | Picacho Peak Easy Trails |
| 292 | A | Mt. Lemmon: Mt. Bigelow Loop | 327 | B! | Picacho Peak for "C" Hikers |
| 293 | A | Mt. Lemmon: Summerhaven Loop | 328 | B! | Picacho Peak Loop |
| 294 | A | Mt. Wrightson via Old Baldy and Super Trails | 329 | C | Picacho Peak to Saddle |
| 295 | A | Mt. Wrightson via Old Baldy Trail | 330 | B! | Picacho Peak via Hunter Trail |
| 296 | A | Mt. Wrightson via Super Trail | 331 | B! | Picacho Peak via Sunset Vista Trail |
| 297 | A | Mt. Wrightson: Ring around Wrightson | 332 | C | Picacho Peak via Sunset Vista Trail (short version) |
| 298 | A! | Mule Ears via Charouleau Gap | 333 | B! | Picketpost Mountain |
| 299 | C:) | Murray Springs Archaeological Site / Clanton Family Ranch | 334 | B! | Piestewa Peak and Camelback Mountain |
| 300 | B! | Newman Peak | 335 | D! | Pima Canyon to 1st Dam |
| 301 | D | Nugget Canyon (short version) | 336 | C | Pima Canyon to 2nd Dam |
| 302 | C | Oracle Ridge | 337 | B | Pima Canyon to 3rd Dam |
| 303 | B! | Oracle Ridge / Red Ridge Loop | 338 | A | Pima Canyon to Mt. Kimball and Return via Finger Rock Canyon |
| 304 | C | Oracle Ridge Trail to Saddle | 339 | A | Pima Canyon to Pima Spring |
| 305 | A | Oracle to SaddleBrooke | 340 | A | Pima Canyon to the Saddle |
| 306 | D | OSP American Avenue | 341 | A, B, C | Pinaleno Mountains |
| 307 | C | OSP East Loop | 342 | B | Point 5783 in Pontatoc Canyon |
| 308 | D | OSP Exploration | 343 | C | Pontatoc Canyon to the Amphitheater |
| 309 | D | OSP Granite Overlook | 344 | C! | Pontatoc Ridge |
| 310 | C | OSP West Loop | 345 | C | Prison Camp to Sabino Canyon |
| 311 | C | OSP Wildlife Corridor, Manzanita, Mariposa Loop | 346 | B | Professor Woodward's Dam |
| 312 | D | Outreach Walk-a-thon | 347 | B! | Pueblo Canyon Cliff Dwelling |
| 313 | C | Palisade Trail / Mud Spring | 348 | B! | Pusch Peak |
| 314 | B! | Palisade Trail to Prison Camp | 349 | B! | Pusch Peak via Bushwhack from South Side |
| 315 | C! | Panther Peak | 350 | C! | Pusch Ridge to 1st Overlook |
| 316 | C:) | Parker Canyon Lakeshore Trail | 351 | C! | Pusch Ridge to 2nd Overlook |
| 317 | D:) | Patagonia Lake State Park Birding Walk | 352 | C | Quantrell Mine |
| 318 | C | Pena Blanca Lake | 353 | B! | Ragged Top / Silverbell Mountains |
| 319 | C! | Peppersauce and Nugget Canyon Loop | 354 | C | Rams Creek Basin |
| 320 | C! | Peppersauce Canyon | 355 | C | Rams Creek Basin to Catalina State Park |
| 321 | D | Peppersauce Canyon (short version) | 356 | C | Ramsey Canyon Preserve |
| 322 | B | Pete Mountain | 357 | A! | Rattlesnake Peak |
| 323 | B | Phone Line Trail - Round Trip | 358 | B | Red Mountain |
| 324 | C | Phone Line Trail with Tram Ride Down | 359 | A! | Rice Peak from Peppersauce Campground |
| 325 | C | Phone Line Trail with Tram Ride Up | | | |

| Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name | Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name |
|----------|-------------|--|----------|-------------|--|
| 360 | A! | Rice Peak via Oracle Ridge Trail | | | Loop |
| 361 | D | Rillito River Hike # 1 | 395 | C | Superstitions: Apacheland Hieroglyphic Trail |
| 362 | D | Rillito River Hike # 2 | 396 | A! | Superstitions: Battleship Mountain - Black Mesa Loop |
| 363 | D | Rillito River Hike # 3 | 397 | C | Superstitions: Boulder Canyon Hike / Canyon Lake Boat Trip |
| 364 | C | Rillito River Hike # 4 | 398 | C | Superstitions: Boulder Canyon Trail |
| 365 | A | Rincon Peak | 399 | A | Superstitions: Charlebois Spring |
| 366 | C | Roadrunner / Panther Peak Wash / Cam-Boh Trail Loop | 400 | A | Superstitions: Circlestone Ruin |
| 367 | C | Robles Pass Trails in Tucson Mountain Park | 401 | C | Superstitions: Dripping Springs Hike |
| 368 | A | Romero Falls | 402 | B | Superstitions: Dutchman Trail / Bluff Springs Loop |
| 369 | A | Romero Pass | 403 | B | Superstitions: East Boulder / Needle Canyon Loop |
| 370 | C! | Romero Pools | 404 | B | Superstitions: First Water - Second Water Trail Loop |
| 371 | B | Romero Springs | 405 | B | Superstitions: Fraser-Randolph Canyons Loop |
| 372 | C! | Rosewood Point | 406 | B! | Superstitions: Geronimo Cave and Barks Canyon Loop |
| 373 | D:) | Ruby Ghost Town | 407 | B | Superstitions: Herman's Cave |
| 374 | A | Sabino Canyon - Bear Canyon Loop (no Trams) | 408 | B | Superstitions: Indian Paint Mine |
| 375 | B | Sabino Canyon - Bear Canyon Loop (with Trams) | 409 | B! | Superstitions: La Barge Creek/Boulder Canyon Loop, with side trips |
| 376 | A | Sabino Canyon to Catalina State Park - 1 | 410 | B, C, D | Superstitions: Lost Dutchman State Park |
| 377 | A | Sabino Canyon to Catalina State Park - 2 | 411 | C, B, A | Superstitions: Lost Dutchman State Park Sampler; Flatiron Peak |
| 378 | D:) | Sabino Canyon Trails | 412 | A | Superstitions: Marsh Valley Loop |
| 379 | A | SaddleBrooke to Mt. Lemmon via Samaniego Ridge Trail | 413 | A! | Superstitions: Mountain Ridgeline |
| 380 | C! | Safford Peak | 414 | B! | Superstitions: Peralta / Geronimo Cave Loop Trail |
| 381 | C | Saguaro National Park – West: Four Trails | 415 | A | Superstitions: Peralta to Canyon Lake Backpack |
| 382 | D | Saguaro National Park – West: Ramble | 416 | C | Superstitions: Peralta Trail |
| 383 | A! | Samaniego Peak | 417 | A | Superstitions: Peters Mesa |
| 384 | C | Samaniego Roost | 418 | A | Superstitions: Peters Trail and Mesa |
| 385 | C | San Pedro River Exploration | 419 | B! | Superstitions: Reavis Falls |
| 386 | D | Sausalito Canyon to Honey Bee Canyon (upper) | 420 | A | Superstitions: Reavis Ranch |
| 387 | B | Seven Falls | | | |
| 388 | C | Seven Falls (with Tram) | | | |
| 389 | A | Sixshooter Trail | | | |
| 390 | A | Sixshooter Trail / Pinal Peak | | | |
| 391 | B | Soldier Trail | | | |
| 392 | B | Soldier Trail to Molina Basin via Prison Camp | | | |
| 393 | C | Southern Bell Mine | | | |
| 394 | C | Sunset / Marshall Gulch / Aspen | | | |

| Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name | Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name |
|----------|-------------|--|----------|-------------|---|
| 421 | A | Loop Superstitions: Reavis Ranch Trail / Pinto Creek Trail Loop | 453 | C | Ramble and Tea Room for Lunch |
| 422 | B! | Superstitions: Robbers Roost-Geronimo Cave Loop | 454 | B | Tonto National Monument |
| 423 | B | Superstitions: Roger's Canyon Cliff Dwellings Plus | 455 | B | Tortolita Mountains: Alamo Springs / Wild Mustang Loop |
| 424 | B | Superstitions: Roger's Canyon Cliff Dwellings | 456 | B | Tortolita Mountains: Alamo Springs Loop |
| 425 | B! | Superstitions: Weavers Needle Cross Cut | 457 | C! | Tortolita Mountains: Cochie Spring Trail |
| 426 | A | Superstitions: Weavers Needle Loop | 458 | B! | Tortolita Mountains: Dove Mountain |
| 427 | B | Superstitions: World's Greatest Saguaro Cactus | 459 | C | Tortolita Mountains: Dove Mountain & Ridges |
| 428 | C | Sutherland Trail | 460 | C | Tortolita Mountains: Lower Javelina and Upper Javelina |
| 429 | C | Sutherland Trail (One way) | 461 | C | Tortolita Mountains: S. End Wild Burro Canyon & Lower Javelina Trail |
| 430 | C | Sutherland Trail to Cargodero Canyon | 462 | B | Tortolita Mountains: S. Wild Burro Canyon / Alamo Springs Trail / Spur Trail Loop |
| 431 | C | Sutherland Wash Petroglyphs | 463 | C | Tortolita Mountains: Upper Javelina and Wild Mustang Trails to Lookout |
| 432 | C | Sweetwater Preserve | 464 | D | Tortolita Mountains: Wild Burro Canyon |
| 433 | D | Sweetwater Trail (short version) | 465 | B! | Tortolita Mountains: Wild Burro Canyon Extension, Plus |
| 434 | C | Sweetwater Trail to the Saddle | 466 | D | Tortolita Mountains: Wild Burro Canyon North |
| 435 | C | Sweetwater Trail to the Saddle (Sycamore Canyon) | 467 | C | Tortolita Mountains: Wild Burro Canyon with Key Exchange |
| 436 | B! | Sycamore Canyon | 468 | B | Tortolita Mountains: Wild Mustang / Cochie Springs Loop |
| 437 | D | Sycamore Canyon (short version) | 469 | B | Tortolita Mountains: Wild Mustang / Wild Burro Canyon Loop |
| 438 | C | Sycamore Dam | 470 | D☺ | Tortolita Trail |
| 439 | C | Sycamore Spring | 471 | B☺ | Tortolita Trail (long version) |
| 440 | A! | Table Mountain | 472 | C☺ | Tortolita Trail (medium version) |
| 441 | D | Tanque Verde Falls | 473 | B | Tortolitas Mountains: |
| 442 | A | Tanque Verde Peak | 474 | D:) | Bushwhack to Wild Horse Mt. |
| 443 | B | Tanque Verde Ridge Trail | 475 | D | Tucson Botanical Gardens |
| 444 | C | Tanque Verde Ridge Trail - Part Way | 476 | B | Ventana Canyon - Lower Level |
| 445 | A | Tanque Verde Ridge Trail to Juniper Basin Campground | | | Wasson Peak at Sunset and Moonrise |
| 446 | B! | Thimble Peak | | | |
| 447 | A | Thimble Peak via Bear Canyon | | | |
| 448 | B | Three for One | | | |
| 449 | C | Tina Larga | | | |
| 450 | D:) | Tohono Chul Park and Tea Room with Lunch | | | |
| 451 | D:) | Tohono Chul Park and Tea Room, Birds and Breakfast | | | |
| 452 | D:) | Tohono Chul Park Reptile | | | |

| Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name | Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name |
|-----------------|--------------------|--|-----------------|--------------------|--|
| 477 | B | Wasson Peak Loop | 484 | B | Wilderness of Rocks |
| 478 | B | Wasson Peak via Hugh Norris Trail | 485 | B | Wilderness of Rocks Loop # 1 |
| 479 | B | Wasson Peak via King Canyon Trail | 486 | B | Wilderness of Rocks Loop # 2 |
| 480 | B | Wasson Peak via Sendero Esperanza and Hugh Norris Trails | 487 | B | Wilderness of Rocks Loop # 3 |
| 481 | B | Wasson Peak via Sweetwater Trail | 488 | B | Wilderness of Rocks Loop # 4 |
| 482 | D | Westward Look Resort Trails | 489 | D:) | Wildflower Hike |
| 483 | B | Wild Horse Canyon | 490 | A | Window Rock |
| | | | 491 | A | Window Rock Loop via Ventana and Esperero Trails |
| | | | 492 | B! | Wood Canyon Upper Rim |

Hikes Sorted by Rating

| Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name | Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name |
|----------|-------------|--|----------|-------------|---|
| 1 | A | Agua Caliente Hill | 53 | A | Arizona Trail: Morman Lake (Passage 30) |
| 2 | A | Agua Caliente Hill / La Milagrosa Ridge / Molino Basin | 55 | A | Arizona Trail: North Rim Grand Canyon to Utah Border |
| 3 | A | Agua Caliente Hill and La Milagrosa Trail | 57 | A | Arizona Trail: Oracle Ridge (Passage 12) |
| 22 | A | Arizona Trail: Babbitt Ranch (Passage 35) | 58 | A | Arizona Trail: Pine Mountain (Passage 21) |
| 25 | A | Arizona Trail: Black Hills (Passage 14) | 59 | A | Arizona Trail: Reavis Canyon (Passage 18) |
| 28 | A | Arizona Trail: Canelo Hills East (Passage 2) | 65 | A | Arizona Trail: Rincon Mountain |
| 29 | A | Arizona Trail: Canelo Hills West (Passage 3) | 66 | A | Arizona Trail: Rincon Mountains (Passage 9) |
| 30 | A | Arizona Trail: Coconino Rim (Passage 36) | 68 | A | Arizona Trail: Rincon Valley (#2) |
| 31 | A | Arizona Trail: Flagstaff Resupply Route (Passage 33) | 70 | A | Arizona Trail: Saddle Mountain (Passage 22) |
| 32 | A | Arizona Trail: Four Peaks (Passage 20) | 71 | A | Arizona Trail: San Francisco Peaks (Passage 34) |
| 34 | A | Arizona Trail: Grand Canyon – Inner Gorge (Passage 38) | 72 | A | Bridal Veil Falls |
| 36 | A | Arizona Trail: Grand Canyon – South Rim (Passage 37) | 76 | A | Arizona Trail: Superstition Wilderness (Passage 19) |
| 37 | A | Arizona Trail: Grand Canyon – South Rim, Grandview Lookout Tower to Tusayan | 77 | A | Arizona Trail: Superstition Wilderness Trail |
| 39 | A | Arizona Trail: Happy Jack (Passage 29) | 79 | A | Arizona Trail: Temporal Gulch (Passage 4) |
| 41 | A | Arizona Trail: Highline (Passage 27) | 80 | A | Arizona Trail: Temporal Gulch / Santa Rita |
| 42 | A | Arizona Trail: Highline and Blue Ridge Sections, Pine to Blue Ridge Campground | 82 | A | Arizona Trail: Tortilla Mountains - Tecolote Ranch to Kelvin-Riverside Bridge |
| 43 | A | Arizona Trail: Huachuca Mountains (Passage 1) | 83 | A | Arizona Trail: Tortilla Mountains (Passage 15) |
| 44 | A | Arizona Trail: Kaibab Plateau Central (Passage 41) | 84 | A | Arizona Trail: Walnut Canyon (Passage 31) |
| 46 | A | Arizona Trail: Kaibab Plateau South (Passage 40) | 85 | A | Arizona Trail: White Canyon (Passage 16) |
| 48 | A | Arizona Trail: Las Cienegas AZ 83 to I-10 | 99 | A | Baldy Saddle Overlook |
| 50 | A | Arizona Trail: Mazatzal Divide (Passage 23) | 101 | A | Bear Canyon to Sabino Canyon Loop |
| 51 | A | Arizona Trail: Molino Basin Campground to Sabino Canyon | 138 | A | Cargodera Canyon to Mt. Lemmon |
| | | | 143 | A | Catalina State Park to Mt. Lemmon via the Sutherland Trail |
| | | | 194 | A | Florida Saddle |

| Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name | Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name |
|----------|-------------|---|----------|-------------|--|
| 215 | A | Happy Valley / Rincon Peak Trail | 296 | A | Mt. Wrightson via Super Trail |
| 226 | A | Humphrey's Peak | 297 | A | Mt. Wrightson: Ring around Wrightson |
| 233 | A | Josephine Peak | 305 | A | Oracle to SaddleBrooke |
| 260 | A | McCleary Peak | 338 | A | Pima Canyon to Mt. Kimball and Return via Finger Rock Canyon |
| 264 | A | Miller Peak | 339 | A | Pima Canyon to Pima Spring |
| 265 | A | Miller Peak and Carr Peak | 340 | A | Pima Canyon to the Saddle |
| 267 | A | Mt. Baldy Loop | 365 | A | Rincon Peak |
| 268 | A | Mt. Baldy Saddle Overlook | 368 | A | Romero Falls |
| 269 | A | Mt. Hopkins | 369 | A | Romero Pass |
| 270 | A | Mt. Ian | 374 | A | Sabino Canyon - Bear Canyon Loop (no Trams) |
| 271 | A | Mt. Kimball via Finger Rock Canyon | 376 | A | Sabino Canyon to Catalina State Park - 1 |
| 272 | A | Mt. Kimball via Finger Rock Canyon / Return via Pima Trail | 377 | A | Sabino Canyon to Catalina State Park - 2 |
| 276 | A | Mt. Lemmon to Catalina State Park via Marshall Gulch | 379 | A | SaddleBrooke to Mt. Lemmon via Samaniego Ridge Trail |
| 277 | A | Mt. Lemmon to Catalina State Park via Romero Pass | 389 | A | Sixshooter Trail |
| 278 | A | Mt. Lemmon to Catalina State Park via the Sutherland Trail | 390 | A | Sixshooter Trail / Pinal Peak |
| 280 | A | Mt. Lemmon to Oracle Ridge Trailhead via the CDO Trail | 399 | A | Superstitions: Charlebois Spring |
| 281 | A | Mt. Lemmon to Romero Pass Loop | 400 | A | Superstitions: Circlestone Ruin |
| 283 | A | Mt. Lemmon to Sabino Canyon via Romero Pass | 412 | A | Superstitions: Marsh Valley Loop |
| 284 | A | Mt. Lemmon to Sabino Canyon via Romero Pass (with Tram) | 415 | A | Superstitions: Peralta to Canyon Lake Backpack |
| 285 | A | Mt. Lemmon to Sabino Canyon Visitor Center (with Tram) | 417 | A | Superstitions: Peters Mesa |
| 286 | A | Mt. Lemmon to SaddleBrooke via CDO | 418 | A | Superstitions: Peters Trail and Mesa |
| 287 | A | Mt. Lemmon to SaddleBrooke via Samaniego Ridge Trail | 420 | A | Superstitions: Reavis Ranch Loop |
| 289 | A | Mt. Lemmon via the Sutherland Trail | 421 | A | Superstitions: Reavis Ranch Trail / Pinto Creek Trail Loop |
| 290 | A | Mt. Lemmon: Butterfly-Soldier Camp-Bear Wallow-Mt. Bigelow Loop | 426 | A | Superstitions: Weavers Needle Loop |
| 291 | A | Mt. Lemmon: Double Loop | 442 | A | Tanque Verde Peak |
| 292 | A | Mt. Lemmon: Mt. Bigelow Loop | 445 | A | Tanque Verde Ridge Trail to Juniper Basin Campground |
| 293 | A | Mt. Lemmon: Summerhaven Loop | 447 | A | Thimble Peak via Bear Canyon |
| 294 | A | Mt. Wrightson via Old Baldy and Super Trails | 490 | A | Window Rock |
| 295 | A | Mt. Wrightson via Old Baldy Trail | 491 | A | Window Rock Loop via Ventana and Esperero Trails |
| | | | 20 | A! | Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness: West to East (Overnight) |
| | | | 95 | A! | Baboquivari Mountain – West Approach |

| Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name | Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name |
|----------|-------------|--|----------|-------------|---|
| 144 | A! | Cathedral Rock | 52 | B | Arizona Trail: Molino Basin Campground to Sabino Canyon (with tram) |
| 176 | A! | Elephant Head | 54 | B | Arizona Trail: Mount Elden (Passage 32) |
| 189 | A! | Finger Rock Guard | 60 | B | Arizona Trail: Red Hills (Passage 24) |
| 205 | A! | Goldfields: Arches-Sky Island-Golden Dome-Rhyodacite Canyon Loop | 63 | B | Arizona Trail: Redington Pass (Passage 10) |
| 210 | A! | Grand Canyon Rim to Rim | 64 | B | Arizona Trail: Redington Pass Road to Molino Basin Campground |
| 298 | A! | Mule Ears via Charouleau Gap | 67 | B | Arizona Trail: Rincon Valley (#1) |
| 357 | A! | Rattlesnake Peak | 74 | B | Arizona Trail: Santa Rita Mountains (Passage 5) |
| 359 | A! | Rice Peak from Peppersauce Campground | 81 | B | Arizona Trail: Tortilla Mountains |
| 360 | A! | Rice Peak via Oracle Ridge Trail | 86 | B | Arizona Trail: Whiterock Mesa (Passage 25) |
| 383 | A! | Samaniego Peak | 91 | B | Atascosa Lookout |
| 396 | A! | Superstitions: Battleship Mountain - Black Mesa Loop | 98 | B | Baby Jesus / Petroglyph Loop |
| 413 | A! | Superstitions: Mountain Ridgeline | 100 | B | Bear Canyon plus Seven Falls |
| 440 | A! | Table Mountain | 102 | B | Bellota Ranch / Molino Basin |
| 341 | A, B, C | Pinaleno Mountains | 107 | B | Bill Cody Loop |
| 9 | B | American Flag to Saddle | 108 | B | Blackett's Ridge |
| 21 | B | Arizona Trail: Alamo Canyon (Passage 17) | 109 | B | Blackett's Ridge with Tram Ride |
| 23 | B | Arizona Trail: Black Hills - Bloodsucker Wash to Freeman Road | 111 | B | Bog-Kent Springs Loop Trail |
| 24 | B | Arizona Trail: Black Hills - Tiger Mine Rd. to Bloodsucker Wash | 112 | B | Boulder Ridge Loop |
| 26 | B | Arizona Trail: Blue Ridge (Passage 28) | 113 | B | Box Camp Trail |
| 27 | B | Arizona Trail: Buckskin Mountain (Passage 43) | 121 | B | Brown Canyon – Ramsey Canyon Loop |
| 35 | B | Arizona Trail: Grand Canyon – North Rim (Passage 39) | 125 | B | Bug Spring Trail # 1 |
| 40 | B | Arizona Trail: Hardscrabble Mesa (Passage 26) | 126 | B | Bug Spring Trail # 2 |
| 45 | B | Arizona Trail: Kaibab Plateau North (Passage 42) | 127 | B | Buster Spring / Buster Mountain |
| 47 | B | Arizona Trail: Las Cienegas (Passage 7) | 128 | B | Buster Spring Bushwhack |
| 49 | B | Arizona Trail: Las Colinas (Passage 6) | 129 | B | Butterfly Trail |
| | | | 139 | B | Carr Peak |
| | | | 150 | B | Charouleau Gap Road to Hidden Canyon |
| | | | 151 | B | Charouleau Gap Road to the Gap |
| | | | 156 | B | Chiricahua Heart of Rocks Loop |
| | | | 160 | B | Cochise Stronghold to End of Trail |
| | | | 162 | B | Copper Creek Ghost Town |
| | | | 170 | B | Douglas Spring Trail to the Campground |
| | | | 173 | B | Dutch John Spring and Bog-Kent |

| Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name | Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name |
|----------|-------------|--|----------|-------------|--|
| | | Springs | 391 | B | Soldier Trail |
| 178 | B | Esperero Trail | 392 | B | Soldier Trail to Molina Basin via Prison Camp |
| 182 | B | Fifty-Year Trail / Sutherland Trail / Bridle Trail | 402 | B | Superstitions: Dutchman Trail / Bluff Springs Loop |
| 186 | B | Fifty-Year Trail to SaddleBrooke | 403 | B | Superstitions: East Boulder / Needle Canyon Loop |
| 187 | B | Fifty-Year Trail to Sutherland Trail | 404 | B | Superstitions: First Water - Second Water Trail Loop |
| 192 | B | Finger Rock Trail to Linda Vista Saddle | 405 | B | Superstitions: Fraser-Randolph Canyons Loop |
| 197 | B | Gardner Canyon to Kentucky Camp | 407 | B | Superstitions: Herman's Cave |
| 213 | B | Guthrie Mountain | 408 | B | Superstitions: Indian Paint Mine |
| 216 | B | Helvetia / Gunsight Pass | 423 | B | Superstitions: Roger's Canyon Cliff Dwellings Plus |
| 220 | B | Hidden Canyon Peak | 424 | B | Superstitions: Roger's Canyon Cliff Dwellings |
| 221 | B | Hidden Canyon to Unit 21 | 427 | B | Superstitions: World's Greatest Saguaro Cactus |
| 227 | B | Hutch's Pool | 443 | B | Tanque Verde Ridge Trail |
| 234 | B | Josephine Saddle | 448 | B | Three for One |
| 235 | B | Josephine Saddle / McBeth Springs | 454 | B | Tortolita Mountains: Alamo Springs / Wild Mustang Loop |
| 236 | B | Josephine Saddle and Carrie Nation Mine | 455 | B | Tortolita Mountains: Alamo Springs Loop |
| 237 | B | Josephine Saddle and Rogers Rock | 456 | B | Tortolita Mountains: Cochie Spring Trail |
| 238 | B | Josephine Saddle via Old Baldy and Vault Mine Trail | 462 | B | Tortolita Mountains: Upper Javelina and Wild Mustang Trails to Lookout |
| 239 | B | Josephine Saddle via Super Trail and Vault Mine Trail | 468 | B | Tortolita Mountains: Wild Mustang / Cochie Springs Loop |
| 244 | B | Knagge Cabin / Peck Basin Overlook | 469 | B | Tortolita Mountains: Wild Mustang / Wild Burro Canyon Loop |
| 245 | B | La Milagrosa Ridge/AZT from Redington Rd. | 473 | B | Tortolitas Mountains: Bushwhack to Wild Horse Mt. |
| 258 | B | Marshall Gulch / Radio Ridge Loop | 476 | B | Wasson Peak at Sunset and Moonrise |
| 273 | B | Mt. Lemmon Rock Lookout / Mint Spring Loop | 477 | B | Wasson Peak Loop |
| 279 | B | Mt. Lemmon to Crystal Springs | 478 | B | Wasson Peak via Hugh Norris Trail |
| 282 | B | Mt. Lemmon to Sabino Canyon via Palisade Trail (with Tram) | 479 | B | Wasson Peak via King Canyon Trail |
| 322 | B | Pete Mountain | 480 | B | Wasson Peak via Sendero Esperanza and Hugh Norris Trails |
| 323 | B | Phone Line Trail - Round Trip | 481 | B | Wasson Peak via Sweetwater |
| 337 | B | Pima Canyon to 3rd Dam | | | |
| 342 | B | Point 5783 in Pontatoc Canyon | | | |
| 346 | B | Professor Woodward's Dam | | | |
| 358 | B | Red Mountain | | | |
| 371 | B | Romero Springs | | | |
| 375 | B | Sabino Canyon - Bear Canyon Loop (with Trams) | | | |
| 387 | B | Seven Falls | | | |

| Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name | Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name |
|----------|-------------|---|----------|-------------|--|
| | | Trail | | | Trail |
| 483 | B | Wild Horse Canyon | 333 | B! | Picketpost Mountain |
| 484 | B | Wilderness of Rocks | 334 | B! | Piestewa Peak and Camelback Mountain |
| 485 | B | Wilderness of Rocks Loop # 1 | 347 | B! | Pueblo Canyon Cliff Dwelling |
| 486 | B | Wilderness of Rocks Loop # 2 | 348 | B! | Pusch Peak |
| 487 | B | Wilderness of Rocks Loop # 3 | 349 | B! | Pusch Peak via Bushwhack from South Side |
| 488 | B | Wilderness of Rocks Loop # 4 | 353 | B! | Ragged Top / Silverbell Mountains |
| 15 | B! | Apache Peak | 406 | B! | Superstitions: Geronimo Cave and Barks Canyon Loop |
| 16 | B! | Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness: Booger Canyon | 409 | B! | Superstitions: La Barge Creek/Boulder Canyon Loop, with side trips |
| 17 | B! | Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness: East to West | 414 | B! | Superstitions: Peralta / Geronimo Cave Loop Trail |
| 18 | B! | Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness: West | 419 | B! | Superstitions: Reavis Falls |
| 94 | B! | Baboquivari Mountain - East Approach | 422 | B! | Superstitions: Robbers Roost-Geronimo Cave Loop |
| 97 | B! | Baby Jesus / Madonna and Child / Petroglyph Loop | 425 | B! | Superstitions: Weavers Needle Cross Cut |
| 152 | B! | Charouleau Peak | 436 | B! | Sycamore Canyon |
| 163 | B! | Council Rocks / Slavin Gulch / Mine | 446 | B! | Thimble Peak |
| 188 | B! | Finger Rock Canyon / Pontatoc Canyon Loop | 458 | B! | Tortolita Mountains: Dove Mountain & Ridges |
| 206 | B! | Goldfields: Eleven mile Double Loop | 465 | B! | Tortolita Mountains: Wild Burro Canyon Extension, Plus |
| 207 | B! | Goldfields: Gateway Canyon, Golden Dome, Arches and Sky Island | 492 | B! | Wood Canyon Upper Rim |
| 208 | B! | Goldfields: Pass Mountain Ridgeline Loop | 410 | B, C, D | Superstitions: Lost Dutchman State Park |
| 209 | B! | Goldfields: Quartz Crystal-Golden Eye Mine/ Arches-Little Chance Canyon | 288 | B/A! | Mt. Lemmon to Samaniego Ridge |
| 225 | B! | Huachuca Peak | 202 | B/C | Gila Cliff Dwelling Nat. Monument / Gila National Forest |
| 228 | B! | Hutch's Pool Plus - Sabino Canyon | 471 | B☺ | Tortolita Trail (long version) |
| 275 | B! | Mt. Lemmon to American Flag Trailhead via Oracle Ridge Trail | | | |
| 300 | B! | Newman Peak | | | |
| 303 | B! | Oracle Ridge / Red Ridge Loop | 4 | C | Agua Caliente Hill from Redington Pass Road |
| 314 | B! | Palisade Trail to Prison Camp | 5 | C | Agua Caliente to the Water Hole |
| 327 | B! | Picacho Peak for "C" Hikers | 7 | C | Alamo Canyon to the Water Tank |
| 328 | B! | Picacho Peak Loop | 8 | C | American Flag |
| 330 | B! | Picacho Peak via Hunter Trail | 10 | C | American Flag to Windmill |
| 331 | B! | Picacho Peak via Sunset Vista | | | |

| Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name | Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name |
|----------|-------------|--|----------|-------------|--|
| 11 | C | Antelope Peak | | | del Oro Road to CDO River |
| 33 | C | Arizona Trail: Going to the Lake | 148 | C | Charouleau Gap Road from Oracle |
| 38 | C | Arizona Trail: Grand Canyon – South Rim, Yaki Point to Tusayan. | 149 | C | Charouleau Gap Road to a Former Dam |
| 56 | C | Arizona Trail: Oracle (Passage 13) | 153 | C | Chiricahua Heart of Rocks |
| 61 | C | Arizona Trail: Redington Pass - Italian Trap Trail | 154 | C | Chiricahua Echo Canyon Loop |
| 62 | C | Arizona Trail: Redington Pass - La Milagrosa Ridge Trail | 155 | C | Chiricahua Echo Canyon to Visitor Center |
| 69 | C | Arizona Trail: Rincon Valley (Passage 8) | 157 | C | Chiricahua Natural Bridge |
| 73 | C | Arizona Trail: Santa Catalina Mountains (Passage 11) | 158 | C | Chivo Falls |
| 75 | C | Arizona Trail: Sunnyside Canyon to Parker Lake | 159 | C | Cochise Stronghold (East) / Amerind Foundation Museum |
| 78 | C | Arizona Trail: Temporal Gulch | 164 | C | Council Rocks to Slavin Gulch |
| 87 | C | Arizona Trail: Work Session | 165 | C | David Yetman Trail |
| 88 | C | Aspen Draw / Mint Spring Trail | 166 | C | Deer Camp |
| 89 | C | Aspen Loop / Marshall Gulch Trail | 167 | C | Deer Camp / Baby Jesus Loop |
| 90 | C | Aspen Loop / Mint Spring Trail | 169 | C | Ditch Mountain / Bear Springs |
| 92 | C | Babad Do'ag Trail | 172 | C | Dripping Springs from the Sutherland Trail |
| 96 | C | Baby Jesus | 174 | C | El Capitan Canyon (lower) |
| 114 | C | Box Camp Trail to Sabino Canyon Overlook | 175 | C | El Capitan Canyon (upper) |
| 115 | C | Box Canyon Hike in the Tortilla Mountains | 177 | C | Escudilla Mountain / White Mountains |
| 116 | C | Box Spring | 181 | C | Fifty-Year Trail / Sutherland Cutoff Trail Loop |
| 118 | C | Bridal Wreath Falls | 184 | C | Fifty-Year Trail Area Loop – Short Version |
| 119 | C | Bridal Wreath Falls Loop | 185 | C | Fifty-Year Trail Area North Loop |
| 122 | C | Brown Canyon Box Hike in the Huachuca Mountains | 190 | C | Finger Rock Trail to Canyon Overlook |
| 123 | C | Brown Canyon Nature Tour - Buenos Aires National Wildlife Refuge | 195 | C | Fort Bowie National Historic Site, Apache Pass Trailhead |
| 124 | C | Brown Mountain | 198 | C | Gardner Canyon to Kentucky Camp |
| 131 | C | Cactus Forest Trails | 199 | C | Garwood Dam |
| 133 | C | Canada del Oro from the Preserve | 200 | C | Garwood Dam to Little Wild Horse Tank |
| 136 | C | Canyon Loop, Birding, and Nature Trails | 204 | C | Golden Gate Trail |
| 140 | C | Carrie Nation Mine | 211 | C | Green Mountain Trail |
| 142 | C | Catalina State Park - Exploring the Trails | 212 | C | Green Mountain Trail / Guthrie Mountain |
| 146 | C | Charouleau Gap Road | 214 | C | Hamburg Trail |
| 147 | C | Charouleau Gap Road from Lago | 217 | C | Hidden Canyon |
| | | | 219 | C | Hidden Canyon Loop |
| | | | 223 | C | Honey Bee Canyon North Plus |
| | | | 229 | C | Incinerator Ridge |

| Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name | Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name |
|----------|-------------|---|----------|-------------|--|
| 230 | C | Ironwood Forest National Monument | 354 | C | Rams Creek Basin |
| 231 | C | Ironwood Picnic Area | 355 | C | Rams Creek Basin to Catalina State Park |
| 232 | C | Jordan Canyon, Dragoon Mountains | 356 | C | Ramsey Canyon Preserve |
| 240 | C | Kentucky Camp Hike and Hot Dog Cookout | 364 | C | Rillito River Hike # 4 |
| 241 | C | King Canyon Loop | 366 | C | Roadrunner / Panther Peak Wash / Cam-Boh Trail Loop |
| 246 | C | La Posta Quemada Ranch / AZT Loop | 367 | C | Robles Pass Trails in Tucson Mountain Park |
| 247 | C | Lime Falls, Saguaro NP - East | 381 | C | Saguaro National Park – West: Four Trails |
| 250 | C | Linda Vista Loop Trails | 384 | C | Samaniego Roost |
| 251 | C | Little Matterhorn | 385 | C | San Pedro River Exploration |
| 252 | C | Madera Canyon Kent Springs - Bog Springs Loop | 388 | C | Seven Falls (with Tram) |
| 253 | C | Madera Canyon Nature Trail | 393 | C | Southern Bell Mine |
| 255 | C | Marble Peak | 394 | C | Sunset / Marshall Gulch / Aspen Loop |
| 256 | C | Marshall Gulch / Aspen Loop | 395 | C | Superstitions: Apacheland Hieroglyphic Trail |
| 257 | C | Marshall Gulch / Aspen Loop with Lunch | 397 | C | Superstitions: Boulder Canyon Hike / Canyon Lake Boat Trip |
| 259 | C | Marshall Gulch / Summerhaven Loop | 398 | C | Superstitions: Boulder Canyon Trail |
| 261 | C | Meadow Trail to Fire Lookout | 401 | C | Superstitions: Dripping Springs Hike |
| 263 | C | Mescal Mountain Old 4WD Road | 416 | C | Superstitions: Peralta Trail |
| 266 | C | Mt. Baldy East Fork Trail, part way up | 428 | C | Sutherland Trail |
| 274 | C | Mt. Lemmon Ski Lift Loop | 429 | C | Sutherland Trail (One way) |
| 302 | C | Oracle Ridge | 430 | C | Sutherland Trail to Cargodero Canyon |
| 304 | C | Oracle Ridge Trail to Saddle | 431 | C | Sutherland Wash Petroglyphs |
| 307 | C | OSP East Loop | 432 | C | Sweetwater Preserve |
| 310 | C | OSP West Loop | 434 | C | Sweetwater Trail to the Saddle |
| 311 | C | OSP Wildlife Corridor, Manzanita, Mariposa Loop | 435 | C | Sweetwater Trail to the Saddle (Sycamore Canyon) |
| 313 | C | Palisade Trail / Mud Spring | 438 | C | Sycamore Dam |
| 318 | C | Pena Blanca Lake | 439 | C | Sycamore Spring |
| 324 | C | Phone Line Trail with Tram Ride Down | 444 | C | Tanque Verde Ridge Trail - Part Way |
| 325 | C | Phone Line Trail with Tram Ride Up | 449 | C | Tina Larga |
| 329 | C | Picacho Peak to Saddle | 453 | C | Tonto National Monument |
| 332 | C | Picacho Peak via Sunset Vista Trail (short version) | 459 | C | Tortolita Mountains: Lower Javelina and Upper Javelina |
| 336 | C | Pima Canyon to 2nd Dam | 460 | C | Tortolita Mountains: S. End Wild Burro Canyon & Lower Javelina Trail |
| 343 | C | Pontatoc Canyon to the Amphitheater | 461 | C | Tortolita Mountains: S. Wild Burro Canyon / Alamo Springs |
| 345 | C | Prison Camp to Sabino Canyon | | | |
| 352 | C | Quantrell Mine | | | |

| Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name | Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name |
|----------|-------------|--|----------|-------------|--|
| | | Trail / Spur Trail Loop | 472 | C ☺ | Tortolita Trail (medium version) |
| 463 | C | Tortolita Mountains: Wild Burro Canyon | | | |
| 467 | C | Tortolita Mountains: Wild Burro Canyon with Key Exchange | 6 | D | Alamo Canyon |
| 161 | C | Cochise Stronghold to the Saddle | 110 | D | Bluff Loop Trail Sabino Canyon |
| 19 | C! | Aravaipa Canyon Wilderness: West (short version) | 120 | D | Bridle Trail - Catalina State Park |
| 93 | C! | Babad Do'ag Canyon | 132 | D | Cactus Wren Trail |
| 103 | C! | Big Rock Dome #1 | 135 | D | Canyon Loop and Birding Trail |
| 104 | C! | Big Rock Dome #2 | 137 | D | Canyon Loop, Montrose Pools, and Birding Trail |
| 105 | C! | Big Rock Dome and Elephant Trunk Bushwhack | 141 | D | Catalina Hills Trash Cleanup Walk |
| 106 | C! | Big Rock Dome Loop | 145 | D | CDO/Big Wash Walk |
| 168 | C! | Deer Camp / Samaniego Roost Loop #1 | 180 | D | Fifty-Year Trail - South End |
| 201 | C! | Geocache Adventure | 183 | D | Fifty-Year Trail Area |
| 254 | C! | Maiden Pools | 191 | D | Finger Rock Trail to Finger Rock Spring |
| 262 | C! | Mendoza Canyon | 196 | D | Full Moon Hike, Catalina State Park |
| 315 | C! | Panther Peak | 218 | D | Hidden Canyon - Starr Pass |
| 319 | C! | Peppersauce and Nugget Canyon Loop | 222 | D | Honey Bee Canyon North |
| 320 | C! | Peppersauce Canyon | 224 | D | Honey Bee Canyon South |
| 344 | C! | Pontatoc Ridge | 242 | D | King Canyon Trail to Mam-A-Gah Picnic Area |
| 350 | C! | Pusch Ridge to 1st Overlook | 248 | D | Lime Falls, Saguaro NP - East |
| 351 | C! | Pusch Ridge to 2nd Overlook | 249 | D | Linda Vista Loop |
| 370 | C! | Romero Pools | 301 | D | Nugget Canyon (short version) |
| 372 | C! | Rosewood Point | 306 | D | OSP American Avenue |
| 380 | C! | Safford Peak | 308 | D | OSP Exploration |
| 457 | C! | Tortolita Mountains: Dove Mountain | 309 | D | OSP Granite Overlook |
| 411 | C, B, A | Superstitions: Lost Dutchman State Park Sampler; Flatiron Peak | 312 | D | Outreach Walk-a-thon |
| 179 | C/B | Extended Fitness Walk | 321 | D | Peppersauce Canyon (short version) |
| 12 | C:) | Anza Trail / Marana Section | 361 | D | Rillito River Hike # 1 |
| 13 | C:) | Anza Trail / Rio Rico Section | 362 | D | Rillito River Hike # 2 |
| 14 | C:) | Anza Trail / Tubac to Tumacacori | 363 | D | Rillito River Hike # 3 |
| 203 | C:) | Gilbert Ray Loop | 382 | D | Saguaro National Park – West: Ramble |
| 299 | C:) | Murray Springs Archaeological Site / Clanton Family Ranch | 386 | D | Sausalito Canyon to Honey Bee Canyon (upper) |
| 316 | C:) | Parker Canyon Lakeshore Trail | 433 | D | Sweetwater Trail (short version) |
| | | | 437 | D | Sycamore Canyon (short version) |
| | | | 441 | D | Tanque Verde Falls |
| | | | 464 | D | Tortolita Mountains: Wild Burro Canyon (short version) |
| | | | 466 | D | Tortolita Mountains: Wild Burro |

| Hike No. | Hike Rating | Hike Name |
|-----------------|--------------------|--|
| | | Canyon North |
| 475 | D | Ventana Canyon - Lower Level |
| 482 | D | Westward Look Resort Trails |
| 335 | D! | Pima Canyon to 1st Dam |
| 117 | D:) | Boyce-Thompson Arboretum |
| 130 | D:) | Cactus Forest Area |
| 134 | D:) | Canyon Loop |
| 171 | D:) | Downtown Tucson History Hike & Gourmet Lunch at the Historic Manning House |
| 193 | D:) | Florence, AZ Walking Tour |
| 243 | D:) | Kitt Peak Observatory Evening Program |
| 317 | D:) | Patagonia Lake State Park Birding Walk |
| 326 | D:) | Picacho Peak Easy Trails |
| 373 | D:) | Ruby Ghost Town |
| 378 | D:) | Sabino Canyon Trails |
| 450 | D:) | Tohono Chul Park and Tea Room with Lunch |
| 451 | D:) | Tohono Chul Park and Tea Room, Birds and Breakfast |
| 452 | D:) | Tohono Chul Park Reptile Ramble and Tea Room for Lunch |
| 474 | D:) | Tucson Botanical Gardens |
| 489 | D:) | Wildflower Hike |
| 470 | D☺ | Tortolita Trail |

DRIVING DIRECTIONS

Agua Caliente Hill Trail. Drive east on Tanque Verde Road to N. Soldier Trail Road. Turn left on N. Soldier Trail Road and go to Ft. Lowell Road. Turn right and follow Fort Lowell Road which becomes Camino Ancho. Stay on Camino Ancho to Camino Remuda and turn left. Follow Camino Remuda north to parking lot for the Aqua Caliente Trailhead.

Anza Trail / Rio Rico Section. Take I-19 S. to Exit 17 (Rio Rico Drive) and go left (east). Follow the road toward Rio Rico Country Club until it crosses the Santa Cruz River, and turn immediately to the left onto the dirt road. Park in a small turnout next to the main road, and the trailhead is directly to the north.

Aravaipa Canyon – West Entrance. Take Hwy 77 north through Mammoth. Turn east off Hwy 77 at mile marker 123, 8.7 miles north of Corkers One Stop (just beyond the blue camping sign). Aravaipa Road is the at the Central Arizona Community College/Aravaipa sign. Drive 4 miles on paved road and 7.7 miles on well graded dirt road to the trail head, which is about 2.5 miles beyond the ranger station.

Aspen – Marshal Gulch Loop Trail. Take Tanque Verde Road to the Catalina Hwy and follow past Mile Post 22 to a trailhead for the Sunset Trail. Follow that trail 1.6 mile to Marshall Gulch, where signs mark the two trails. There is also road access from the town of Summerhaven on Sabino Canyon Parkwaysouth to the trailhead.

Arizona Trail: Italian Trap Trail. Drive east on Tanque Verde road to the end of the pavement. Just past the intersection with Wentworth Road, the road becomes Redington Pass Road, which a short distance later turns into a dirt road. Drive 7.3 miles on dirt road, just past milepost #10 stopping at Staging Area #2 for a bathroom break. The hike continues 2.5 miles (passing the Bellota Ranch road to the left, and passing milepost #12) to a sign marking FR # 37. The trailhead and a small parking area are on the right. It is 9.8 miles from end of pavement to the trailhead.

Atascosa Peak/Lookout Trail. Take I-19 to AZ 289 north of Nogales. Follow 289 toward Pena Blanca Lake for about 9 miles to an intersection with Forest Road 39. Continue west on FR # 39 to the trailhead.

Babad Do'ag. From Speedway and Campbell, head east on Speedway Blvd for 5.0 miles. Turn left at N Wilmot Rd. and follow for a half mile. Wilmot turns into Tanque Verde Red. Continue on E Tanque Verde Rd for 3.8 miles. Turn left at Catalina Hwy and follow for 7.1 miles to the Babad Do'ag Vista parking lot.

Baboquivari (East Side). From Tucson, head east on I-10 and merge west (right) onto 1-19. Travel on 1-19 until you turn west (right) on Highway 86 (Ajo Way). Stay on Highway 86 to Three Points. At Highway 286 turn South (left) and remain on this road for approx. 28 miles. Take your first right after milepost 16 on to a dirt road. Remain on this road until you get to a fork in the road, and turn right. Continue down dirt road about 8 miles or until you get to a gate that is labeled Baboquivari Peak Hike. Park your car here.

**The dirt road is a private road to a ranch that allows access to the trail, so please respect the land and property.

Baboquivari (West Side). From Tucson, head east on I-10 and merge west (right) onto 1-19. Travel on 1-19 until you turn west (right) on Highway 86 (Ajo Way). Stay on Highway 86 to Sells and the turn south on Indian Route 19. About ¼ mile after leaving Highway 86, Route 19 passes a Bashas store, bends east, and then turns sharply south at a “T-shaped” intersection. 10 miles south of Sells, between ½ and ¾ mile past the Topawa School on the right, turn left (east) on Indian Route 10 (dirt/gravel).

Permits may be obtained at no cost from the Tohono O’Odham Nation Agency located at the intersection of Routes 19 and 10.

Follow Route 10 for about 15 miles to the Baboquivari Camp (also called Gu Kui Chuchg on some maps). The road is more or less straight but turns into the “Foothills Truck Trail” about 3 miles short of the camp. The camp is a day use camping area with flush toilets. The trailhead is at the eastern end of the camp (at UTM 440400, 3516300).

Bill Cody Loop. In Oracle, turn right on Mt. Lemmon Highway . (Look for signs to Oracle State Park.) About ½ mile after the road becomes dirt, turn right onto American Flag Ranch Rd. The trailhead is about 1/8 mile on the right.

Brown Canyon. From the exit off I-19, drive west on AZ. Hwy # 86 to Three Points, then go southwest onto Route 286. There are restrooms behind the store at the junction of 86 and 286 (drive around back to them). Take Route 286 to mile post 21. The U.S. Fish and Game Dept. guides will be waiting here. You then drive another 5.6 miles on dirt road, across some streams that require high clearance vehicles, to the trailhead for the hike.

Brown Mountain. Take Speedway west from I-10. Speedway eventually becomes Gates Pass Blvd. Continue onto W Gates Pass Blvd for 4.8 miles. Turn right at Kinney Rd and follow for 2.4 miles. Turn into the Juan Santa Cruz Picnic Grounds, just before the Arizona-Sonora Desert Museum. The unmarked trailhead is at the southern-most tip of the parking area.

Bug Springs. From Speedway and Campbell, head east on Speedway Blvd for 5.0 miles. Turn left at N Wilmot Rd and follow for a half mile. Wilmot turns into Tanque Verde Red. Continue on E Tanque Verde Rd for 3.8 miles. Turn left at Catalina Hwy and follow for 12.2 miles to the Bug Springs Trailhead.

Butterfly. Take Tanque Verde Road to Catalina Hwy and follow past Milepost 19. The trailhead is just before the Palisade Visitor Center. The trailhead at the north end is just past Milepost 22.

Charouleau Gap Road Hike from Oracle. Turn right into Oracle on American Ave. Drive 1.7 miles on American Avenue and turn right onto College Road (just before while mission church on the right). Take the first left onto Maplewood Street. Drive .2 miles and turn onto Estill Drive. Drive 0.4 miles on Estill Drive to Viento. Turn right. Drive 0.2 miles and turn right onto Callas Road (a.k.a Charouleau Gap Road). Drive 0.2 miles on Callas to end of pavement and gate. Open gate and drive through, closing gate. Either park here or drive 0.2 miles on FS # 736 (it bears to the right) and park to the left of the road. High clearance vehicle not needed if you park at the gate. Mileage from # 77 to parking is 2.9 miles. Total RTD is 40 miles.

Bog Springs – Kent Spring Loop Madera Canyon. From Tucson, go south on I-19 to Green Valley; take the continental exit. Continue 13 miles southeast and south to Madera Canyon. Drive into the canyon and watch for the signed Bog Springs Campground on the left. A parking lot and trailhead are just a few yards beyond. Follow a trail east and then southeast roughly a mile to the beginning of the loop portion of the route.

Chiracahua National Monument. Follow I-10 to Willcox and exit onto AZ 186. Follow AZ 186 southeast about 30 miles to a signed turnoff for the monument.

Douglas Spring. From downtown Tucson, take Speedway Blvd Eastbound toward the Rincon mountain range. Speedway dead-ends at the trailhead.

Elephant Head. Take exit 56 off of Interstate 19 south of Green Valley. Go to the eastside of the highway (under the freeway). Go south on the frontage road 3 miles and turn left onto Elephant Head Road. Go east to the Mt. Hopkins road turnoff. Follow the paved Mt. Hopkins road 5.5 miles to the Agua Caliente Canyon Road. Turn left onto this dirt road and follow it approximately 2.5 miles to the parking lot opposite the sign “Dead End 2 miles.” The Aqua Caliente Trailhead is 50 yards west of the parking lot. A 2-wheel drive vehicle can easily get within 200 yards of the trailhead.

Finger Rock Trails (including Pontatoc Canyon and Ridge). At the corner of Sunrise Blvd, and Swan Rd., head north up swan, until you reach Skyline Rd., and make a left (west). Continue west on skyline until Alvernon Way and make a right (North). Take Alvernon Way North until it dead ends on the left into the parking lot and trailhead.

Hidden Canyon – Starr Pass. Drive west on 22nd Street, which becomes Starr Pass Blvd. As you approach the JW Starr Pass Resort and Spa, turn right onto the Service Drive. Follow the drive 0.4 miles to the unsigned trailhead on the right near a mesquite tree. There are two large stones marking the trailhead about 6 feet off the road. Park on the road.

Honey Bee Canyon. Take Oracle Rd. north from Ina about 7 miles to Rancho Vistoso Blvd., go left (west) 3.1 miles to a very nice parking area on your left (you will need to make a U turn around the median). At the parking lot are bathrooms, water fountain, and a few small tables. There are two trails leading from the parking lot, one heads south past the bathrooms and the other North, underneath the Rancho Vistoso Blvd. Bridge.

Italian Trap Trail. To reach this segment of the Arizona Trail, one must drive east on Tanque Verde road to the end of the pavement. Just past the intersection with Wentworth Road, the road becomes Redington Pass Road, which a short distance later turns into a dirt road. Drive 7.3 miles on dirt road, just past milepost #10 stopping at Staging Area #2 for a bathroom break. The drive continues 2.5 miles (passing the Bellota Ranch road to the left, and passing milepost #12) to a sign marking FR # 37 (do not take FR # 37). The trailhead and a small parking area are on the right. It is 9.8 miles from end of pavement to the trailhead. Look to the southeast for the trailhead.

Kings Canyon Trail to Wasson Peak. From Tucson, follow Speedway over Gates Pass to its junction with Kinney Road. Turn right, follow Kinney until you reach the Sonora Desert Museum. Parking and trailhead are 0.1 miles passed the museum entrance and across (North) the road.

Madera Canyon. From Tucson, take I-19 to Green Vally and get off at the Continental Exit. Continue southeast to Madera Canyon and the Proctor Parking Area.

Mt. Wrightson, Baldy and Super Trails. From Tucson, follow I-19 south to Green Valley, take the Madera Canyon exit (63) to Continental Rd. Turn left at West Continental Rd and follow for 1.2 miles. Take the 3rd right onto Madera Canyon Rd/White House Canyon Rd and continue to follow Madera Canyon Rd for another 13 miles to the trailhead.

Panther Peak. From I-10, take W Ina Rd 2.8 miles. Turn left at N Wade Rd which takes a slight right onto W Picture Rocks Rd after half a mile. Following W Picture Rocks Rd for 3.5 miles you will see a dirt road that takes you to the Cam-Boh picnic area.

Pima Canyon. From Tucson drive north on Oracle Road (US 89) until it intersects Magee Road. Turn right (east) on Magee Road. Magee Road dead-ends at a parking area. The Pima Canyon Trailhead, also known as the Iris O. Dewihirst Trailhead, begins at the east end of the parking lot.

Roger's Trough, Superstition Wilderness. Drive to Florence Junction via Hwy # 79 to U.S. Hwy # 60. Turn right on U.S. Hwy # 60, and go about 2 miles. At Queen Valley Road, turn left (north) and go 1.8 miles. At FS # 357, turn right and go about 3 miles. At FS # 172, turn left and go about 10 miles. At junction with FS # 172A, turn right and go 3.9 miles to the Reavis Ranch Trailhead.

Sabino Canyon and Bear Canyon Trails. From the south, take Tanque Verde Road to Sabino Canyon Road and follow north about four miles to the Visitor Center. From the north and west, follow Ina Road, Skyline Drive, and Sunrise Drive to Sabino Canyon Road. Turn left and the Visitor Center entrance is 100 yards on the right.

Sendero Esperanza Trail to Wasson Peak. From Tucson head west on Ina Road. Go past the interstate and stay on Ina until you will take a left onto Wade road. This road will take you over a pass in the mountain range and it

becomes Picture Rocks Road. After the pass, go a few miles until you reach Golden Gate road. Take a left onto it (it is a dirt road). After about 10 minutes you will reach the trailhead on the left side of the road. Just beyond the trailhead parking lot is a picnic area as well.

Soldier Trail, Lower trailhead. The trailhead is located on the north side of the Catalina Highway about a mile from the bottom of the mountain. Upper trailhead: Drive up the Catalina Highway to the turnoff into the Gordon Hirabayashi Recreation Site (Old Prison Camp) beyond milepost 7. Turn left and follow the road to a closed gate that marks the trailhead.

Sweetwater Preserve. The trailhead is located at 4000 North Tortolita Road south of El Camino del Cerro. It is about 2.5 miles west of I-10.

Sweetwater Trail. Follow I-10 (exit 252) and/or the Frontage Rd. to El Camino Del Cerro/Ruthrauff Rd. Turn west on El Camino Del Cerro and follow for 5.7 miles (from I-10 exit 252) to its end at the Sweetwater Trailhead.

Tanque Verde Ridge Trails. From downtown Tucson, follow Speedway Boulevard east to Houghton Road. Turn right and go about 3 miles to Old Spanish Trail. Go another 2.8 miles to the entrance of Saguaro National Park. After passing the toll booth, turn right and head towards Javelina picnic area. The trailhead is near the entrance to the picnic area.

Ventana Canyon. Follow Kolb Road north until you reach the Loew's Ventana Canyon Resort. Enter the resort and look for the employee parking lot on the left side of the entrance road. There is a sign designating the upper portion of the parking lot for hikers.

Yetman Trail. From Speedway and Campbell drive 7.1 miles west on Speedway past I-10 to where Speedway intersects with Camino de Oeste. Turn left (south) on Camino de Oeste. Follow Camino de Oeste south as it turns into a dirt road then dead-ends at the trailhead parking lot.

REFERENCES

Arizona Highways Magazine. www.arizonahighways.com/outdoors/hiking.asp. The magazine publishes an annual guide recommending the best hikes in Arizona. The 2011 issue, written by Robert Stieve, editor of Arizona Highways, lists 52 hikes. The magazine also features a Hike of the Month in every issue.

Arizona Hiking – Urban Trails, Easy Paths + Overnight Treks. Arizona Highways Travel Arizona Collection Published by Book Division of Arizona Highways. ISBN 1-893860-79-5. 2004.

Arizona Trail Association. www.aztrail.org. The web site provides extensive information about the 800-mile National Scenic Trail known as the Arizona Trail. It also serves as the central body to completion and maintenance to the trail, and lists events and activities sponsored by the ATA for its members, contributors and volunteers.

Green Trails Maps, Saguardo, AZ, Map 2910S: Hiking, Mtn. Biking, Equestrian Trails. Research Design and Production by Dharma Maps, Seattle, WA. Provisional Edition 2007.

Green Trails Maps, Santa Catalina Mountains, AZ, Map 2886S: Hiking, Mtn. Biking, Equestrian Trails. Research Design and Production by Dharma Maps, Seattle, WA. Provisional Edition 2006.

Green Trails Maps, Santa Rita Mountains, AZ, Map 2962S. Hiking, Mtn. Biking, Equestrian Trails. Research Design and Production by Dharma Maps, Seattle, WA. Provisional Edition 200x.

Green Trails Maps, Superstition Wilderness, Map 28229S, including Lost Dutchman State Park & Tonto National Monument. Research Design and Production by Dharma Maps, Seattle, WA. Provisional Edition 2008.

HikeArizona. www.hikearizona.com. The web site provides extensive information about trails and hiking in Arizona, along with contributor pictures, triplogs, gps data, maps and much more. The site is searchable by geography and key words, and provides a message board for posting information about trail conditions, etc.

Hikes Close to Tucson. Doug Kreutz. Brochure published and copyrighted by the Alabama Daily Star. Undated.

Hiking Cochise & Wild Burro Canyons. (Also known as Trails in the Tortolita Mountains. Town of Marana Arizona. February 2009.

Hiking Trails Near U.S. Metropolitan Areas. www.localhikes.com. The Localhikes web site provides information on local hiking opportunities near both large and small metropolitan areas in the United States. You can find the perfect trail by selecting your metro area to browse the available hikes, or by using the search feature to find the trails closest to your home or office. The hikes and the locations of trailheads on this site were contributed by volunteer LocalHikes reporters from around the country. May 1, 2010.

Ten Hikes for Autumn. Doug Kreutz, Brochure published and copyrighted by the Alabama Daily Star. undated.

Tucson Dayhikers Guide. John Baily and Laura Walters. Muddy Creek Crafts, Waynesburg, PA. 2nd Printing. 2002.

Tucson Hiking Guide. Betty Leavengood. ISBN 0-87108-935-1. 3rd Edition. 2004.